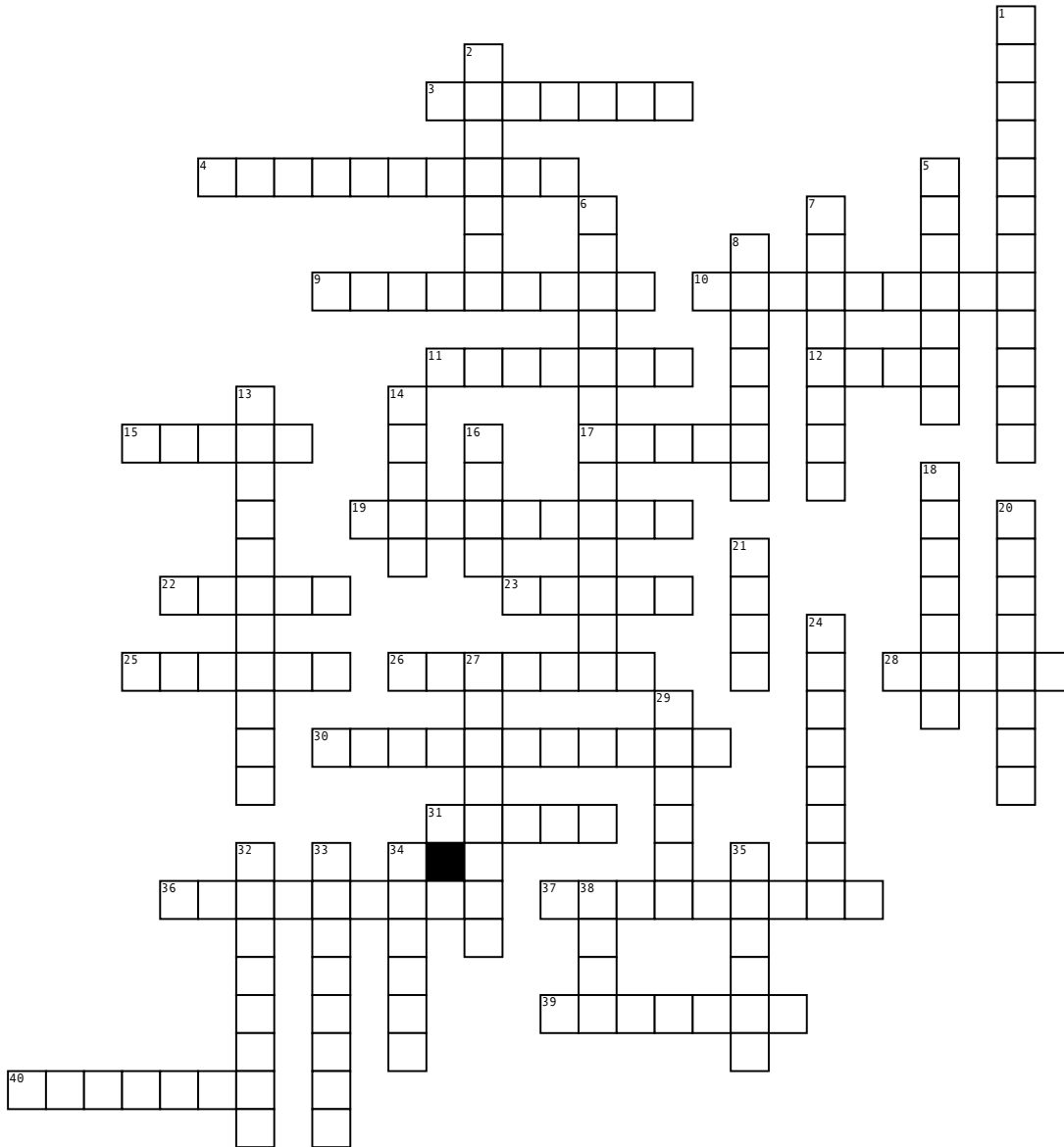


Name: _____

Great Convergence



Across

- 3. this was the number one cause of death among Native American populations
- 4. This modern day city sits atop the remains of the Aztec capital
- 9. Robert de la Salle claimed this massive region for France, later purchased by the USA
- 10. this disease is now prevented with a simple vaccine every year, but killed many Native Americans during the Great Convergence
- 11. Native Americans and Europeans both had to _____ as much for themselves as they could prior to trading with each other
- 12. these tools for exploration grew more and more accurate over time
- 15. sailing west to Asia was thought to be faster and _____ than going over land
- 17. what metal was used to make stronger weapons that helped Europe conquer the new World
- 19. this tool helped explorers calculate their location, in latitude, based on the stars
- 22. Bartoleme de Las _____ criticized the way that Spain treated the natives
- 23. one of the main motivations for explorers was to gain _____ for themselves and their country
- 25. this round, red fruit originally is from the Americas and was scary to Europeans at first
- 26. this tool shows explorers which way is north at all times

- 28. Prince _____ of Portugal started a school for navigation
 - 30. the Pope drew this line on the map to divide South America between portugal and spain: Line of _____
 - 31. explorers were looking for a new type of trade route to Asia - one that was not on land, but on _____
 - 36. this man was known for his journal documenting the Silk road
 - 37. these people charged traders a fee to use their part of the silk road
 - 39. Jacques _____ claimed much of eastern Canada for France
 - 40. Spanish settlements in the new world often were centered around a _____, or Catholic church building for converting Native Americans
- Down**
- 1. one of the main motivations for explorers was to spread this religion
 - 2. these European people landed in North America hundreds of years before the "Age of Exploration"
 - 5. many countries in the Americas speak this language today because of the Columbian exchange
 - 6. term for Spanish explorers who conquered Native American civilizations
 - 7. The first European (sailing for Spain) to land in the new world (last name only)
 - 8. During the columbian exchange, Europeans had many more _____ than Native Americans, which had allowed their bodies to grow used to living near germs

- 13. this time period in Europe helped promote the search for new ideas and discovery
- 14. This animal gave the Spanish a major advantage in battle over Native Americans
- 16. this was the main grain that was grown for food by Native Americans
- 18. this was a new, faster, more controllable type of ship used by explorers
- 20. This trade route was Europe's main access to Asia before sea exploration
- 21. The Spanish forced Native Americans to mine for this element
- 24. The Columbian _____ was the transfer of goods and culture between Europe and the Americas
- 27. the M _____ style map projection helped show explorers an accurate view of the middle part of the globe, where they explorerd
- 29. one danger of the silk road was the chance you could be r _____ by bandits
- 32. the _____ press helped exploration because it made it easier to spread the ideas and knowledge people had to each other
- 33. the French relationship with Native Americans was much more p _____ than the Spanish
- 34. Hernan _____ conquered the Aztec civilization (name ends in "z", not "s")
- 35. France wanted to trade for the furs of this animal
- 38. Francisco Pizzaro conquered this civilization