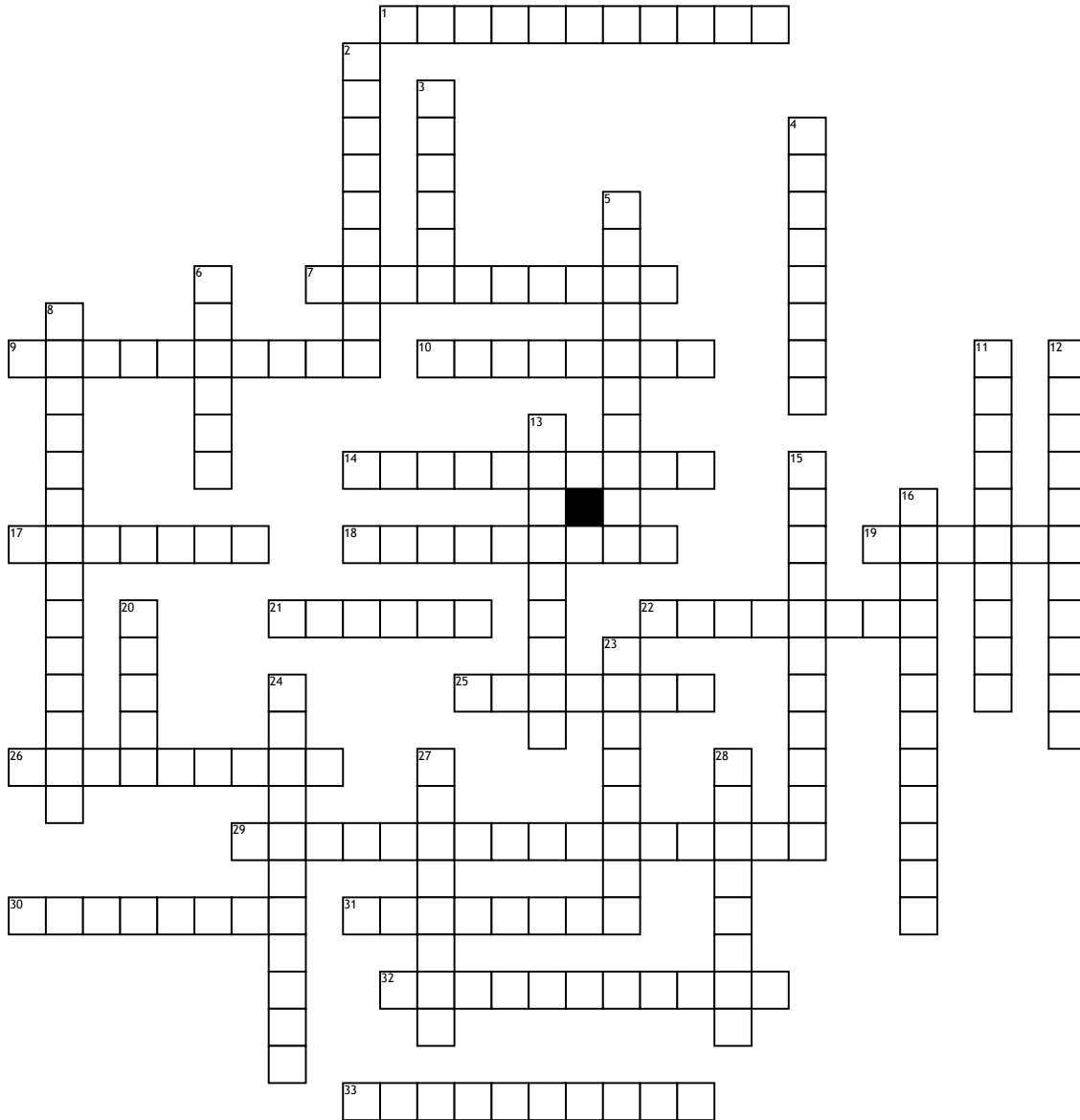


Sociology Unit 1



Across

1. causes change in another variable
7. The ____ Method involves examining any materials from the past that contain information of sociological interest.
9. Identifying an issue, deciding what you think about it, and persuasively expressing your position (point of view)
10. The chronology where you pay close attention to the exact dates and events
14. The process of placing events in the correct chronological order to better understand the historical relationships among events.
17. The process by which you pose workable solutions to difficult situations. Problem _____
18. The study of society.
19. The relationship where change in one variable causes change in another variable
21. The main interest of most sociologists lies in examining the structure and function of various features of society. ____ of interest.
22. A characteristic that can differ from one individual, group, or situation to another in a measurable way.

25. ____ Analysis can be used to analyze any form of recorded communication by counting the number of times a particular word, phrase, idea, event, symbol, or other element appears in a given context.
26. the variable that is changed by the independent variable
29. Reasoned judgement of information and ideas.
30. The correlation where variables appear to be related, but are actually affected by the existence of a third variable
31. The correlation when both variables change in the same direction
32. Includes beliefs and attitudes that are shaped by factors such as age, gender, race, and economic status.
33. a list of questions that the people respond to orally.

Down

2. Examining events, points of view, situations, or styles to identify their similarities.
3. the outcome of an event is the
4. The type of chronology that is the way events relate to one another
5. Assessing the significance or overall importance of a policy or event.

6. The ____ Method: allows sociologists to collect data on attitudes and opinions from large numbers of people.
8. a list of questions or statements people respond to in writing.
11. The process of helping people create solutions to disputes and conflicts. Conflict _____
12. exists when one variable is regularly associated with change in another variable
13. The process of breaking something down into parts and examining the relationships between those parts.
15. Briefly restating information gathered from a larger body of information.
16. Is the process by which you group things together by the characteristics they have in common.
20. is any action that leads to an event
23. Negative The correlation where the variables change in opposite directions
24. Examining events, points of view, situations, or styles to identify their differences.
27. The process of reviewing a situation and then making choices or recommendations for the best possible outcome. ____ making
28. Finding the central point in a set of information.