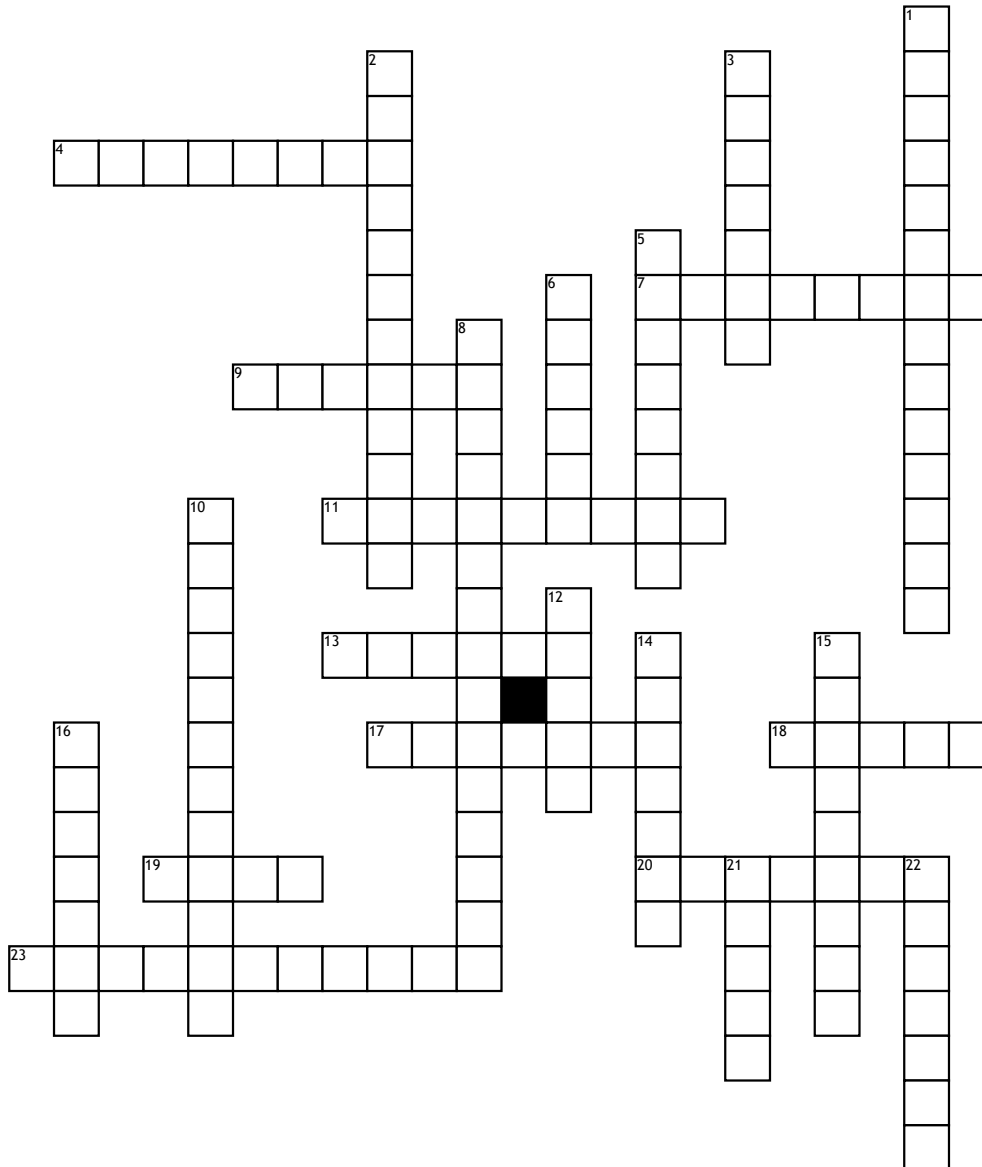


The Modernization of Japan



Across

4. During the Meiji Restoration, lots of attention was given to _____.
7. who gets to be educated?
9. lots of attention was given to children in order to protect the _____.
11. The advisors fear Japan would fall if they did not _____.
13. Japans indigenous religion, important to its modern identity.
17. The government communicated their reforms during the Meiji Era using the _____ Oath of 1868.
18. Japanese emperor, ascended to the throne in 1867.
19. Sacred spirits of Shinto. You can become one after death. Highly worshipped. Very important to nature.
20. during the Meiji restoration the _____ had lots of power given to them by blood right.

23. Shinto has no _____.

Down

1. Ties the state and Shinto together, visited by twice a year by Meiji. Tied emperor, sacrifice, and worship together.
2. documenting the role of the emperor, citizens, and gov. Used to link the past to the present. "The Meiji _____"
3. Japanese school system
5. students were required to _____ "the imperial rescript on education" which was a document that basically reminded people the emperor was still the best and most powerful, even after educational reforms.
6. Before the people rebelled, what position held all the power in Japan? Hint: it is related to the military
8. The second house of the imperial diet: the house of _____.

10. The Japanese constitution highlighted the rights of the people. These details are similar to the constitution of what other country?

12. Meiji era's reforms never strayed far from that nation's historical and cultural _____.

14. used to thank the kami

15. Meiji Era destroyed the social _____

16. everyone can now also be a _____ (hint: the tone thing everyone knows about Japan)

21. The first house of the imperial diet: House of _____

22. While Meiji was a child, the real power was held by a group of advisors who began to implement _____.