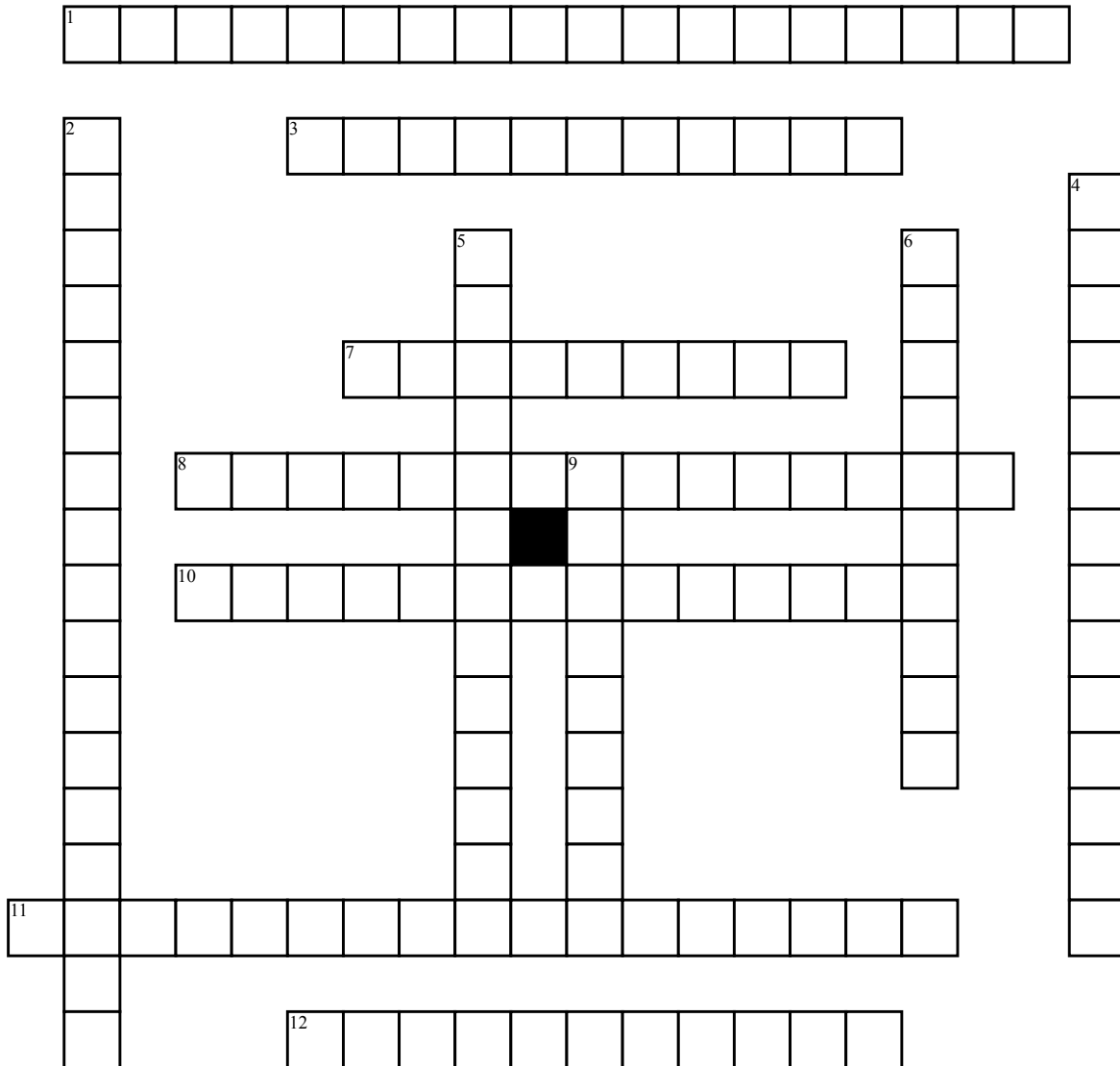


# The impact of inflation of world economics



**Across**

- 1. Computed each by the Bureau of Labor statistics.
- 3. A representative collective of goods and services.
- 7. A sustained drop in price level.
- 8. The ability to purchase goods and services.
- 10. Inflation that is out of control.

- 11. The process by which rising wages cause higher prices and higher prices cause higher wages

- 12. Income that does not increase even when prices go up.

**Down**

- 2. The rate of inflation excluding the effects of food and energy price.

- 4. The theory that too much money in the economy causes inflation

- 5. The percentage rate of change in price level over time.

- 6. A measurement that shows how the average price of a standard group of goods changes over time.

- 9. A general increase in prices across an economy.