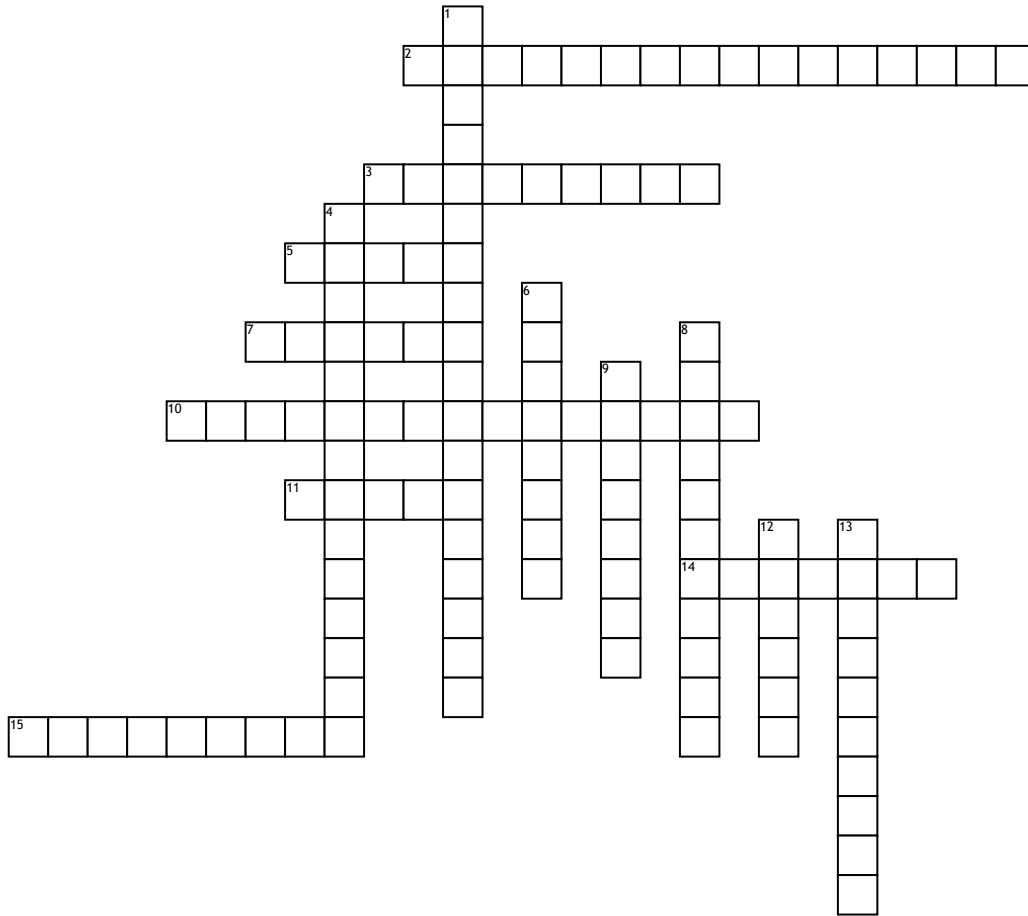


Missouri Compromise



Across

2. What did the Missouri Compromise preserve for thirty year?
3. Who proposed the idea of the Missouri Compromise?
5. What state was added to the Union as a free state to maintain the free-slave balance in the senate?
7. In 1818 the votes in the senate were divided evenly between free and slave states. What amount of votes did each group have?
10. What was the latitude line that prohibited slavery north of it due to the Missouri Compromise?

11. Through Missouri's compromise, Missouri was admitted as a slave or free state?

14. The Tallmadge Amendment was defeated in the Senate because the South saw it as the North's way to do what to slavery?

15. In 1818 the north held the majority of votes in the House of Representatives 105 to what?

Down

1. When did Vermont join the Union?
4. Who proposed an amendment that called for prohibition of slaves in Missouri and required the children of slaves in Missouri to be emancipated at the age of 25?

6. What state entered the Union as a slave state, the same time Vermont entered as a free state?

8. After the Missouri Compromise Americans were conflicted between sectionalism and what?

9. What state wanted to join the Union but would cause problems with the balance in the Senate?

12. What types of fields did slaves typically work in?

13. Why was slavery an economic necessity for the south?

Word Bank

Eleven
Maine
Abolish
Slave

Eighty-One
Thirty-Six
James Tallmadge
Sectional Balance

Kentucky
Field labor
Nationalism
Missouri

Seventeen
Ninety-one
Henry Clay
Cotton