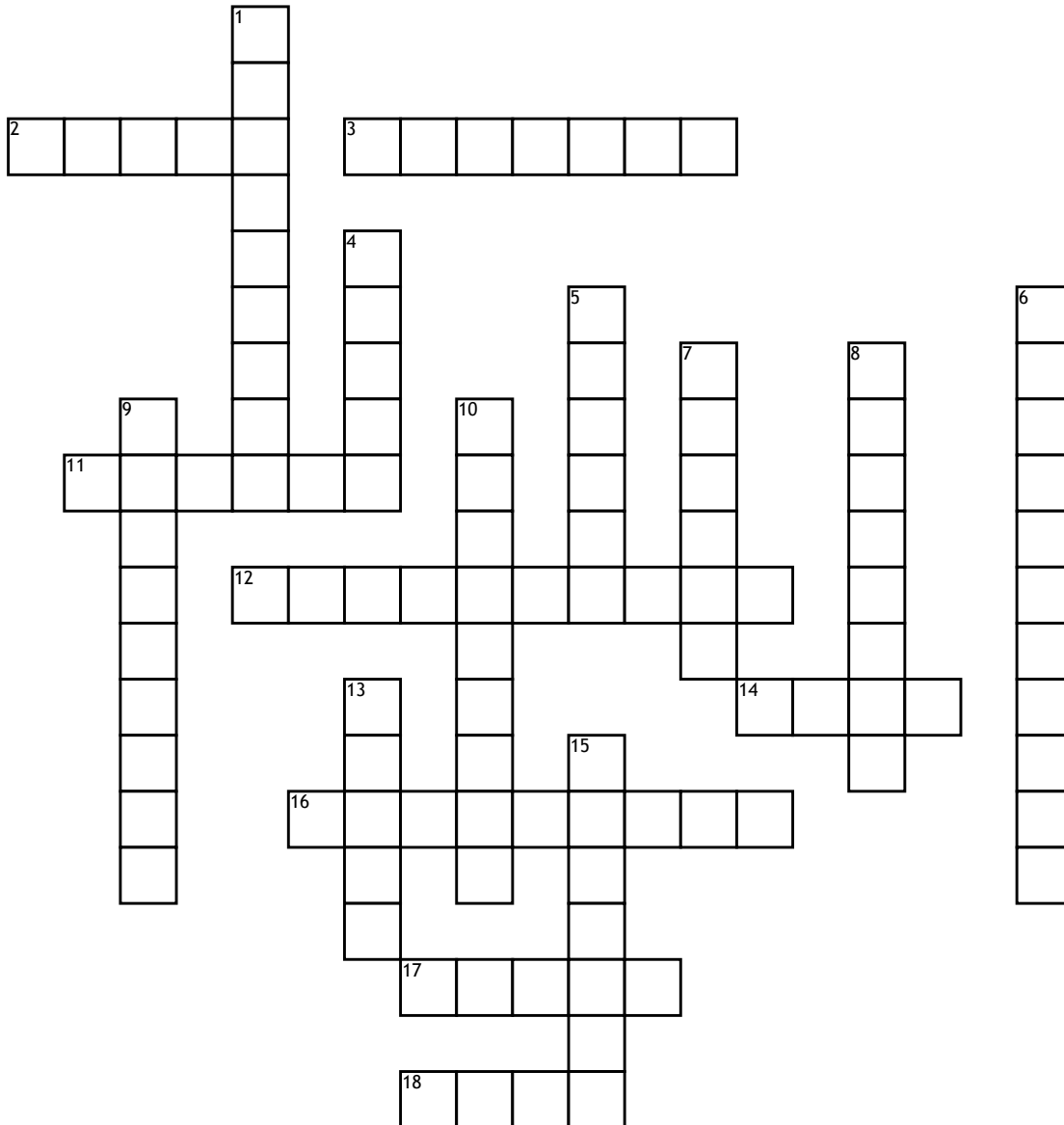


# The Skeletal System



**Across**

- 2. The skull protects this organ
- 3. The \_\_\_\_\_ joint allows the bones to glide past one another in any direction along the plane of the joint
- 11. The \_\_\_\_\_ joint allows the thumb to move in two directions
- 12. One of the 5 functions of the skeleton is P\_\_\_\_\_
- 14. The skull, ribs, pelvis and the scapula are all \_\_\_\_\_ bones
- 16. These are bands of fibre attached to each of the bones and linking the joint

- 17. The \_\_\_\_\_ joint is a freely movable joint that allows rotary movement around a single axis
  - 18. These bones protect the heart and lungs
- Down**
- 1. Both articular surfaces of this joint are oval, this joint is also known as the ellipsoid joint
  - 4. The ankle, elbow and knee joints are all an example of the \_\_\_\_\_ joint
  - 5. One of the 6 freely movable joints is call the ball and \_\_\_\_\_
  - 6. Long bones are the main points of F\_\_\_\_\_

- 7. Red and white cells are produced in the Bone \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. The S\_\_\_\_\_ membrane is a thin layer of tissue found in the inside of the articular capsule
- 9. The Hyaline C\_\_\_\_\_ is a smooth and shiny white covering on the surface and end of bones
- 10. In the human body one finds Long bones, short bones, flat bones and \_\_\_\_\_ bones
- 13. Where two or bones meet
- 15. These are very strong, non-elastic cords that join muscle to bones