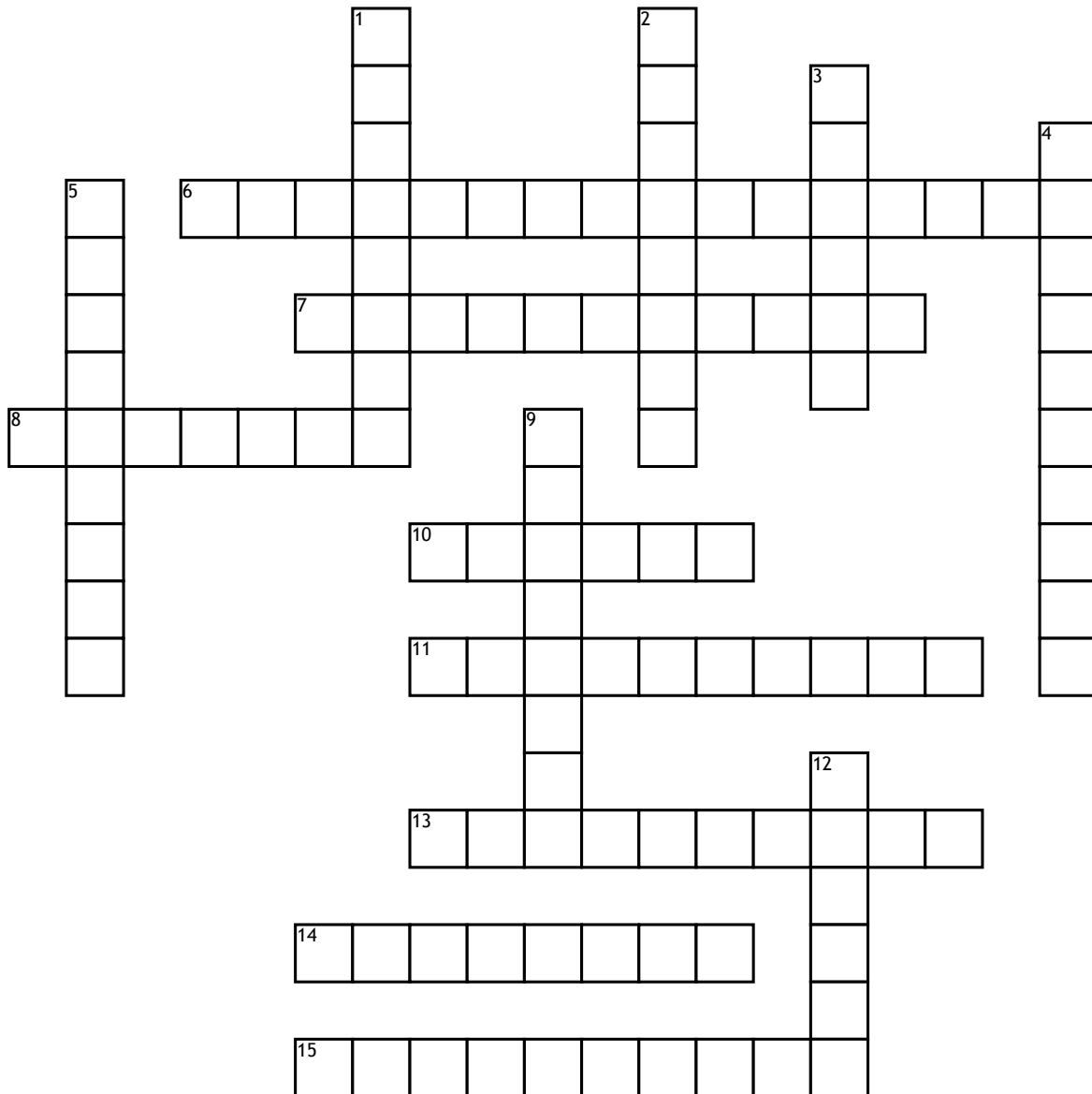


# Hemorrhage By Prof. D. Lanzer 2020



**Across**

- 6. \_\_\_\_\_ is the primary cause of secondary PPH, it's when small portions of tissue (hint: think 4T's) (cotyledons remain attached to the uterus during the third stage of labor) are left behind.
- 7. Name a finding with a low H&H.
- 8. What do you want to do to the uterus when it's boggy?
- 10. The upper portion of the uterus
- 11. What is the main use in obstetrical emergency of PPH, and reduces postpartum bleeding.

- 13. Increases the rate and strength of contractions & stiffness of the uterus muscles; also used to treat severe bleeding from the uterus after childbirth. This is also contraindicated with hypertension.
- 14. What is the first line of treatment for PPH when the uterus is not contracting well?
- 15. What is it called if you have a blood loss of >500cc for a vaginal or >1000cc for a CS with normal VS & lab values.

**Down**

- 1. This medication is contraindicated in patients with a hx of asthma & diabetes, & also used for PPH.

- 2. When the bladder is filled this does what to the fundus?
- 3. What is the normal discharge after childbirth and can sometimes be very heavy at times?
- 4. This often happens to a pt. during childbirth (NSVD) and appears on the cervix, vagina, labia or perineum & is the 2nd most common cause of primary PPH.
- 5. What is extremely important intervention for any post partum especially a PPH?
- 9. A full bladder causes increased bleeding because the uterus can't ?
- 12. What is one of the 4 precipitating factors for hemorrhage?