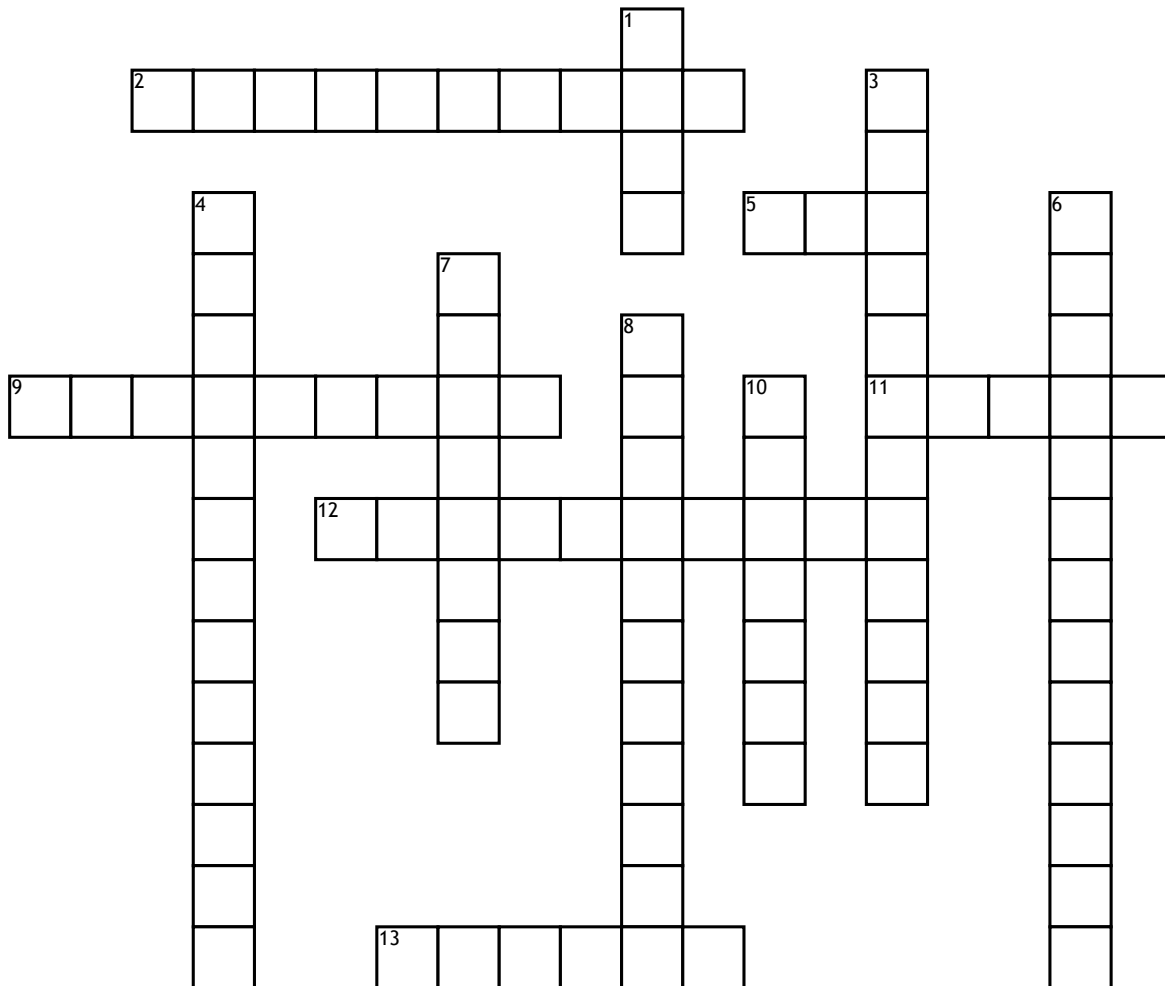


# pathophysiology of meningitis



## Across

2. diagnostic test that involved the patient lying flat and lifting head of the ground

5. a stage of diagnostic testing that looks for spread of infection

9. once the pathogen is identified by WBCs, what is released to recruit additional immune cells?

11. type of meningitis caused by bacteria and virus

12. CSF pressure typically rises to

13. type of meningitis associated with having 10-500m/l WBC in the blood

## Down

1. the number of WBC in a bloodstream that must be identified to diagnose meningitis

3. the two vertebrae between which the needle is inserted during a lumbar puncture

4. the pathogen that causes tubercular meningitis

6. the name for the specific layers that meningitis affects

7. first stage of treatment for bacterial meningitis

8. common symptom when the patient becomes irritable to sounds

10. type of meningitis caused by fungi