

Name: _____

Date: _____

IC3 Module 1

1. When does the computer clear RAM memory? RAM is cleared each time the computer is turned _____ A. Unit.
2. The system that processes data quickly and is designed for one user is a _____ B. kilobyte.
3. How many bits in a byte? C. off.
4. What measuring unit describes 1000? D. firms.
5. How many bytes in the alphabet? E. 26
6. Mainframe computers are often referred to as Centralized F. Kilo
7. A microcomputer is also called a _____ G. 8
8. Specialized industries such as graphics design or publishing use _____ H. systems.
9. Newer cell phones that include computer technology are called. _____ I. PC
10. The blue bar at the bottom of the desktop is called the _____ Task J. Computer.
11. Minicomputers are commonly found in _____ Medium-sized manufacturing, legal or accounting K. PC.
12. If I need to store an e-book that has 475 pages, what is the minimum amount of memory I will need to store the book? A L. bar.
13. The brain of the computer is the _____ M. Supercomputer.
14. If I need to store my essay and I have about one-half of a page completed, what is the minimum amount of memory I will need to store the essay? A N. Macintosh.
15. How many bits in a byte? O. Microcomputer.
16. The keyboard shortcut to cut is? P. resources.
17. To write or select items on a tablet you can use _____ A stylus Q. CTRL+C
18. PDAs with a microprocessor are classified as _____. Pocket R. CTRL+X
19. CPU stands for _____ Central Processing S. CPU.
20. The keyboard shortcut to copy is? T. megabyte.
21. A network _____ Allows two or more computer to communicate and share U. tasks.
22. Traditionally, the majority of companies use _____ V. PCs.

23. The acronym PC stands for Personal W. 8
24. As a rule supercomputers _____ "All of the above"(Are used for forecasting weather and animation/Have specialized software programs/ Are typically used for scientific and engineering X. device.
25. Which of the following is considered the fastest type of computer? Y. Smartphones