

Name: _____

Date: _____

Marketing Basics

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| 1. Can be defined as the determination of the needs and desires of markets so that products and services can be developed, priced, promoted, and distributed. | A. Marketing costs |
| 2. A large percentage of the final cost of goods and services | B. Federal Trade Commission Act |
| 3. People and households that purchase consumer products and services | C. Consumer Products Safety Act |
| 4. Learning, perception, motives, attitudes, and self-concept that affect what, why, and how consumers purchase goods and services | D. Market value |
| 5. Consistent ways of acting that determine what, why, and how consumers purchase goods and services | E. Attitudes |
| 6. Groups to which consumers belong or would like to belong to that affect what, why, and how they purchase goods and services | F. Share of wallet |
| 7. The use of two, three, four, and five digits to classify industries and subsidiaries in the United States, Canada, and Mexico | G. Consumer market |
| 8. The buying decision for organizations that involves the consideration of different suppliers for an item previously bought on a straight rebuy basis | H. Marketing information systems |
| 9. A routine purchasing situation for organizations that requires little or no time or effort to conclude | I. Straight rebuy |
| 10. Prohibits deceptive advertising and labeling | J. Reference groups |
| 11. Prevents the distribution of adulterated or misbranded foods, drugs, and unsafe consumer products | K. Profit margin |
| 12. Protects the consumer from unreasonable risk of injury from products | L. Market share |
| 13. Prohibits various activities that restrain trade or monopolize trade | M. Psychological factors |
| 14. Systems that continually monitor, with heavy use of computers, a company's market, competition, customers, products, and marketing operations | N. Relationship marketing |

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| 15. The percentage of a customer's spending on a product or service category that is obtained by a specific company's product or service | O. Return on owner's equity |
| 16. Developing long-lasting profitable relations with customers | P. Modified rebuy |
| 17. The percentage of total units sold of a product or service divided into the number of units of that product or service sold by a specific company | Q. Sherman Antitrust Act |
| 18. The price of a company's stock multiplied by the number of shares of the stock | R. NAICS |
| 19. A company's profit divided by its revenues | S. Marketing |
| 20. A company's profit divided by the amount of assets contributed to the company by its owners | T. Pure Food & Drug Act |