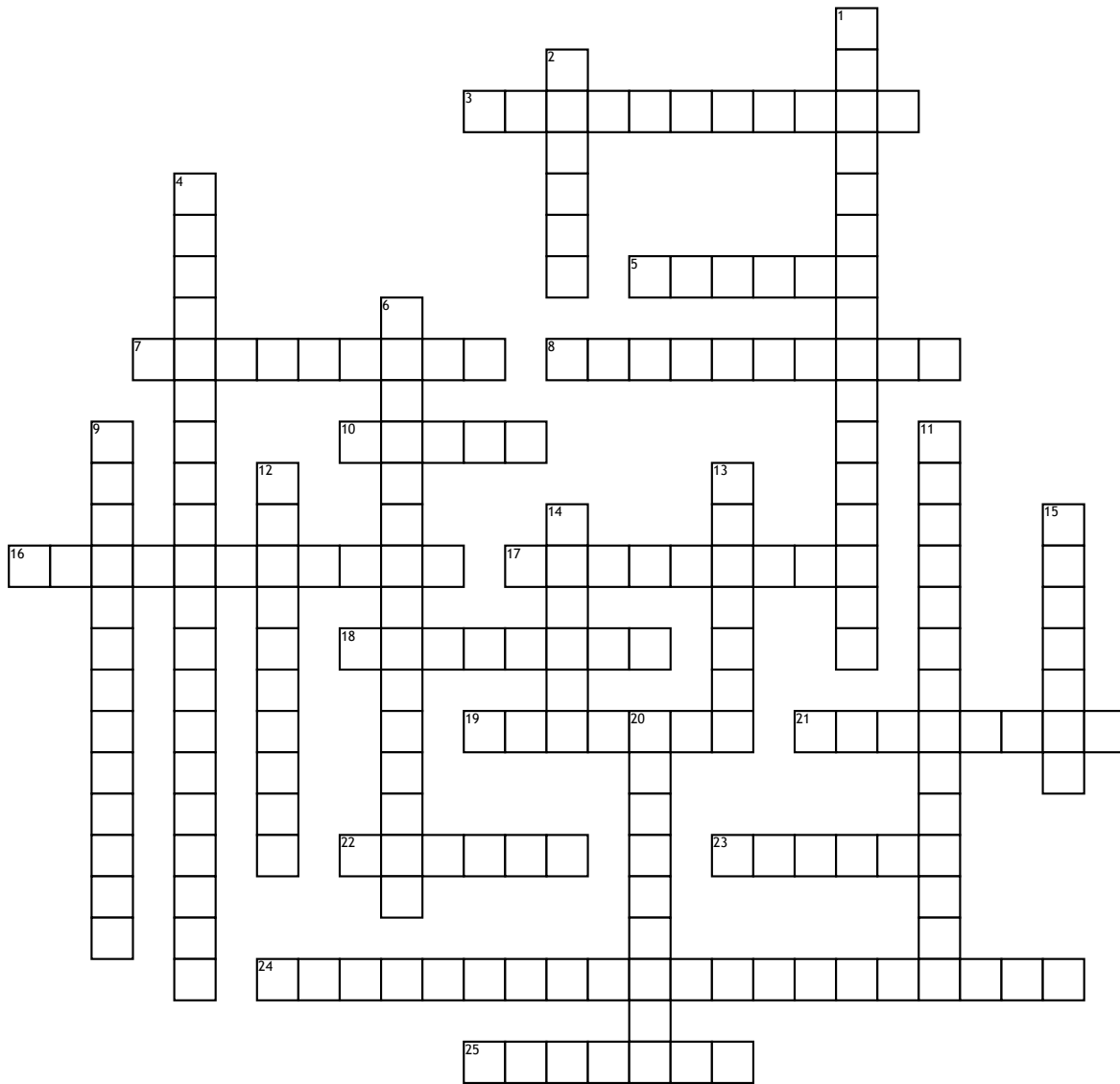


MOTIVATION AND EMOTION



Across

- 3. explains why some people consider a food a delicacy and some may consider the same food disgusting
- 5. a blending of foods smell and taste
- 7. factors include panic, fear, anger, love, hatred
- 8. factors include need for food water
- 10. biological requirements for well-being
- 16. the tendency to keep physiological systems at a steady level
- 17. factors include one's perceptions, beliefs about self and expectations of others
- 18. concept suggests that the ventromedial nucleus and lateral hypothalamus interact to maintain a homeostatic level of hunger and satiety.

- 19. caused when people get more energy from food than the body uses
- 21. self starvation and purging that brings weight below 85% of normal
- 22. feelings that prompt action to fulfill needs and return to a balanced state
- 23. the state of wanting to eat
- 24. this motivation to imbalances of homeostasis
- 25. the body's general activation level , shown in the state of many physiological systems

Down

- 1. restructures the stomach and intestines so that less food is stored
- 2. the influences of parents, teachers, siblings, friends, and television

- 4. argues that people act to maintain a personal optimal level of arousal
- 6. emphasizes the role of external stimuli that motivate behavior
- 9. food and water
- 11. money
- 12. refers to factors affecting intiation, direction, intensity, and persistence of behavior.
- 13. the state of no longer wanting to eat
- 14. A reason or purpose for behavior
- 15. when one binges a massive amount of food then eliminates it through self induced vomiting or strong laxatives
- 20. automatic, involuntary and unlearned behavior patterns