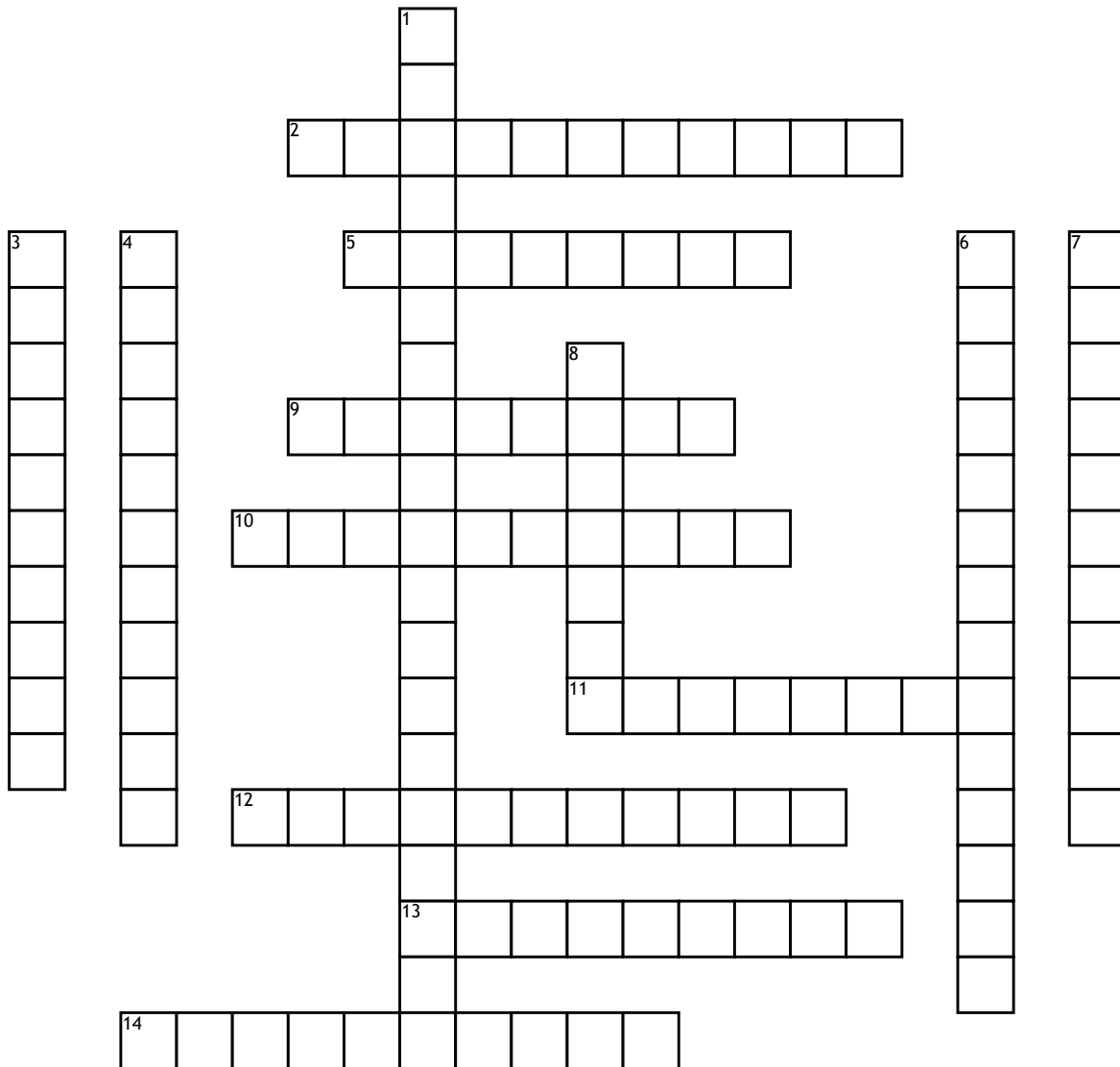


Name: _____

Physical Development in Infancy and Toddlerhood



Across

- 2. poorly coordinated swipes toward an object (of newborn babies)
- 5. a wasted condition of the body caused by a diet low in all essential nutrients
- 9. when a new stimulus causes responsiveness to return to a higher level
- 10. a stimulus that increases the occurrence of a response
- 11. gap between two neuron cell fibres

- 12. the action possibilities that a situation offers an organism with certain motor capabilities
 - 13. copying the behaviour of another person
 - 14. clumsy grasp of the young infant, in which fingers close against the palm
- Down**
- 1. infants act on the environment and stimuli that follow their behaviour changes the probability that the behaviour will occur again

- 3. removing a desirable stimulus to decrease the occurrence of a response
- 4. a gradual reduction in the strength of a response due to repetitive stimulus
- 6. perception of an object's shape despite changes in the shape projected on the retina
- 7. well coordinated grasp involving thumb and index finger opposition
- 8. nerve cells that store and convey information