

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Situation ethics: word match

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|---|------------------------|
| 1. Notions of fair distribution of benefits for all.  | A. Teleological ethics |
| 2. Acting, in moral situations, in a way that is practical, rather than purely ideologically.                                   | B. Legalistic ethics   |
| 3. The rejection of absolute moral standards, such as laws or rights.   | C. Positivism          |
| 4. Proposes something as true or good without demonstrating it.   | D. Conscience          |
| 5. Ethics centred on people, rather than laws or objects.   | E. Situational ethics  |
| 6. A faculty within us, a process of moral reasoning, insights from God or to do with our psychology.                           | F. Personalism         |
| 7. Moral goodness is determined by the end result.  | G. Pragmatism          |
| 8. Law-based moral decision-making  | H. Justice             |
| 9. Ethics focused on the situation, rather than fixed rules.  | I. Extrinsically good  |
| 10. Unconditional love, the only norm in situationism.  | J. Agape love          |
| 11. Good defined with reference to the end rather than good in and of itself. Fletcher argued only love was intrinsically good. | K. Relativism          |