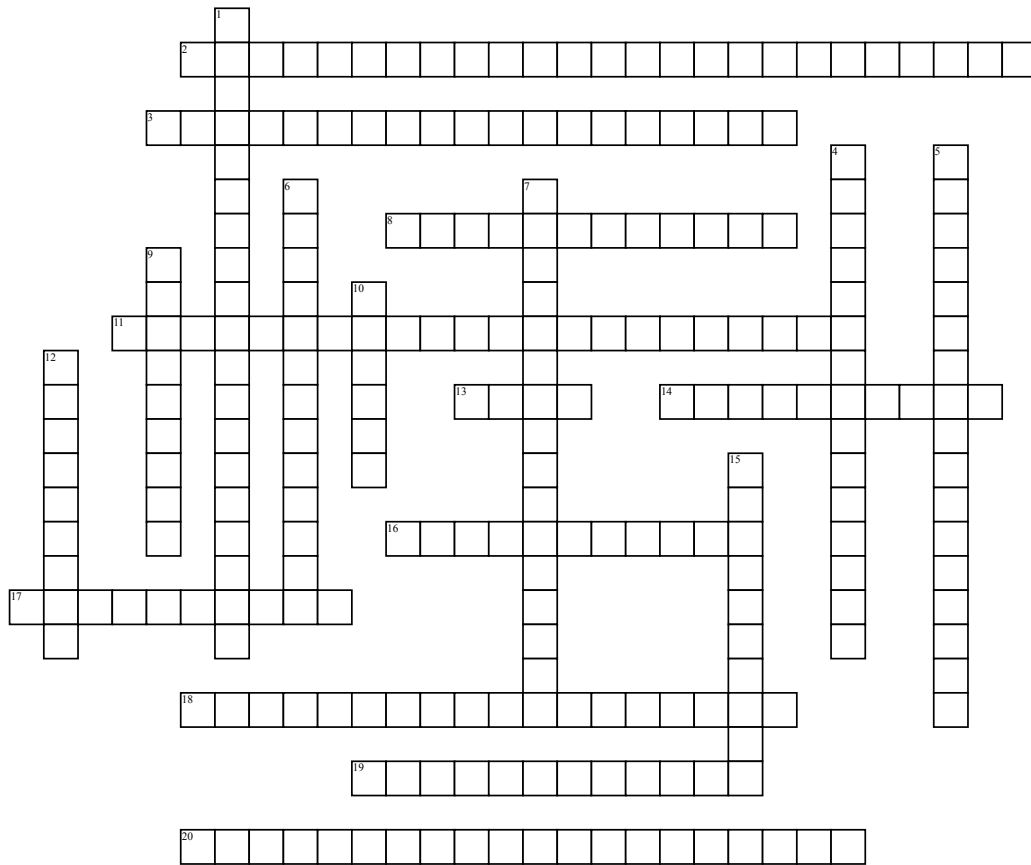


# The Declaration of Independence and the Enlightenment



**Across**

- 2. A document that was signed to state that the colonies should be free from England's ruling
- 3. The name of the government of the 13 colonies
- 8. An enlightenment philosopher who was born in England in 1588 and was the first to apply ideas from the Scientific Revolution to government and politics.
- 11. This document expanded the rights of the people and again limited the kings power
- 13. A regulation set by a government that everyone has to follow
- 14. England's longest ruling monarch that lived between 1738-1820.
- 16. This phrase is the name of why colonists left Britain to come to America.

- 17. A document which states that the king should have limited power and gives protection for rights of the nobles.
  - 18. This philosopher was born in France in 1689 and was really in to the government and types of government
  - 19. This document was signed to give the colonies freedom of speech
  - 20. Rapid advances in science, math, and political ideas
- Down**
- 1. This philosopher was born in 1712 in Geneva, France and he had a big influence on the enlightenment. His most important work was "The Social Contract"
  - 4. This president was the signer of the Declaration of Independence

- 5. A government who's power is limited by an outside group of people or a written agreement
- 6. England's time of reorientation in politics, philosophy, science and communications during the 18th century
- 7. A document that states who is in charge in England
- 9. This enlightenment philosopher was born in England in 1632 and he offered defense for the parliament's actions in his book.
- 10. Things people can do without restrictions
- 12. A rule where: ALL people must follow the laws and all laws should be enforced fairly.
- 15. A process where people have the right to fair and reasonable laws. Officials have there own rules they have to follow too.

**Word Bank**

- |                       |               |                       |                             |
|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Enlightenment         | Laws          | Scientific Revolution | Rule of Law                 |
| Continental Congress  | Rights        | Thomas Jefferson      | Limited Government          |
| Mayflower Compact     | Common Sense  | Cato's Letters        | Declaration of Independence |
| Jean Jacques Rousseau | King George   | Due Process           | The English Bill of Rights  |
| Baron de Montesquieu  | Thomas Hobbes | John Locke            | Magna Carta                 |