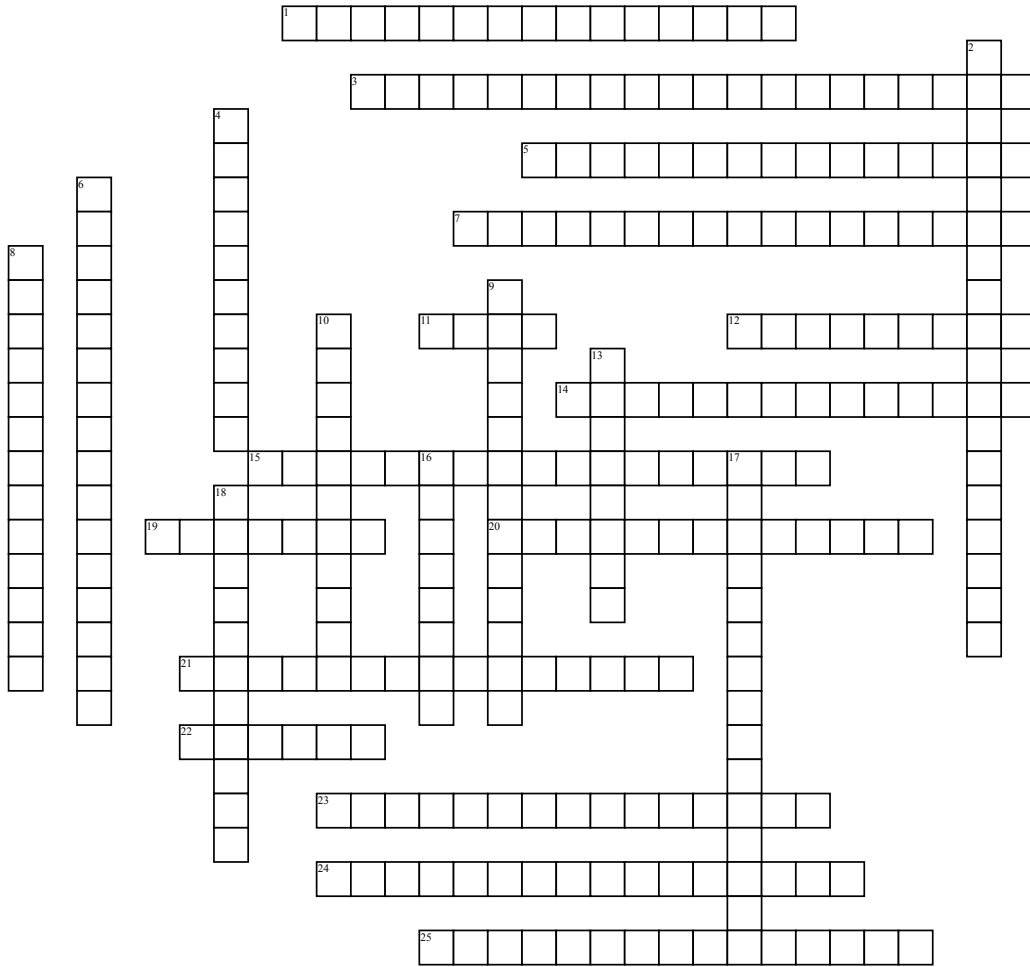


# World War 2



**Across**

- 1. The process of creating a government elected by the people
- 3. U.S. general who commanded Allied forces in the Pacific, during the Battle of Guadalcanal
- 5. Who was the commander-in-chief of the combined fleet during WW 2
- 7. Who led the massive invasion of Nazi-occupied Europe that began on D-day
- 11. June 6, 1944– the day on which the Allies began their invasion of the European mainland during World War 2
- 12. A mass slaughter of Jews and other civilians, carried out by the Nazi government of Germany before and during World War 2
- 14. Which battle occurred only six months after Japan’s attack on Pearl Harbor and one month after the battle of the Coral sea
- 15. An agreement in which nations promise not to attack one another
- 19. City neighborhoods in which European Jews were forced to live

- 20. Hitler’s program of systematically killing the entire Jewish people
  - 21. Who led the French resistance against Nazi Germany in WW 2
  - 22. To the Nazis, the Germanic peoples who formed a “master race”
  - 23. A series of court proceedings held in Nuremberg, Germany, after World War 2, in which Nazi leaders were tried for aggression, violations of the rules of war, and crimes against humanity
  - 24. A reduction in a country’s ability to wage war, achieved by disbanding its armed forces and prohibiting it from acquiring weapons
  - 25. What battle started July 10, 1940 and ended October 31, 1940
- Down**
- 2. What battle was the largest confrontation of WW 2 where Germany and its allies fought the Soviet Union
  - 4. “Lightning War”— a form of warfare in which surprise attacks with fast-moving airplanes are followed by massive attacks with infantry forces

- 6. Who led Britain to victory in WW 2
- 8. “Night of Broken Glass”— the night of November 9, 1938, on which Nazi storm troopers attacked Jewish homes, businesses, and synagogues throughout Germany
- 9. A 1944–1945 battle in which Allied forces turned back the last major German offensive of World War 2
- 10. Who was one of Germany’s most respected military leaders in WW 2
- 13. During World War 2, Japanese suicide pilots trained to sink Allied ships by crashing bomb-filled planes into them
- 16. The systematic killing of an entire people
- 17. A declaration of principles issued in August 1941 by British prime minister Winston Churchill and U.S. president Franklin Roosevelt, on which the Allied peace plan at the end of World War 2 was based
- 18. U.S. naval base in Hawaii attacked by the Japanese, Dec. 7, 1941, precipitating U.S. entry into World War 2

**Word Bank**

Genocide	Nonaggression pact	Douglas of Guadalcanal	D-day	Winston Churchill
Demilitarization	Kristallnacht	Final solution	Ghettos	Atlantic Charter
Democratization	Battle of Stalingrad	Holocaust	Nuremberg Trials	Blitzkrieg
Battle of Midway	Pearl Harbor	Battle of Britain	Isoroku Yamamoto	Aryans
Erwin Rommel	Dwight D. Eisenhower	Charles de Gaulle	Battle of Bulge	Kamikaze