

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Tuesday Bloody Tuesday

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|--|-------------------|
| 1. An anticoagulant used to prevent and treat a thrombus or embolus  | A. plasma         |
| 2. A leukocyte readily stained with eosin  | B. clot           |
| 3. The ratio of the volume occupied by packed red blood cells to the volume of the whole blood                           | C. thromocyte     |
| 4. A minute red or purple spot on the surface of the skin as the result of tiny hemorrhages of blood vessels in the skin | D. fibrinogen     |
| 5. A blood group antigen possessed by RH-positive people   | E. plasmapheresis |
| 6. A deficiency of red blood cells   | F. blood          |
| 7. A hemoprotein that gives red blood cells their color  | G. purpura        |
| 8. Plasma is separated from whole blood and the rest is returned to the donor  | H. petechia       |
| 9. An amber, watery fluid, rich in proteins, that separates out when blood coagulates                                    | I. eosinophil     |
| 10. Tiny bits of protoplasm found in vertebrate blood  | J. polycythemia   |
| 11. A protein that produces an immune response   | K. liquid         |
| 12. A lump of material formed from the content of a liquid   | L. hemophilia     |
| 13. Any substance that stimulates an immune response in the body   | M. Coumadin       |
| 14. Congenital tendency to uncontrolled bleeding   | N. reticulocyte   |
| 15. The process of forming semisolid lumps in a  | O. antibody       |
| 16. The fluid that is pumped through the body by the heart   | P. anemia         |
| 17. Malignant neoplasm of blood-forming tissues  | Q. platelet       |
| 18. The watery fluid in which blood cells are suspended  | R. antigen        |
| 19. An immature red blood cell containing a network of filaments or granules   | S. serum          |
| 20. A protein present in blood plasma  | T. leukemia       |
| 21. Blood cells that engulf and digest bacteria and fungi  | U. Rh factor      |
| 22. A cell fragment essential for blood clotting in vertebrates  | V. hematocrit     |
| 23. An enzyme that acts on fibrinogen in blood causing it to clot  | W. thrombin       |

24. Any of several blood diseases causing subcutaneous bleeding X. hemoglobin
25. A disorder characterized by an abnormal increase in the number of red blood cells in the blood Y. leukocyte