

Literary Terms Word Matching Activity

1. The perspective from which the story is being told. A. Characterization
2. The main idea or moral of a story. B. Parallelism
3. An author's choice of words or phrases. C. Conceit
4. The use of figures of speech to make literature more effective, persuasive, and impactful. D. Onomatopoeia
5. A comparison of two things, using the words "like" or "as". E. Theme
6. An indirect reference to another piece of literature or historical event. F. Fable
7. The repetition of a chosen grammatical form within a sentence. G. Diction
8. A stressed syllable, followed by an unstressed syllable. H. Persona
9. Two lines in poetry, usually rhyming and having the same length. I. Synecdoche
10. A break/pause near the middle of a verse. J. Ode
11. A recurring element that has symbolic significance in a story. K. Alliteration
12. A kind of metaphor that compares two very unlike things in a surprising and way. L. Speaker
13. A figure of speech in which a term for a part of something is used to refer to the whole of that thing. M. Figurative Language
14. The person who tells the story. N. Caesura
15. A poem in the form of an address to a particular subject, often elevated in style and written in irregular meter. O. Denotation
16. A simple story used to illustrate a spiritual or moral lesson. P. Parable
17. A short tale to teach a moral lesson, often with animals as characters. Q. Plot
18. The voice in which an author writes a story or poem. R. Allusion
19. The literal or primary meaning of a word. S. Simile
20. A description of the distinctive nature or features of a character. T. Motif
21. The main events of a book. U. Couplet
22. The voice behind a poem - the person imagined to be speaking. V. Narrator

23. An exaggerated statement or claim not meant to be taken seriously. W. Trochaic
24. The occurrence of the same letter or sound at the beginning of adjacent or closely connected words. X. Hyperbole
25. The formation of a word from a sound associated with what is named. Y. Point of View