

Name: _____ Date: _____

Health Science Vocabulary Test

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| 1. an acute inflammatory disease caused by a tick, characterized by recurrent episodes of decreasing severity in which joint swelling, fever, and rash occurs, sometimes with cardiac or nervous system complications | A. hepatitis |
| 2. to pass or spread to another | B. host |
| 3. a living animal or plant from which a parasite obtains nutrition | C. E.Coli |
| 4. an insect or other organism that transmits a pathogenic fungus, virus, bacterium, etc. | D. outbreak |
| 5. microscopic living organisms, usually one-celled, that can be found everywhere | E. vector |
| 6. inflammation of the liver, caused by a virus or toxin and characterized by jaundice, liver enlargement, and fever | F. germs |
| 7. a medicine (such as penicillin or its derivatives) that inhibits the growth of or destroys microorganisms | G. Lyme Disease |
| 8. parasitic on deer and other animals and transmit the infectious agents of certain diseases, such as Lyme disease | H. pathogen |
| 9. (of a disease) spread from one person or organism to another by direct or indirect contact | I. antibiotics |
| 10. any feeling of illness or physical or mental change that is by a particular disease | J. symptoms |
| 11. the sudden or violent start of something unwelcome, such as war, disease, etc. | K. disease |
| 12. a bacterium commonly found in the intestines of humans and other animals, where it usually causes no harm. Some strains can cause severe food poisoning, especially in old people and children | L. Deer Tick |
| 13. a biological preparation that improves immunity to a particular disease | M. infectious |
| 14. capable of causing infection | N. vaccine |
| 15. a condition of a person, animal, or plant in which its body or structure is harmed because an organ or part is unable to work as it usually does | O. bacteria |
| 16. a bacterium, virus, or other microorganism that can cause disease | P. immune |
| 17. the four major types of germs (bacteria, viruses, fungi, protozoa) that can invade plants, animals, and people and sometimes they can make us sick | Q. contagious |

18. protected or exempt, especially from an obligation or the effects of something R. transmitted