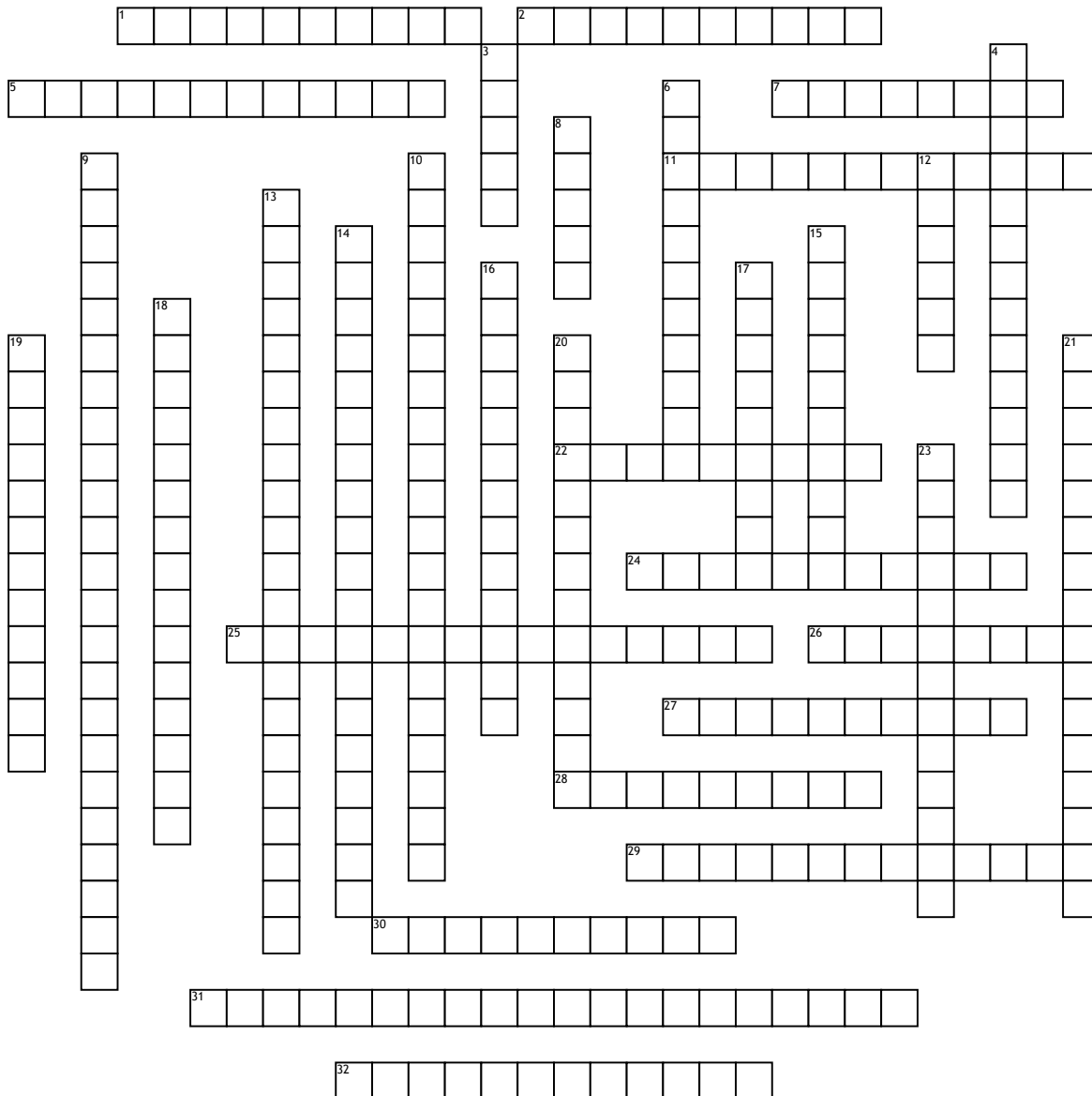


# Psych Final Review



## Across

1. amount of people or things in a given area
2. theory that all knowledge is derived from sense-experience, supported by John Locke
5. "Father of American Society" believed in functionalism
7. way in which one acts or conducts oneself
11. medical practitioner specializing in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness
22. a person trained to give guidance on personal, social, or psychological problems
24. measurement of connection between two or more things
25. neurotransmitters, brain functions, hormones
26. Taught Plato, believed knowledge is innate
27. specific, testable prediction about what you expect to happen in your study
28. mental processes such as memory, perception, thinking, and. problem solving, and how they may be related to behavior

29. examination or observation of one's own mental and emotional processes

30. scientific procedure undertaken to make a discovery, test a hypothesis, or demonstrate a known fact.
31. neither the participants nor the experimenters know who is receiving a particular treatment
32. a sample that is chosen randomly

## Down

3. psychologist that helped develop structuralism, opened the 1st school
4. Perspective that looks at the effects of society and culture
6. the action of copying or reproducing something
8. Taught by Socrates, opened an academy
9. considers biological, psychological, and social factors and their complex interactions
10. tendency to overestimate the extent to which their opinions, beliefs, preferences, values, and habits are normal and typical of those of others
12. a principle or idea that explains or solves a problem
13. statement of the procedures or ways in which a researcher is going to measure behaviors or qualities
14. relating two unrelated variables
15. perspective of conditioning through punishments and rewards
16. tendency of people to overestimate their ability to have predicted an outcome
17. Studied under Wundt, developed structuralism
18. research used to solve a specific, practical problem of an individual or group
19. natural selection, survival and reproduction
20. effects of unconscious mind and repression on behavior and mental processes
21. randomly assigning
23. has the scientific research aim to improve scientific theories for improved understanding