

Name: _____ Date: _____

Social Studies Vocab

- 1. an extensive group of states or countries under a single supreme authority, formerly especially an emperor or empress**
 - 2. a written grant by a country's legislative or sovereign power, by which a body such as a company, college, or city is founded and its rights and privileges defined.**
 - 3. a person who leaves their own country in order to settle permanently in another**
 - 4. bring (goods or services) into a country from abroad for sale**
 - 5. a fence of wooden stakes or iron railings fixed in the ground, forming an enclosure or defense**
 - 6. a worker in a skilled trade, especially one that involves making things by hand.**
 - 7. a person who leaves their own country in order to settle permanently in another**
 - 8. a country or area under the full or partial political control of another country, typically a distant one, and occupied by settlers from that country.**
 - 9. send (goods or services) to another country for sale**
 - 10. (in academic research) a document, first-hand account, or other source that constitutes direct evidence of an object of study**
 - 11. (in academic research) a book, article, or other source that provides information about an object of study but does not constitute direct, first-hand evidence**
 - 12. an idyllic, often imaginary past time of peace, prosperity, and happiness.**
- A. Emigrant**
 - B. Golden Age**
 - C. Imports**
 - D. Market**
 - E. Monopoly**
 - F. Yeoman**
 - G. charter**
 - H. Palisade**
 - I. Alliances**
 - J. Secondary Source**
 - K. Empire**
 - L. Subsistence Agriculture**

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| 13. the customary code of polite behavior in society or among members of a particular profession or group | M. Etiquette |
| 14. give up (power or territory) | N. Primary Source |
| 15. a business or manufacturing activity carried on in a person's home | O. Profit |
| 16. a union or association formed for mutual benefit, especially between countries or organizations | P. Colony |
| 17. denoting a people, tribe, or culture that has not developed agriculture as a means of subsistence. | Q. Artisan |
| 18. a financial gain, especially the difference between the amount earned and the amount spent in buying, operating, or producing something | R. Emigrant |
| 19. the exclusive possession or control of the supply of or trade in a commodity or service | S. Ceded |
| 20. belief in the benefits of profitable trading; commercialism. | T. Cottage Industries |
| 21. a regular gathering of people for the purchase and sale of provisions, livestock, and other commodities: | U. Mercantilism |
| 22. a man holding and cultivating a small landed estate; a freeholder. | V. Exports |