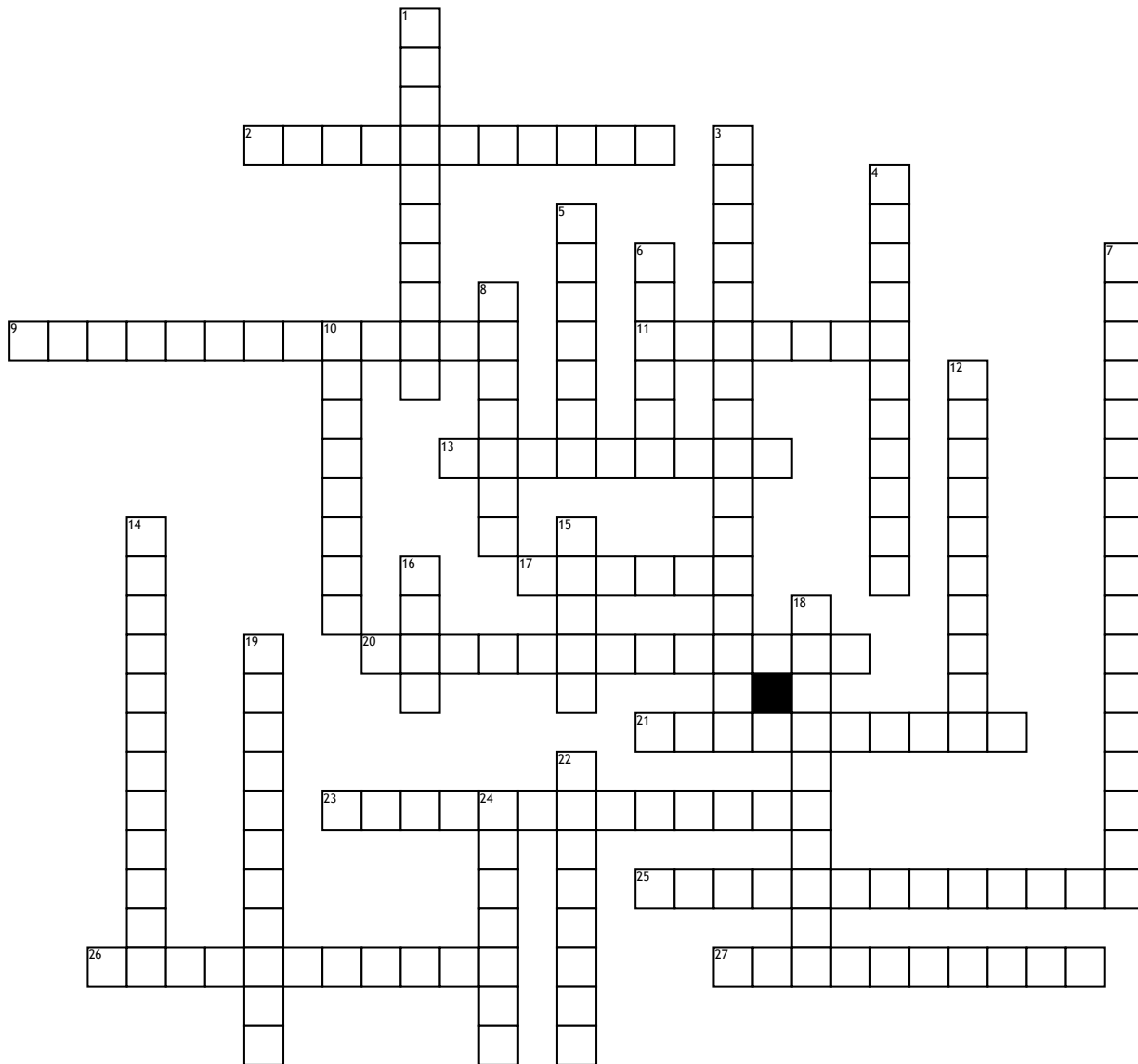


Statistics Vocab Chapter 1



Across

- 2. Easiest of the sampling methods
- 9. Study that observes without attempting to modify
- 11. Qualitative data which cannot be arranged in an order
- 13. Data from a sample
- 17. Group selected from a population
- 20. Difference between the sample result and population result
- 21. Type of sampling in which you subdivide a population and select from subgroups
- 23. Subjects are assigned to different groups and selected at random
- 25. Study that collects data from the past
- 26. Repetition of an experiment

- 27. Sampling method that has a starting point and selects every Kth element of the population

Down

- 1. Way to obtain data that involves applying a treatment
- 3. Sample data that was incorrectly collected, recorded or analyzed
- 4. Subject and experimenter are both unaware whether the treatment or placebo is being applied
- 5. Perspective or circumstance in which data applies to
- 6. Survey of an entire population
- 7. Survey that people do not have to partake in, such as a poll
- 8. Sampling method that divides the population into sections and randomly selects from those clusters

- 10. Quantitative data, difference between any two values is meaningful
- 12. Sampling method that combines several other sampling methods
- 14. Numerical values that represent counts/measurements
- 15. Level of measurement with a natural zero starting point
- 16. Tendency of a measurement process to over or under estimate
- 18. Infinitely possible values
- 19. Study that collects data in the future from groups sharing common factors
- 22. Values that are finite or countable
- 24. Qualitative data which can be arranged in some type of order