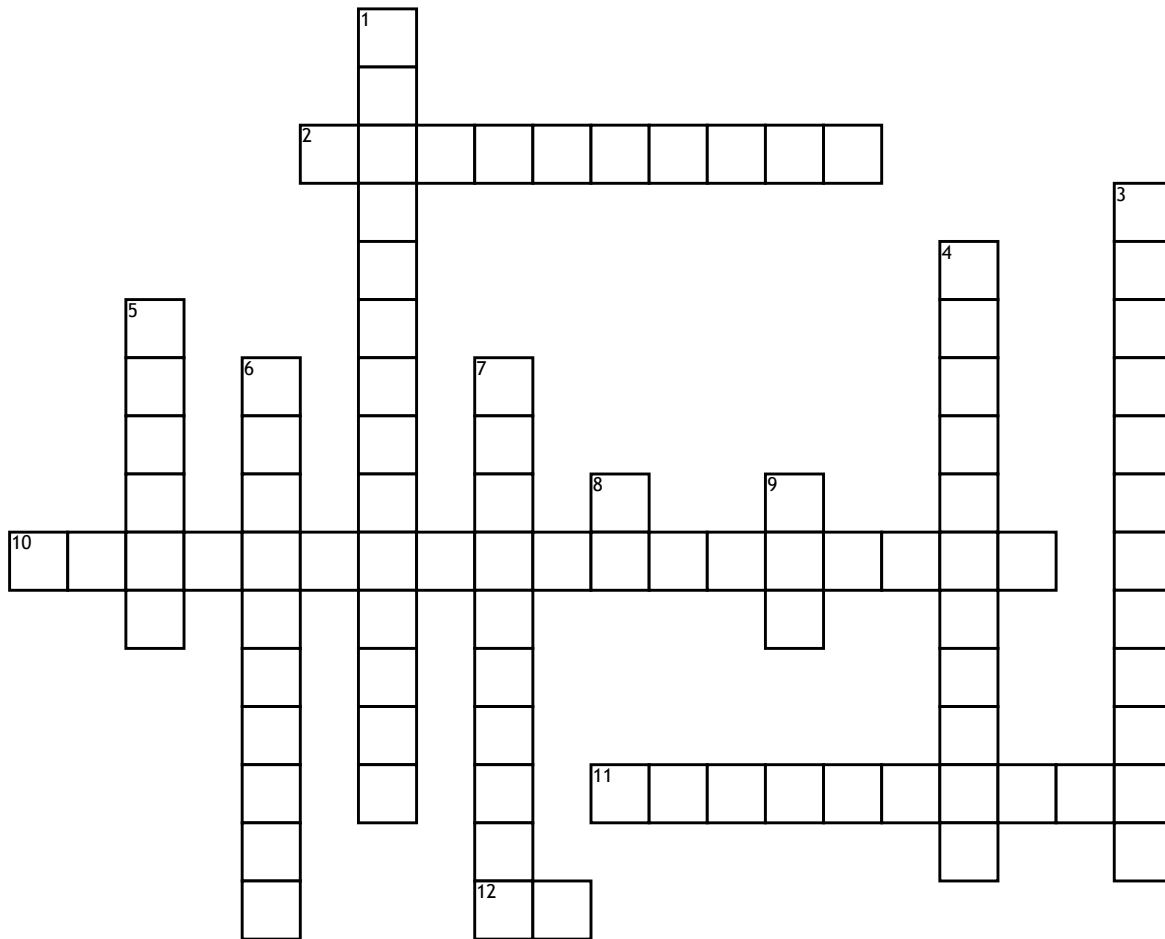


# Research methods



## Across

2. Type of reliability which looks at the consistency between the observed behaviours of two observers

10. The extent to which the findings of a research study are able to be generalised to other settings

11. Type of reliability which looks at the consistency of the results of the same test conducted at two different time periods

12. The variable we are measuring

## Down

1. The type of Hypothesis used when little research already exists

3. Whether the test appears to measure what it claims to

4. Sampling method which utilises individuals readily available at the time of the study

5. Sampling method which all members of the target population have an equal chance of being selected

6. A statement of prediction about the outcome of an investigation

7. Sampling method which identifies subgroups in the target population and recruits participants proportionally

8. The variable the experimenter manipulates

9. The purpose of a study