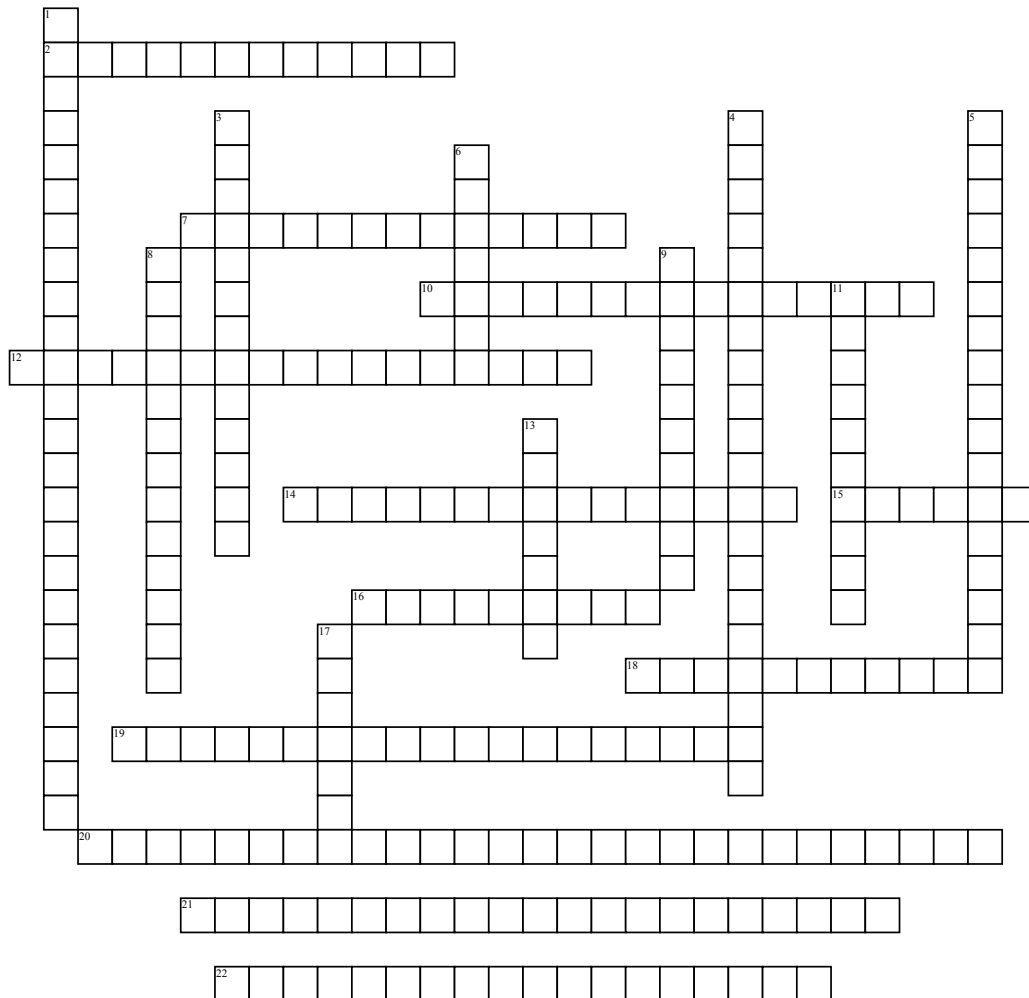


Humanizing Psychology



Across

- 2. _____ are a form of positive self-talk and repetitive statements that would be included in humanistic counseling
- 7. the lowest level of Maslow's structure of human motivation
- 10. a possible element of self-actualization made of needs and encounters unique to the individual. (two words)
- 12. a term borrowed by Maslow from Goldstein to describe the highest level of motivation; described a select few people in history. (hyphenated word)
- 14. the celebration of _____ and freedom was the primary focus of humanistic psychology. (two words)
- 15. aspirational needs that are not physically dangerous if unmet.
- 16. Rogers' method of repeating what the client had said was deemed by critics as simply _____.
- 18. humanistic psychologists often rejected experimental research in favor of _____ research methods such as interviews or surveys.

- 19. method of communication in humanistic therapy involving the repetition of the client's words in order to elicit understanding. (two words)
 - 20. method of non-judgment, avid listening, and little direct intervention in humanistic therapy. (three words)
 - 21. a counseling approach that puts the client in charge of the conversation and avoids intervention by the therapist. (two words, the first one hyphenated)
 - 22. the institution where Maslow and Goldstein met and shared their research. (two words)
- Down**
- 1. an ascension of human motives in which those on the bottom must first be satisfied before achieving the motives of the upper levels. (four words)
 - 3. in humanistic psychology the therapist is not supposed to be _____.
 - 4. a subfield of psychology involving less emphasis on science and more emphasis on the client and their well-being. (two words)
 - 5. in contrast to giving direct advice to the patient, Rogers' therapy was _____. (hyphenated word)

- 6. the therapist invites the client to _____ alternative ways to behavior rather than giving direct answers.
- 8. a comparative psychologist whose main interest was human motivation. (2 words)
- 9. needs that are necessary to be met in order to avoid both physical and mental illness
- 11. a counseling psychologist whose main interest was the "psychology of self" and the tension because the "actual" and "ideal" selves. (two words)
- 13. those who were involved in humanistic therapy were considered _____ not patients.
- 17. Goldstein's research determined that it was important to interpret behavior not just in isolation but in the _____ in which they appear.

Word Bank

Growth	Context	self-actualization	Client-centered therapy
Authoritative	Deficiency	Affirmations	Brandeis University
Qualitative	Maslow's hierarchy of needs	Clients	Parroting
Carl Rogers	Physiological	Abraham Maslow	Suggest
Unconditional Positive regard	Human uniqueness	Peak experiences	Humanistic psychology
Anti-authoritative	Reflective listening		