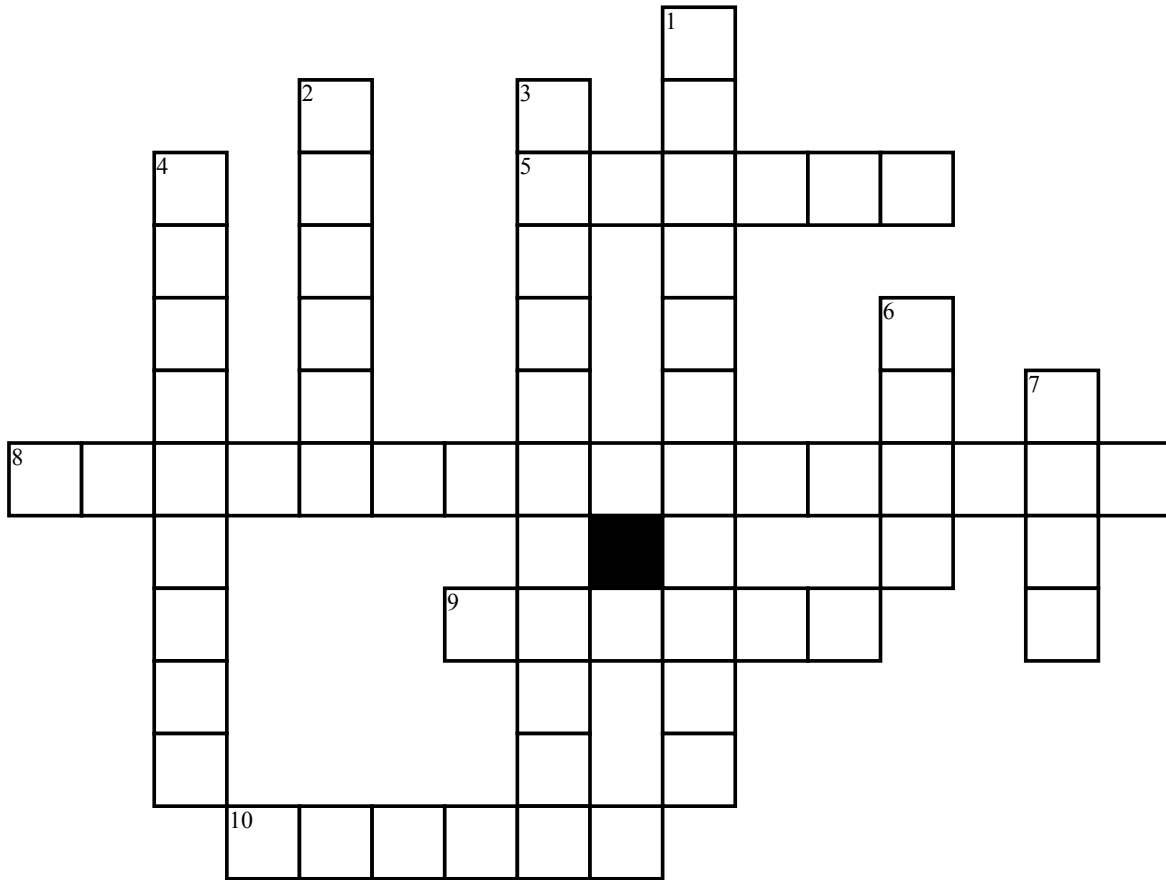


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# supply



## Across

5. Supply curve is \_\_\_\_\_ sloping.
8. Supply is relationship between price and \_\_\_\_\_ during a given time period, other factor remain constant.
9. Various things shift a supply curve right or left. Suppliers are willing to offer more or less for sale at each and every price is change in \_\_\_\_\_.
10. Who determine supply?

## Down

1. More is supplied at a higher price than at a lower price while factor remain unchanged
2. Relationship between price and quantity supplied is \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Graphical representation of supply.
4. The ceteris paribus assumption means that all other relevant factors remain \_\_\_\_\_
6. Quantity supplied is the amount of a good that seller are willing to \_\_\_\_\_.
7. If tax is placed on sales of balloons, the supply curve shift to the \_\_\_\_\_.