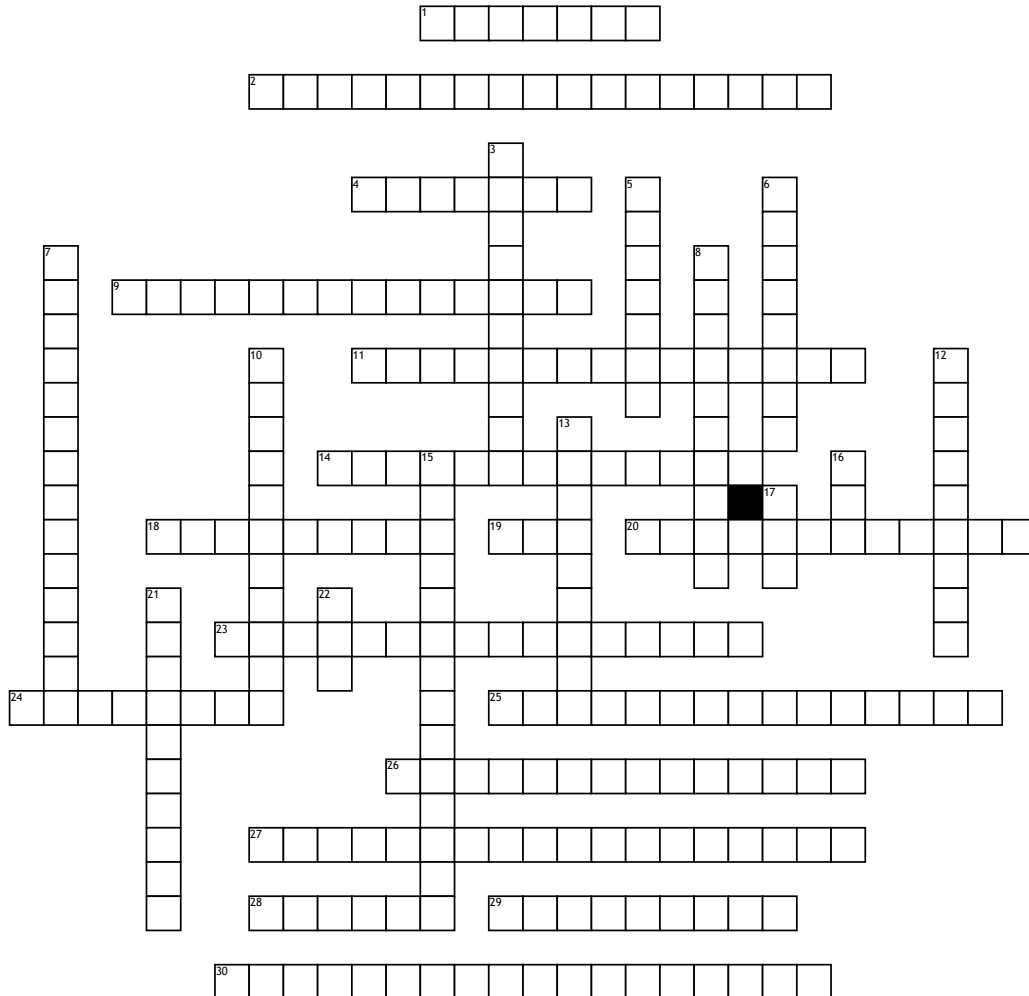


# Macro



**Across**

- 1. What will shift AD
- 2. inflationary also could be called
- 4. When is the aggregate supply wages and resource prices will increase as price levels increase
- 9. What is QE simple
- 11. What term has an inverse relationship between price level and Real GDP
- 14. what is term is Spending multiplier -1
- 18. what is the term for falling prices
- 19. What is the term for how much people save rather than consume when there is a change in income?
- 20. Action by congress to stabilize the economy
- 23. Consumer spending is made up of autonomous spending and
- 24. when is the Aggregate supply at the wages and resource prices will not increase as price levels increase

- 25. What is the amount of goods and services that firms will produce in an economy at different price level?
- 26. what is the Fiscal policy for close a inflationary gap
- 27. What is the term for 1/MPS
- 28. When is the wage don't adjust quickly to change in price
- 29. "sticky Wage" prevents wages from falling
- 30. The AD downward sloping because the Wealth effect, interest-rate effect and ?

**Down**

- 3. What definitely doesn't shift the curve
- 5. What is the effect is the price can easily move up but not down
- 6. Assume Consumer spending falls. What happens to PL and output?
- 7. What is the graph PL and Q will increase

- 8. What will happen when national income compared to abroad?
- 10. If there is a negative "supply shock" of oil, what happens to PL and output
- 12. What theory is No Government involve Required
- 13. If incomes are less than autonomous spending then there is
- 15. Actions by the Federal Reserve bank to stabilize the economy
- 16. What is the sifter of Aggregate Supply
- 17. The economy is like a ...
- 21. If consumer Spending increases, what will happen in the short run and in the long run?
- 22. What is the term for how much people consume rather than save when there is a chance in income

**Word Bank**

Stagflation	Price level	Tax Multiplier	Spending Multiplier	Keynesian
Classical	Fiscal Policy	contractionary	short-run	CIGX(n)
Long run	Positive output gap	MPS	MPC	AD decrease
Full employment	Foreign trade effect	Aggregate Demand	Ratchet	Disposable income
deflation	Monetary policy	RAP	decrease	sticky
inflation graph	Qnot change	car	Aggregate supply	dis saving