

Matching

1. Circular muscles make up the _____ of the worm
 2. Under the cuticle of the worm, you can find the _____
 3. A _____ can also be found under the cuticle
 4. Worms use their Longitudinal and Circular muscles for _____
 5. The epidermis contains many _____ that transmit information to the worms cerebral ganglion
 6. Setae are made up of _____
 7. The cerebral ganglion can be found at the _____ of the worm
 8. _____ are the least complex worms
 9. Organisms that do not have a cavity (coelom) between their body wall and their digestive tract are classified as _____
 10. As soil passes through the worm, it _____ and _____ microscopic organisms and nutrients
 11. Earthworms eat both organic matter and _____
 12. Earthworms have both male and female _____
 13. Gardeners like earthworms because they mix the soil, which _____ it and moves nutrients around
 14. Due to their _____ shape, they are able to move smoothly through the soil
 15. An earthworm's body is divided into different _____
 16. The right side of their body is _____ of the left side
- A. Epidermis
 - B. reproductive organs
 - C. removes, processes
 - D. acoelomates
 - E. layer of nerve tissue
 - F. front
 - G. streamline
 - H. a mirror
 - I. sensory cells
 - J. segments
 - K. locomotion
 - L. Flatworms
 - M. loosens
 - N. chitin
 - O. microorganisms
 - P. Body Rings