

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Loss, Grief, Dying, and Death

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|---|--------------------------|
| 1. When any aspect of self is no longer available that person suffers a   | A. Blame and guilt       |
| 2. Cessation of life  | B. Grief therapy         |
| 3. Determine a person's ability to face and accept loss   | C. Grief work            |
| 4. A pattern of physical and emotional responses to bereavement, separation, or loss. A natural response to loss.           | D. Situational loss      |
| 5. The process of adapting to and mourning a loss   | E. Grief attack          |
| 6. The condition of being subject to death and other distressing issues that accompany loss                                 | F. Morbidity             |
| 7. The final stage of human growth and development  | G. Death                 |
| 8. Mental health treatment aimed at helping a patient deal with the pain of a loss; assist the bereaved to cope with a loss | H. Bereavement           |
| 9. Leaving home for college, menopause, hair, teeth, hearing, and sight   | I. Anticipatory grief    |
| 10. Loss that occurs suddenly such as sudden death of a loved one or loss of a job  | J. Out of sequence death |
| 11. Common depressed reaction to the death of a loved one   | K. Coping mechanisms     |
| 12. An illness or an abnormal condition, both physical and mental, are seen after significant losses                        | L. Mortality             |
| 13. To expect, await, or prepare for the death of a loved one such as diagnosis of a terminal illness                       | M. Maturation loss       |
| 14. The sudden death of someone who is not supposed to die; the most difficult grief to bear                                | N. Dying                 |
| 15. After a death 2 things may destroy a family   | O. Loss                  |
| 16. The involuntary and unexpected reappearance of emotions and behaviors associated with grief is known as                 | P. Grief                 |