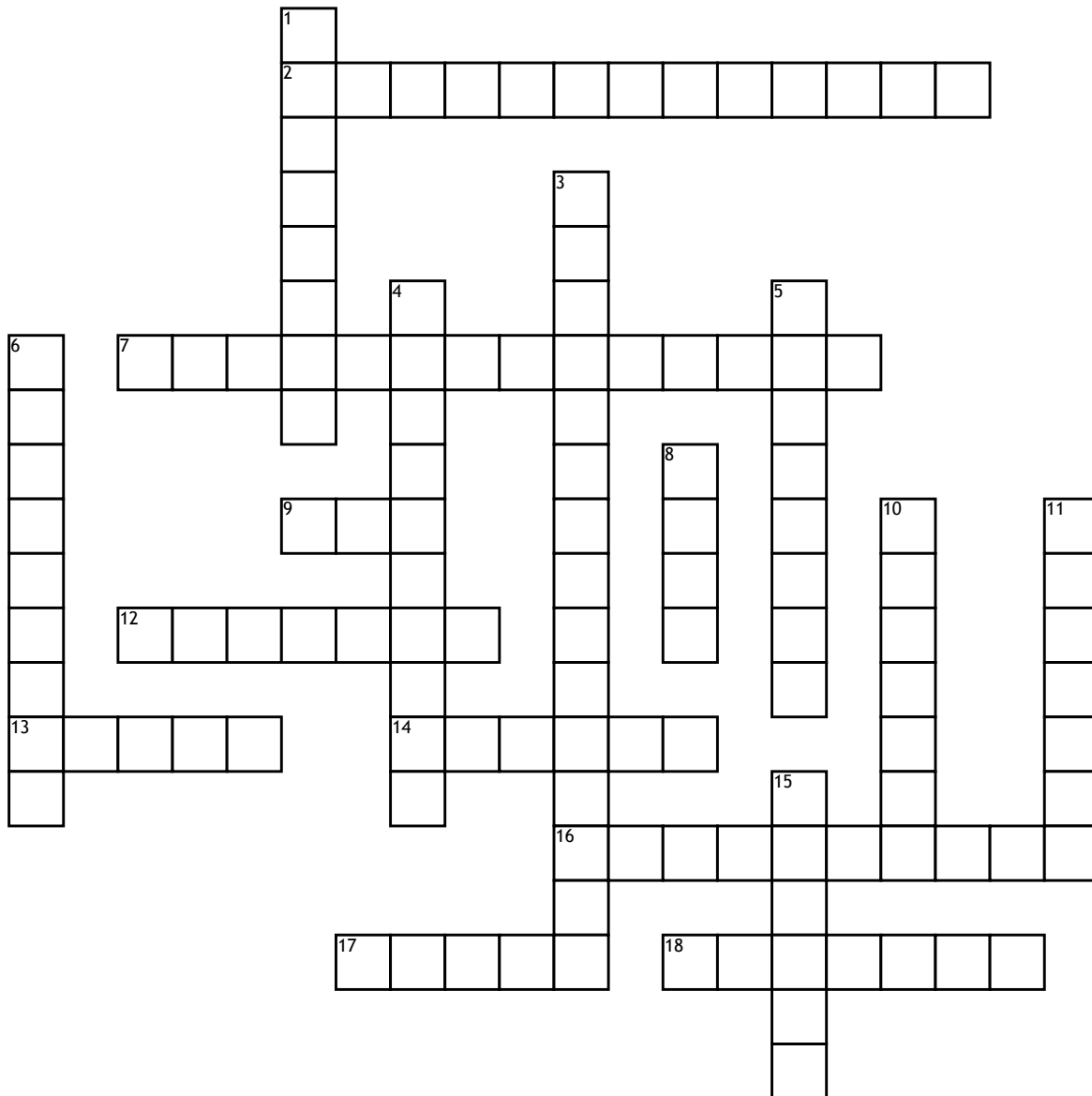


Theft



Across

2. Defined in s3 Theft Act 1968
 7. According to Lloyd (1985) the _____ must have gone out of the property
 9. Which section of the Theft Act 1968 defines honesty?
 12. D tried to sell the stolen car back to the owner, so claimed there was no intention to permanently deprive
 13. Which test has traditionally been used to determine dishonesty?
 14. Which case was a man found guilty of stealing his own car?

16. "Did the defendant realise what he was doing was dishonest" is objective or subjective?

17. An item which can be classed as 'property'

18. Wild _____ cannot be stolen unless in captivity

Down

1. Which case illustrates you cannot consent to appropriation?

3. Which case illustrates dead bodies can be 'property'?

4. The first part of the mens rea for theft

5. An item of food which cannot be stolen

6. Something that cannot be property

8. Which section of the Theft Act 1968 defines property?

10. A defendant will not be dishonest if he believes he has the owner's _____ to take the item

11. The defendant treats the thing as his own, i.e. to _____ of the other's rights

15. To prove a defendant was acting dishonestly, it is dependant on their own personal _____