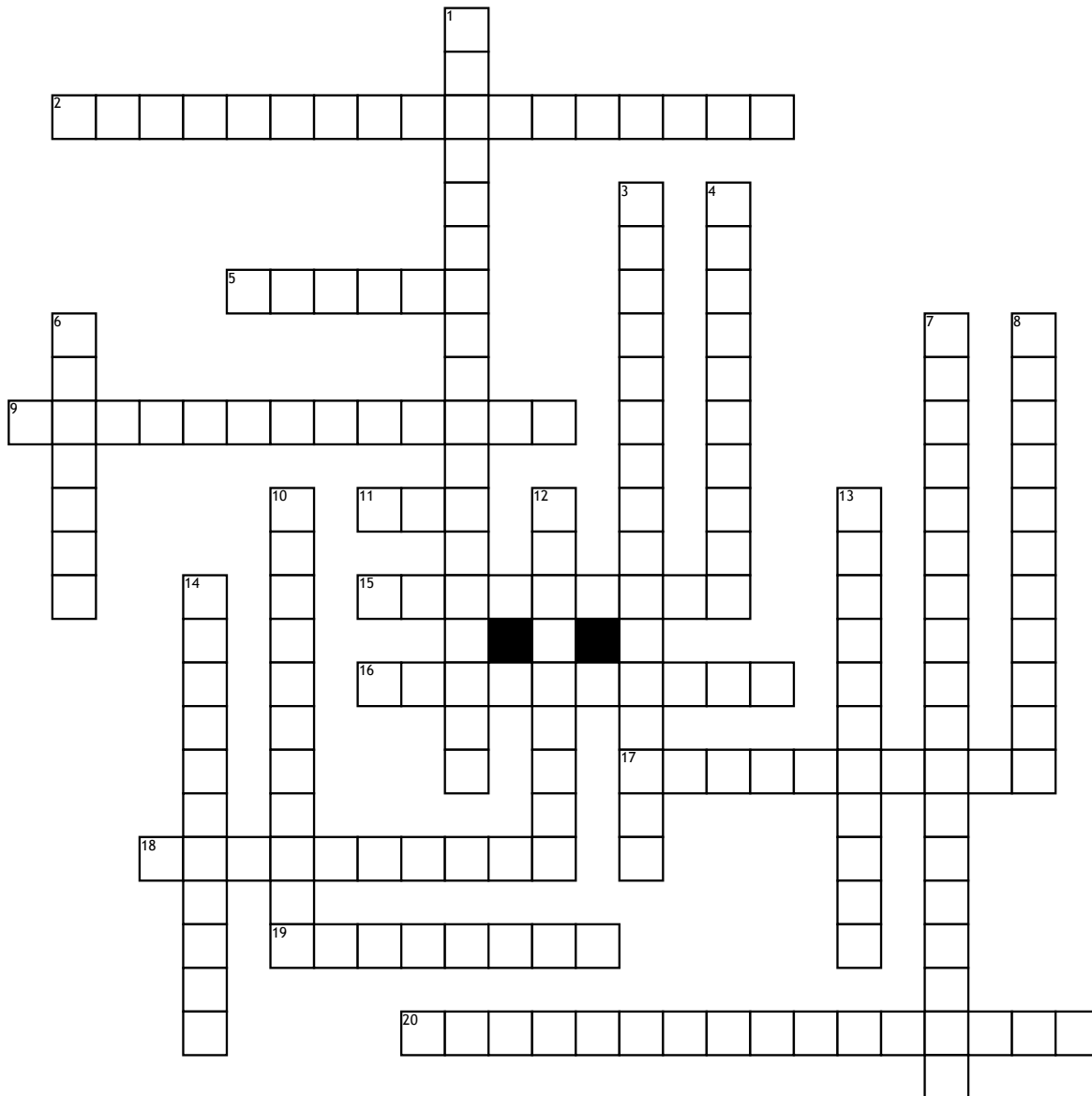


World History Review



Across

2. Process of moving goods from being made in homes to factories is known as _____.

5. According to Locke, what can people do if the government fails to protect citizens' natural rights, or unalienable human rights?

9. What invention prior to the Scientific Revolution helped spread challenging ideas more widely among Europe's thinkers?

11. According to the Divine Right of Kings who did absolute monarchs claim their power, or authority to rule, came from?

15. Why did famines occur as a result of European colonial policies?

16. What is the term for the attempt to spread an idea or to influence beliefs? (Typically done through the use of posters during WWI)

17. Economic system where individuals control the means of production.

18. The policy of glorifying military power and keeping an army prepared for war.

19. What did Europeans believe about themselves compared to the underdeveloped countries they were trying to conquer?

20. One of the factors that helped drive imperialism.

Down

1. Identify the term used to describe monarchs that made reforms that reflected Enlightenment ideas.

3. Before the Enlightenment, which type of government was most common?

4. Many of the Russian people were attracted to the ideas of the _____ because they promised peace, land, and bread.

6. The Treaty of Versailles was the peace treaty between the Allies and _____.

7. The belief that the sun is the center of the universe.

8. Policy in which strong, industrialized nations take control of weaker, unindustrialized nations.

10. Having an interest in or taking of land for its strategic location or products.

12. Government/society as a whole control the means of production.

13. The term for a sense of devotion, or pride, in one's national group.

14. Identify the Jacobin leader that gained power in France and ruled much like a dictator during the "Reign of Terror."