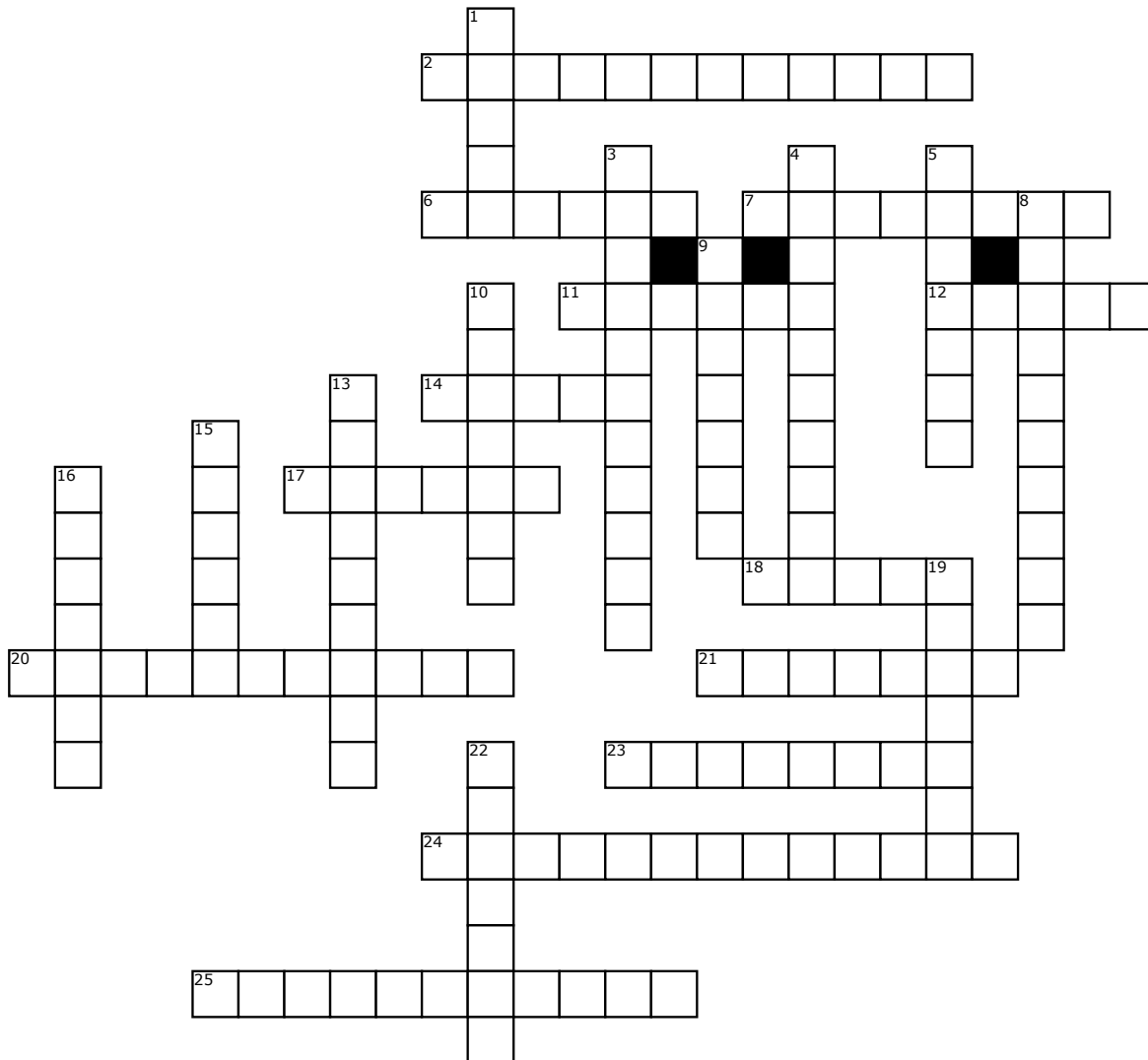


# Renaissance Review



## **Across**

- 2.** Italian Renaissance sculptor, painter, poet, engineer, and architect; famous works include the Sistine Chapel ceiling and the sculpture of the David
- 6.** Machiavelli claimed that it was better to be this than loved
- 7.** Humanist poet who wrote sonnets for his lover, Laura, who died of the plague
- 11.** supporter of the arts
- 12.** country where the Renaissance began
- 14.** new economic institution that developed
- 17.** Sir Thomas More wrote this book that represented an ideal view of society

**18.** this economic activity increased after the Crusades leading Italian merchants to become wealthier

**20.** Italian Renaissance writer who observed political events and wrote "The Prince"

**21.** worldly

**23.** way of thinking and learning that stresses the importance of human abilities and actions

**24.** Renaissance art depicted individual people

**25.** artistic technique that creates the appearance of three dimensions on a flat surface

## **Down**

**1.** first book printed by the printing press

**3.** means "rebirth"

**4.** native language

**5.** Italian Renaissance artist that painted "The Last Supper" and "Mona Lisa;" also an engineer, architect, sculptor, scientist, anatomist

**8.** Renaissance art was influenced by ancient Greece/Rome

**9.** artist who painted peasant life, such as "Peasant Wedding"

**10.** Renaissance art aims for visual accuracy

**13.** inventor of the printing press

**15.** family that became wealthy from trade in Florence; became civic leaders and later patrons of the arts

**16.** Italian painter known for his painting "The School of Athens"

**19.** Humanist who wrote "Praise of Folly" poking fun at greedy merchants

**22.** artist who created "Madonna of Chancellor Rolin"