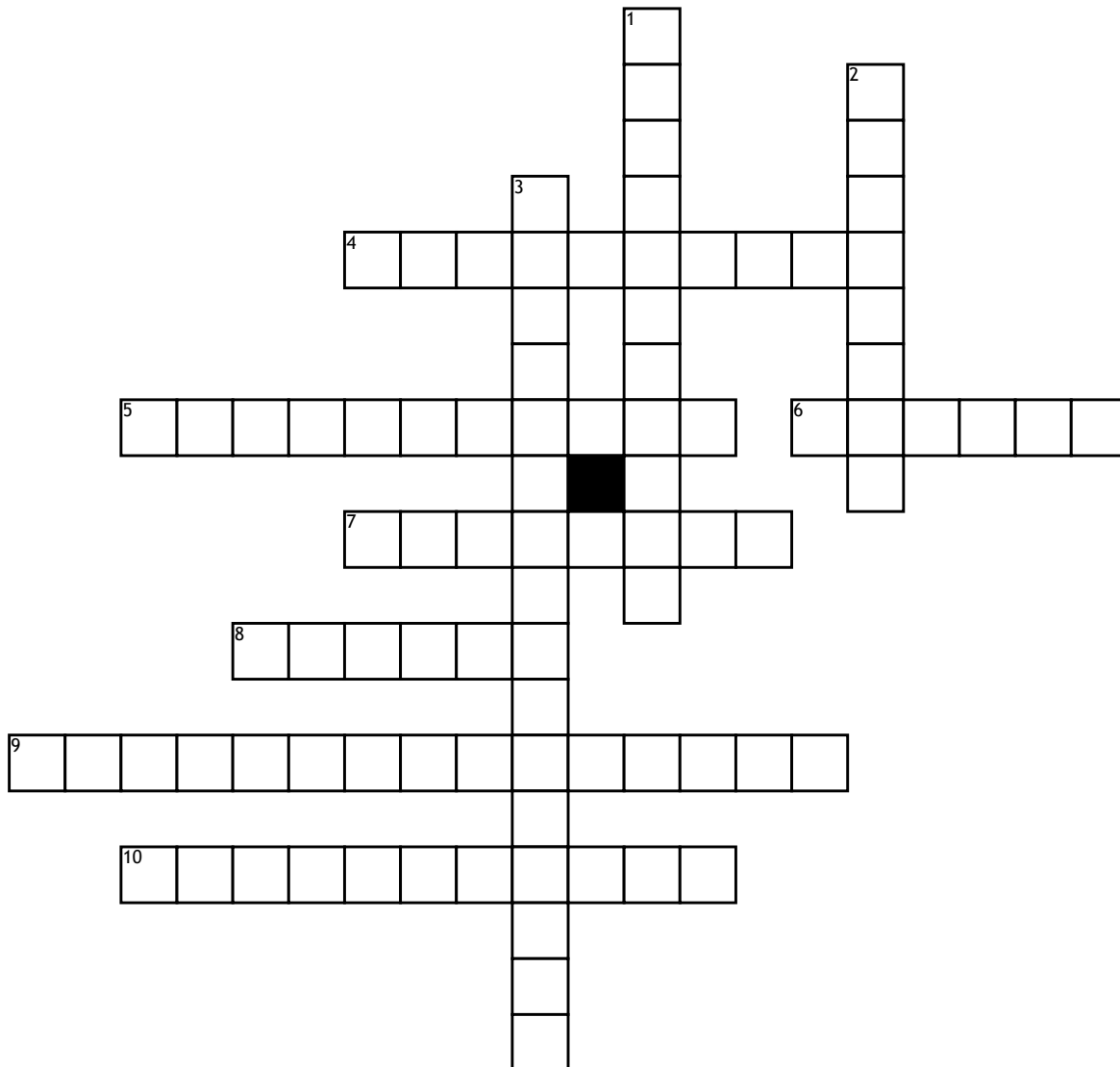


Types of ETHNOGRAPHY ~ a Qualitative Methodology



Across

4. Credited for "inventing" Ethnography
5. Describes cultures, it's objective, it looks at the language, compares the general principles of the society, there is no interference. This type of Ethnography will be done over several years
6. The production of culture by being watched by the researcher and also through mediums of how it is shared
7. Focuses on the implicit values expressed within ethnographic studies and, therefore, on the unacknowledged biases that may result from such implicit values

8. Is more subjective and describes the domains. Similar to Traditional Ethnography, it uses the local language but there is an intervention and is shorter in time.
9. A form of self-reflection and writing that explores the researcher's personal experience
10. A thorough examination of a group of people that live in close proximity to each other

Down

1. A re-enactment of a culture; this could be done through a school play, a show, a marching band etc.
2. A thorough examination of a group of people that live in close proximity to each other
3. When you take a piece of a group's culture and examine it but do not look at the entirety of that group's culture