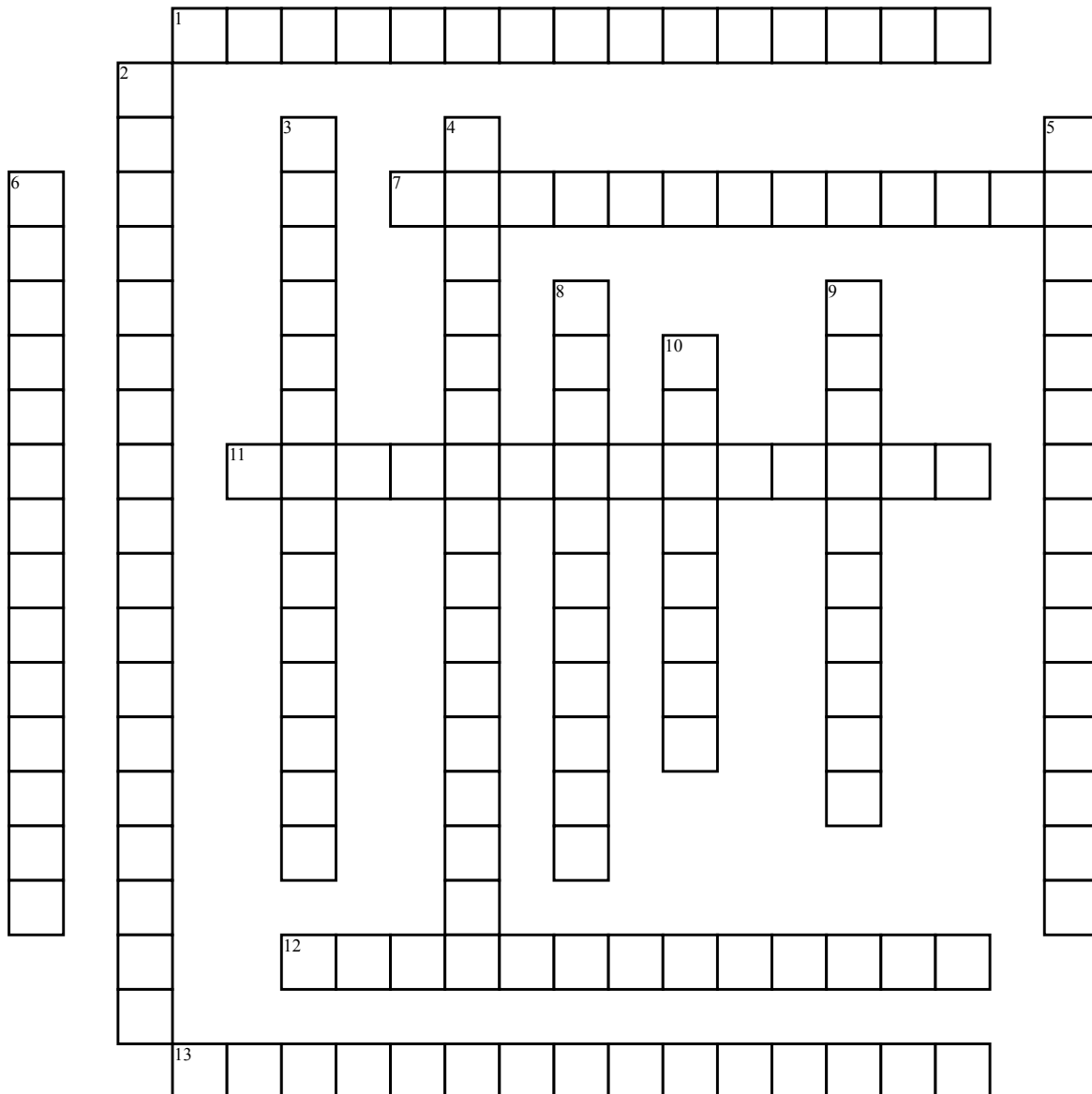


# Unit 1 Constitutional Underpinnings



## Across

- 1.** The clause in Article VI that makes the Constitution, national laws, and treaties supreme over state laws as long as the national government is acting within its Constitutional limits
- 7.** The power of SCOTUS to determine whether acts of Congress and by implication the executive are in accord with the Constitution
- 11.** All powers not specifically delegated to the national government by the Constitution.
- 12.** The final paragraph of Article I Section 8 which authorizes Congress to pass all laws “necessary and proper” to carry out the enumerated powers.

- 13.** The power of SCOTUS to determine whether acts of Congress and by implication the executive are in accord with the Constitution

## Down

- 2.** A clause in Article IV requiring each state to recognize the public acts, records, and judicial proceedings of all other states
- 3.** All powers not specifically delegated to the national government by the Constitution.
- 4.** All powers not specifically delegated to the national government by the Constitution.

- 5.** Opponents of the Constitution at the time the states were contemplating its adoption
- 6.** The power of SCOTUS to determine whether acts of Congress and by implication the executive are in accord with the Constitution
- 8.** Supporters of the Constitution at the time the states were contemplating its adoption
- 9.** Institutions that make public policy decisions for a society
- 10.** The power of SCOTUS to determine whether acts of Congress and by implication the executive are in accord with the Constitution