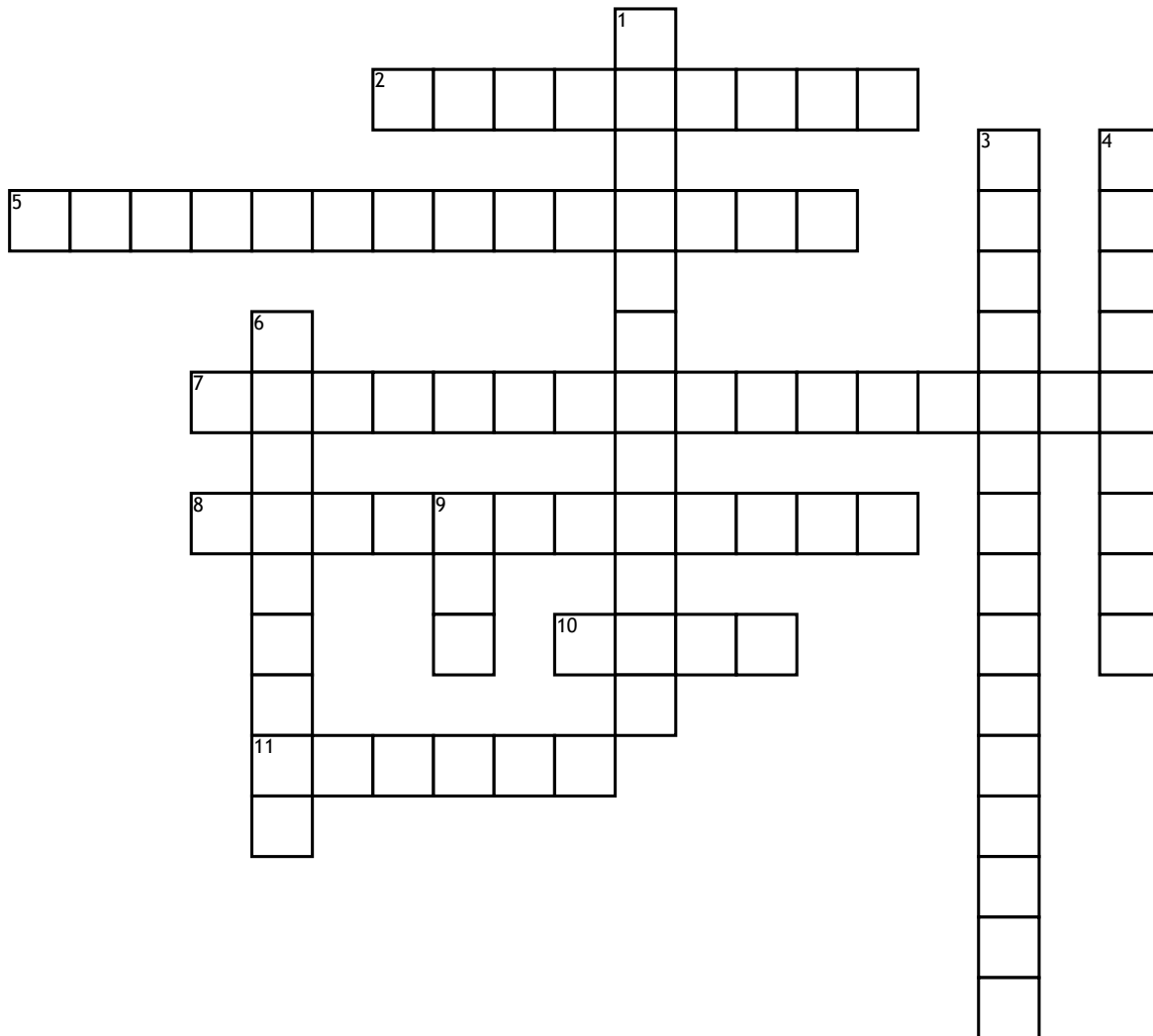


fMRI



Across

2. What does it not rely on?
5. What are the 2-dimensional images it produces called?
7. What does it detect changes in?
8. What does it have important implications for?
10. How long is the time-lag behind the image on screen and the initial firing on neuronal activity?

11. What does the brain consume more of when it's more active?

Down

1. What is the name of the response to increased demand?
3. What is a strength of fMRI?
4. What is a weakness of fMRI?
6. What is the only thing it can measure in the brain?
9. What is the level of risk?