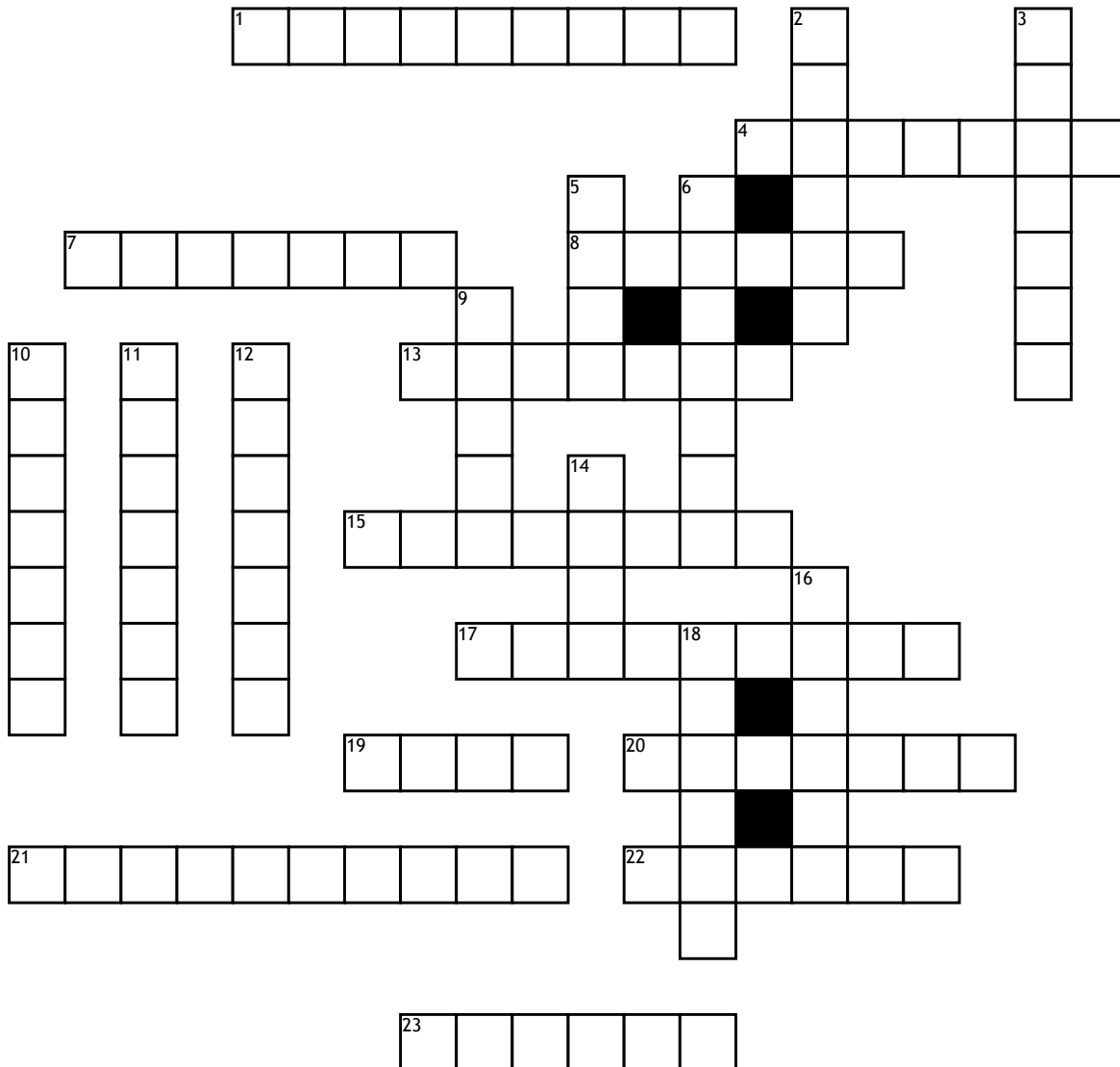


IKS and biotechnology



Across

1. Acquired immunity: Immunity of a disease that is not
4. Leucocytes: White blood cell for fighting
7. Booster: A second dose of
8. Indigenous extinction: The end of a particular species of plant or
13. Recipient: A person who receives blood, organs or
15. Inoculation: Medicines that are used to fight infectious
17. Blood transfusion: An extra supply of blood given during an
19. A medicine to stop infection if the immune system is not working

20. Donor: A person who gives blood, organs or
21. Antigen: A foreign substance that will cause the body to make
22. Clone: A plant or an animal genetically identical to the
23. Stem cells: Unspecialised cells in an animal

Down

2. Embryo: A young developing stage of a plant or
3. Immunity: The condition when a person has antibodies against a
5. Legislation: The process of making
6. Natural immunity: An immunity that is not specific to one particular

9. ARVs: Anti-retroviral drugs used to slow down the life cycle of HI
10. Active immunity: Cells to make antibodies against the harmless form of the
11. Indigenous: Belonging to a particular
12. Vaccine: A substance used to give immunity to a particular
14. Penicillin: The mould from which the first antibiotic was
16. Tissue culture: The process used to grow plants or animals from small pieces of
18. Passive immunity: Antibodies that were produced in another person or