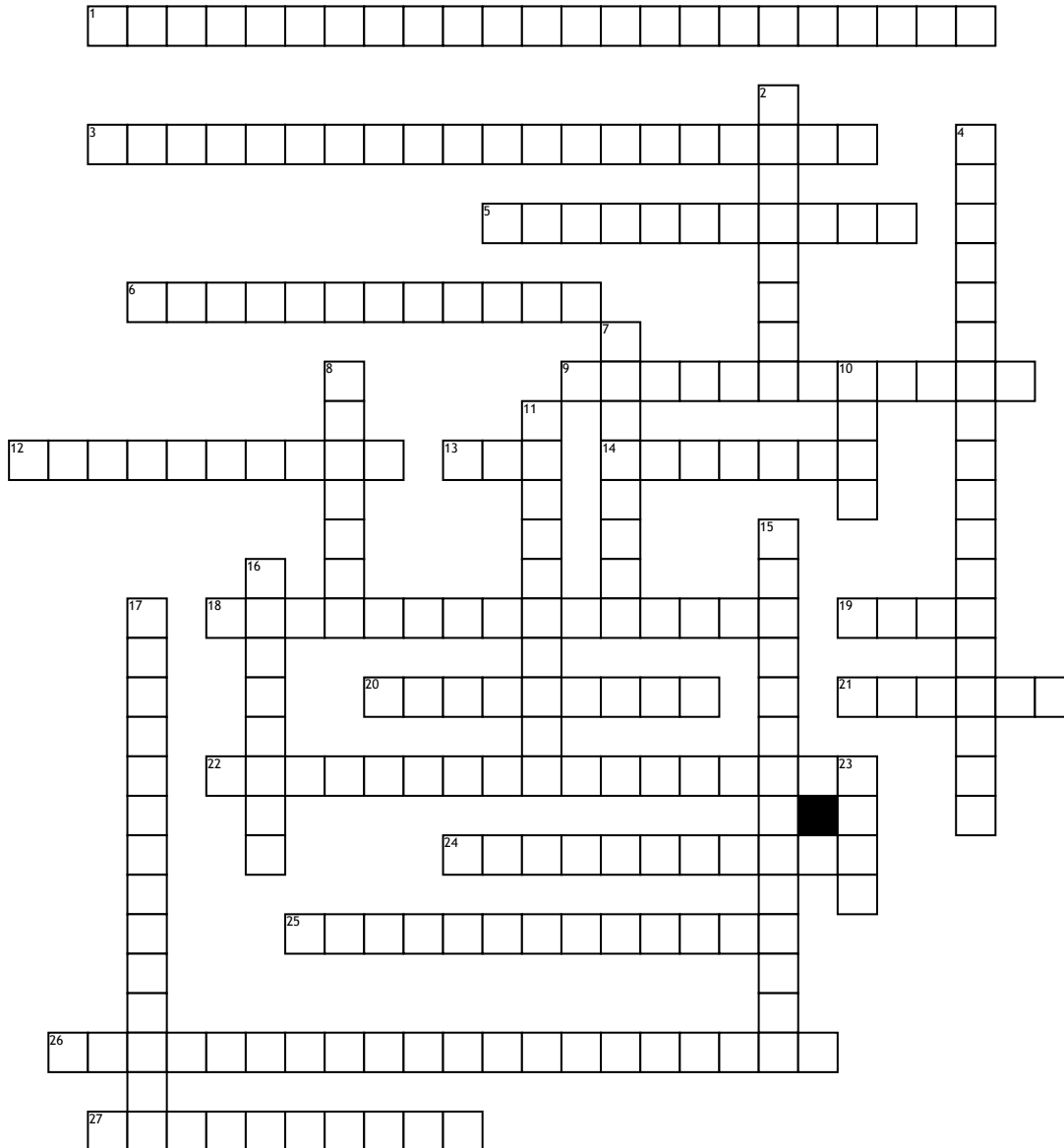


# The Cold War



## Across

1. were United States citizens who were executed on June 19, 1953 after being convicted of committing espionage for the Soviet Union
3. enacted on June 29, 1956, when President Dwight D. Eisenhower signed the bill into law.
5. a campaign or practice that endorses the use of unfair allegations and investigations
6. The space vehicle that carried three American astronauts to the moon and back in July 1969
9. the art or practice of pursuing a dangerous policy to the limits of safety before stopping, typically in politics.
12. was shot down while in Soviet airspace
13. is a civilian foreign intelligence service of the United States federal government
14. an outlying district of a city, especially a residential one
18. a media stereotype prevalent throughout the 1950s to mid-1960s that displayed the more superficial aspects of the Beat Generation literary movement of the 1950s.
19. the House of Un-American Activities Committee
20. the competition between nations regarding achievements in the field of space exploration

21. A law passed in 1944 that provided educational and other benefits for people who had served in the armed forces in World War II

22. an unsuccessful invasion of Cuba by Cuban exiles, supported by the U.S. government
24. the action or policy of preventing the expansion of a hostile country or influence
25. A military operation in the late 1940s that brought food and other needed goods into West Berlin by air after the government of East Germany
26. is a circle of latitude that is 38 degrees north of the Earth's equatorial plane
27. Fortified concrete and wire barrier that separated East and West Berlin from 1961 to 1989.

## Down

2. a temporary marked increase in the birth rate, especially the one following World War II.
4. A confrontation between the United States and the Soviet Union in 1962 over the presence of missile sites in Cuba
7. a competition between nations for superiority in the development and accumulation of weapons, especially between the US and the former Soviet Union during the Cold War.

8. the southern US from California to Florida, noted for resort areas and for the movement of businesses and population into these states from the colder northern states.

10. the National Aeronautics and Space Administration
11. an American pilot whose Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) U-2 spy plane was shot down while flying a reconnaissance mission in Soviet Union airspace, causing the 1960 U-2 incident.
15. designates a country that is formally independent in the world, but under heavy political, economic and military influence or control from another country.
16. The rounding up and deportation of several hundred immigrants of radical political views by the federal government in 1919 and 1920
17. the principle that the US should give support to countries or peoples threatened by Soviet forces or communist insurrection. First expressed in 1947 by US President Truman in a speech to Congress seeking aid for Greece and Turkey, the doctrine was seen by the communists as an open declaration of the Cold War.

23. the North Atlantic Treaty Organization,