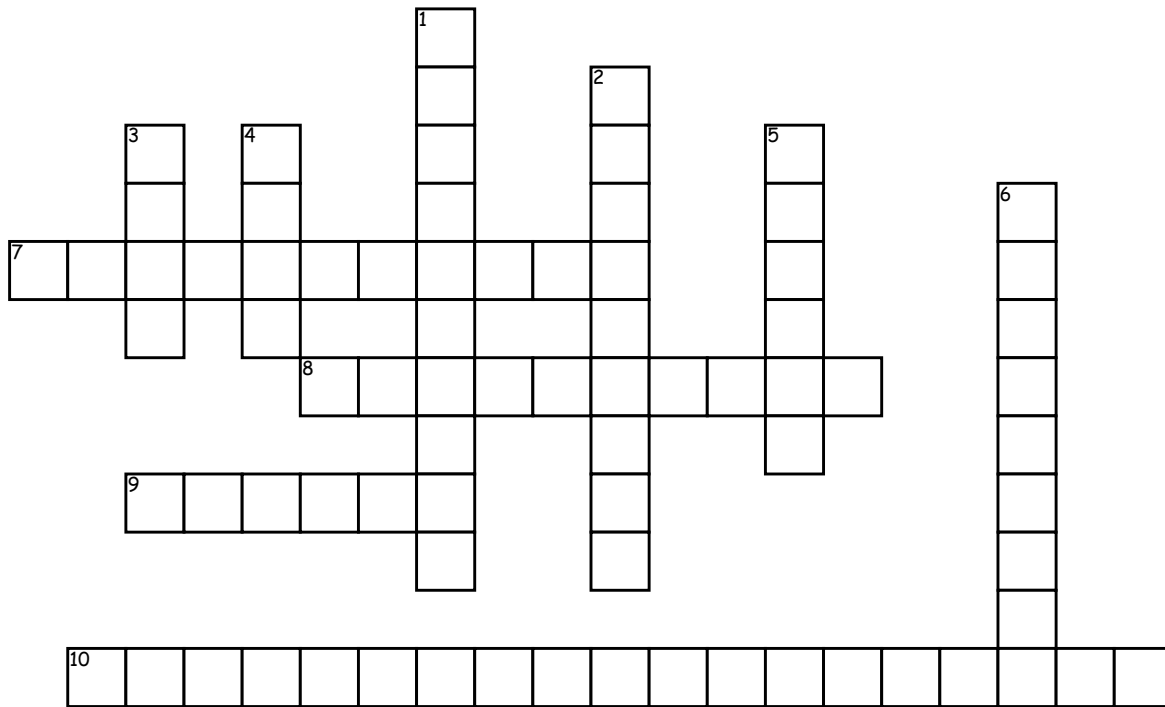


Statistics



Across

7. the class whose cumulative frequency is greater than (and nearest to) $n/2$ is called

8. when more than one values may have same maximum frequency then it is said to be

9. the concept of cumulative frequency is called

10. the frequency obtained by adding the frequencies of all the class preceding the given class is called

Down

1. a class with maximum modal frequency is called

2. when upper class limit added with lower class limit and divided by 2 gives you

3. the value of observation having the maximum frequency

4. sum of the values of all the observations divided by the total number of observations is called

5. a measure of central tendency which gives the value of the middle most observation in the data

6. Greek letter sigma means