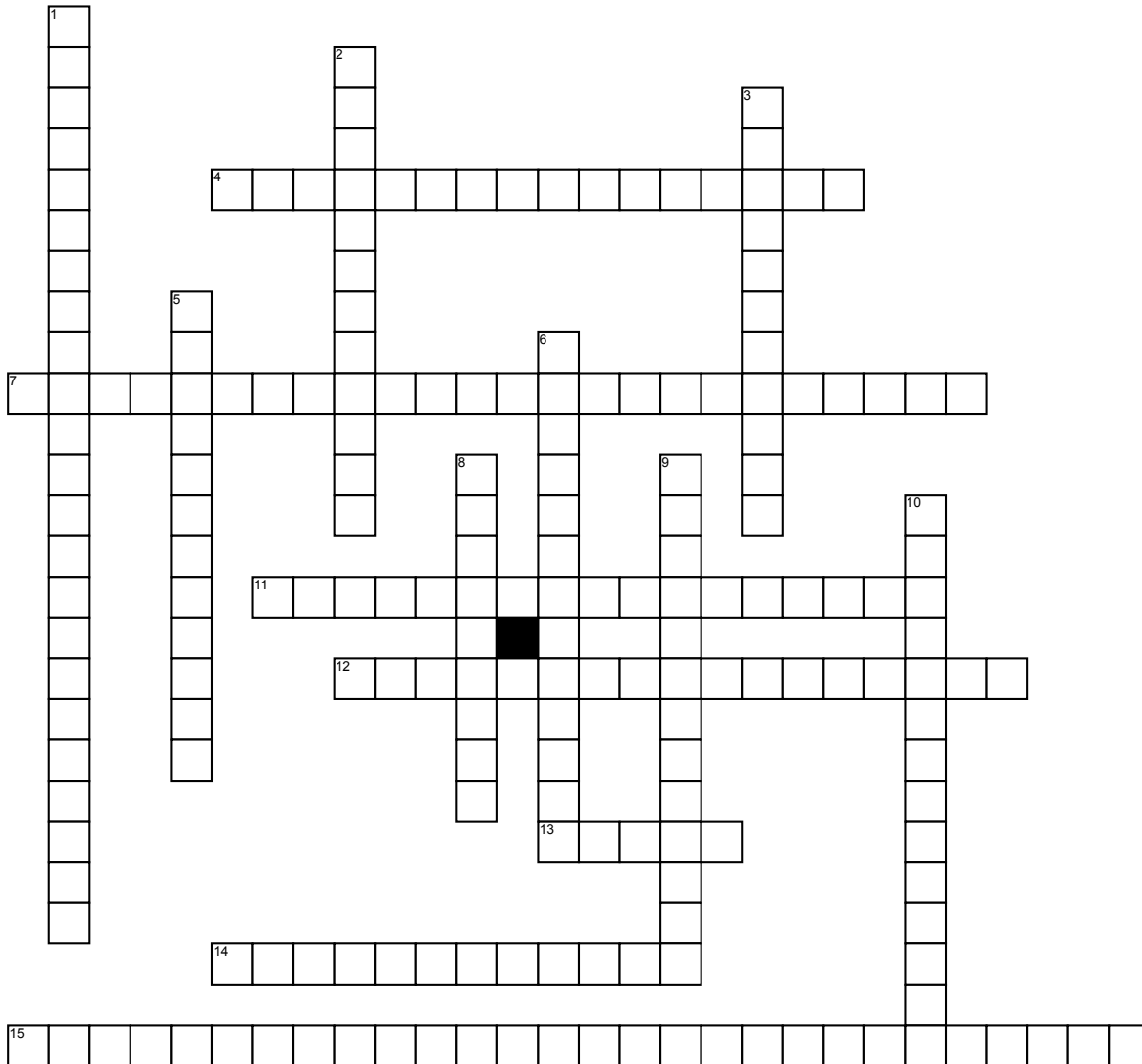


# Sources of Finance



## **Across**

**4.** selling an asset to a company, but continuing to use the asset. An annual leasing charge is paid to the new owner

**7.** money invested by the owner

**11.** usually a company, interested in high growth, high risk businesses, who will invest an amount into a business in return for shares, and an expectation for a high return

**12.** Individuals lend money to businesses

**13.** a sum of money given to a business, perhaps from a local authority or central government

**14.** when investors put money into a business in return for a share of the business

**15.** cash flow will be brought forward by reducing credit terms from, say two months to one month

## **Down**

**1.** when a business arranges to pay a supplier at a later date, say in three months instead of two

**2.** selling redundant assets, machinery, buildings, to boost cash inflow

**3.** a sum of money lent for a fixed period of time, repaid over an agreed schedule, normally with interest

**5.** funding a project or venture by raising many small amounts of money from a large number of people, typically via the internet

**6.** this is when a company buys the customers bills from a business in return for immediate cash

**8.** a temporary arrangement which allows the business to draw out more money than is in its account, up to an agreed limit

**9.** a wealthy, entrepreneurial individual willing to invest in a small, high risk business who expects a high return. The business is likely to have a high growth potential

**10.** profit from previous years