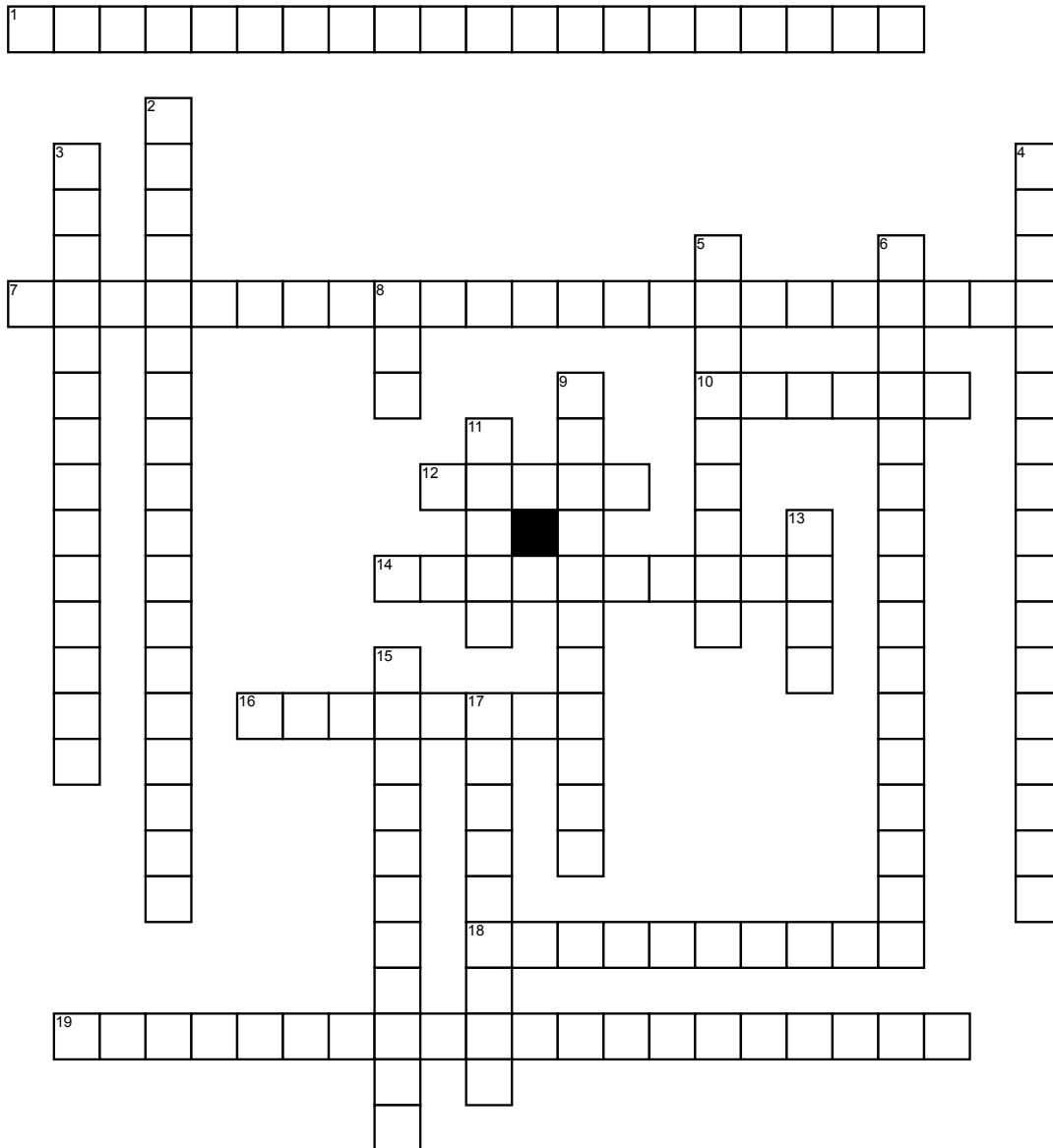


Use of Force Concepts



Across

1. Pre-Attack indicators, Clinched Fists, bladed stance, threats
 7. Maximize control of the offender while minimizing injury to staff and offender to gain compliance?
 10. After conviction, this amendment serves as the primary source of substantive protection in cases where the deliberate use of force is challenged as excess and/or unnecessary?
 12. OC is 100% effective in subduing a resistant person?
 14. DOC Policy defines this as physical use of any weapon, implement, or body movement that causes an offender to respond to employee orders

16. There is no time to formulate a plan or get proper approval, this is what type of force?
 18. Physically Assaulting
 19. Pulling away
Down
 2. Offender is observed and kept in an upright position when safe to prevent?
 3. Following the dissemination and exposure to OC the offender will be? They have the right to refuse.
 4. Not actively resisting, but refusing to come along
 5. No reasonably effective alternative to use of force, the amount of force used was reasonable.
 6. Isometric tensing of the muscles

8. 10-12 feet with a minimum of 3 feet is the effective range of what stream product?
 9. Actions from an offender, environment, number of involved offenders, and availability of additional staff are what that contribute to the decision to use force?
 11. What is the acronym for the 5 justifications for emergent use of force?
 13. What hand should be holding the OC canister when disseminating?
 15. Resistance of the offender escalates or de-escalates, response from staff is adjusted in this manner?
 17. A person exposed to OC who complains of itching, hives etc. should be what by medical staff?