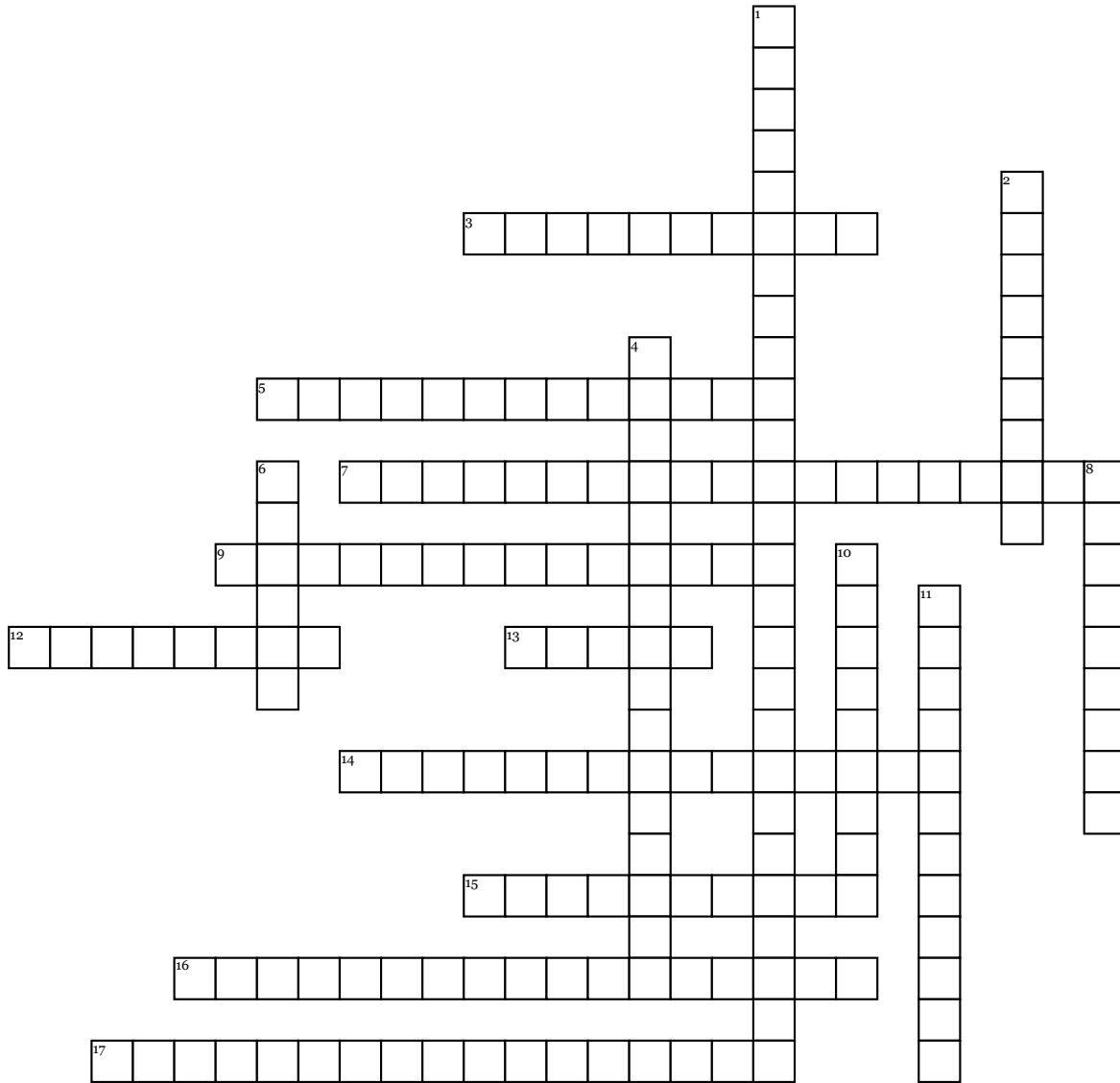


Waste Management



Across

- 3.** is the conversion of organic waste into mulch or humus through natural biological processes of decomposition.
- 5.** able to decompose or breaks down naturally
- 7.** are shallow pits lined with plastic and an impermeable material, such as clay.
- 9.** refers to solid or liquid waste that is toxic, chemically reactive, flammable, or corrosive.
- 12.** is the liquid that results when substances from the trash dissolve in water as rainwater percolates downwards.
- 13.** is any unwanted material or substance that results from a human activity or process.

- 14.** steps taken to lesson both the amount and toxicity of waste before a product or material becomes waste.
- 15.** waste is waste that comes from the production of consumer goods, mining, agriculture, and petroleum extraction and refining.
- 16.** a well is drilled deep beneath the water table, into porous rock.
- 17.** waste is buried in the ground or piled up in large, carefully engineered mounds.

Down

- 1.** are places where collected recyclables are sorted and prepared for reprocessing.
- 2.** is the collection of materials that can be broken down and reprocessed to make a new item.

- 4.** is waste that gives off radiation and is harmful to humans and the environments.
- 6.** electronic equipment and appliances that are no longer being used; also called electronic waste.
- 8.** the U.S government's program to clean up hazardous waste sites.
- 10.** solid is non-liquid waste that comes from homes, institutions, and small businesses.
- 11.** is a controlled process in which mixed garbage is burned at a very high temperature.