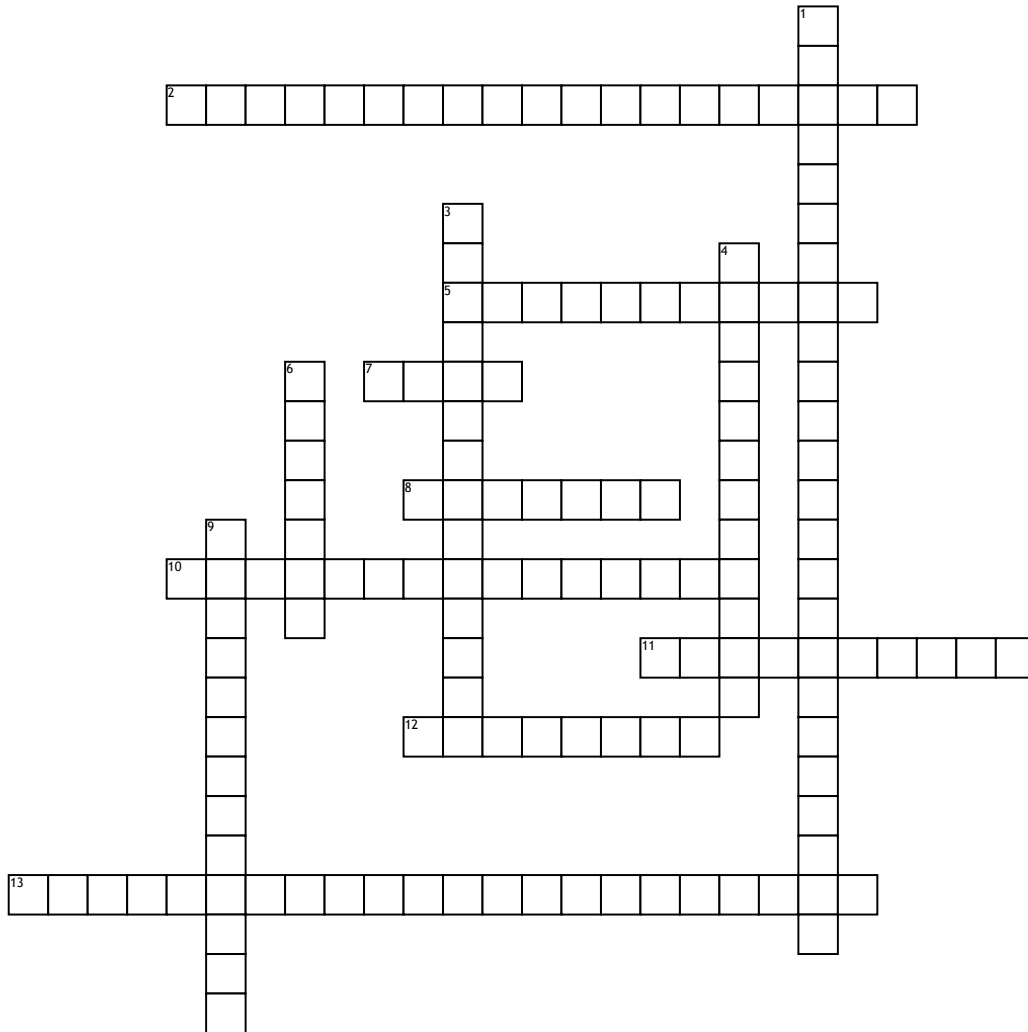


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# Renal Physiology



## Across

2. What hormone regulates the reabsorption of H<sub>2</sub>O in the distal convoluted tubule?  
5. Filtrate moves from the proximal convoluted tubule flows through the descending and ascending limb, which makes up the \_\_\_\_\_?  
7. The \_\_\_\_\_ helps to strengthen the osmotic gradient.  
8. What regulates our bodily fluids?

## Word Bank

Loop of Henle  
Reabsorption  
Anti-diabetic hormone  
Collecting duct  
Ascending limb

## 10. The

\_\_\_\_\_ is set up by the counter-current multiplier?

11. Where is plasma filtered?

12. Filtration rates depend on what forces?

13. If filtrate is leaving the loop of Henle to begin reabsorption where does this start?

## Down

1. Where does the filtrate from the Bowman's capsule move to?

Distal Convoluted tubule  
Kidneys  
Urea  
Starling

3. Where does potassium get secreted?

4. The proximal convoluted tubule gets \_\_\_\_\_ of 65% of H<sub>2</sub>O and salts.

6. What is the fundamental unit of the kidneys?

9. Just as the descending limb is highly permeable to H<sub>2</sub>O the \_\_\_\_\_ is not.

Glomerulus  
Proximal Convoluted Tubule  
Nephron  
Osmotic Gradient