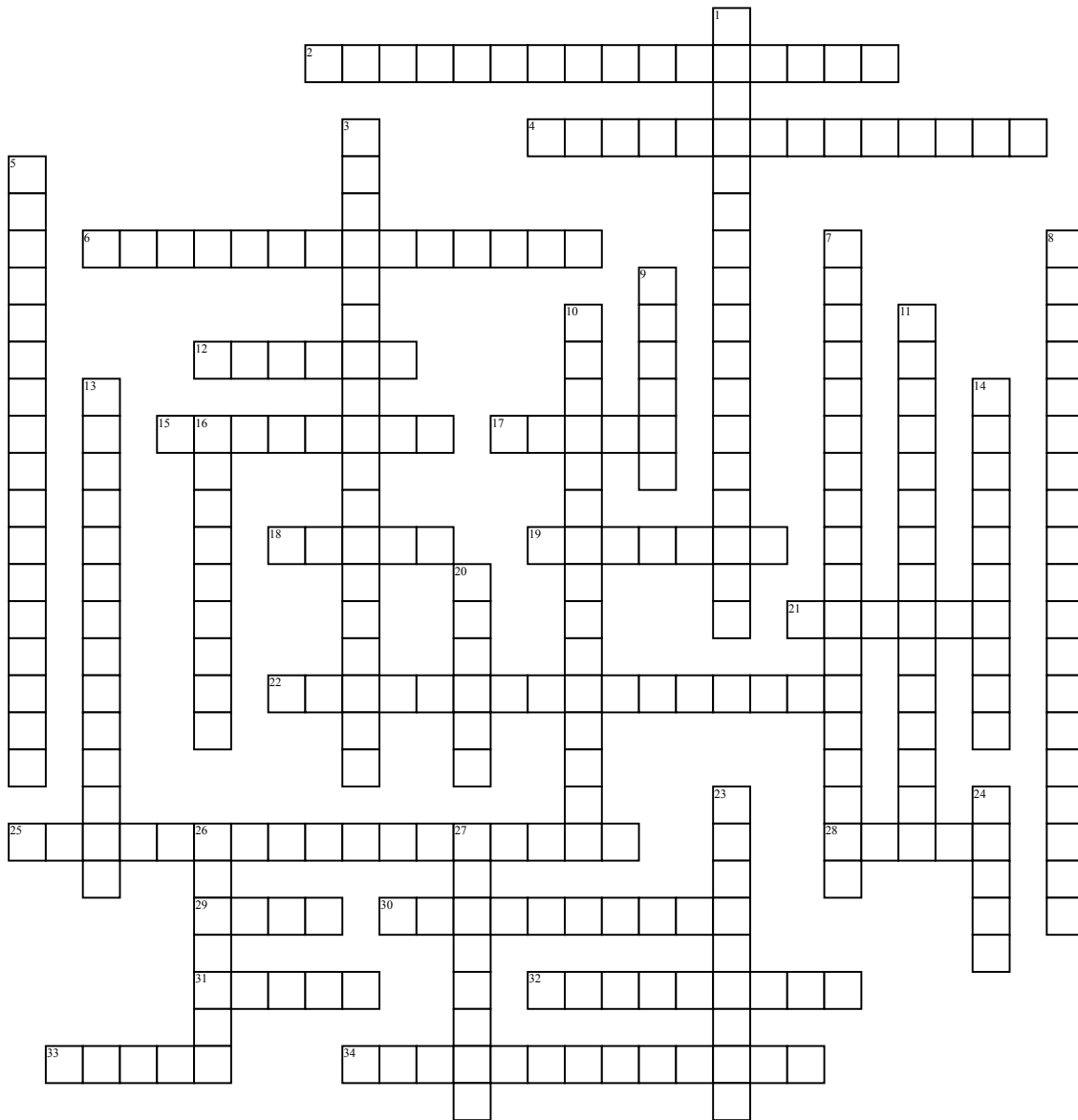


Government Crossword



Across

2. A law or government action that is found to violate any part of the constitution
4. Courts have upheld laws, such as laws that outlaw types of discrimination, as being unconstitutional
6. Organized group that seeks to win elections in order to influence the activities of government
12. This amendment dictates that the government cannot enforce cruel and unusual punishment for crimes
15. The inability to govern effectively due to separation of power or a conflict between political parties
17. This amendment protects the civil liberties and ensures freedom of religion, assembly, press, petition, and speech
18. This amendment included protection from self-incrimination, double jeopardy, or convictions without an indictment from a grand jury
19. The leaders of the executive departments, who also act as advisers to the president
21. To cancel or revoke a law by a legislative act
22. A body of 538 people elected from the 50 states and the District of Columbia to cast the official votes that elect the president and Vice President
25. A system in which each branch of government is able to limit the power of the other branches
28. This amendment dictates that the powers not officially granted to the constitution are reserved to the states or the people

29. A refusal by the president or a government to sign a bill
30. Congress has complete control over the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court and authority to create lower federal courts.
31. This amendment says that even though the constitution explicitly lists and protects certain rights, others are still retained by the people
32. Congress can admit new states and adopt all rules and regulations respecting U.S. territories and properties
33. This amendment reserves the right to defendants in criminal cases to have a speedy and public trial
34. Any majority that is larger than a simple majority

Down

1. The principle that the powers and functions of government are restricted by the U.S. Constitution and other laws
3. Division of government powers among the executive, legislative, and judicial branches
5. Congress passes minimum wage laws under its power to regulate commerce and immigration law under its power to regulate naturalization
7. The idea that government is created by and subject to the will of the people
8. Arrangements or compacts the U.S. president makes with foreign leaders or foreign governments
9. This amendment protects against unreasonable searches and seizure and lists out the process for acquiring warrants

10. A clause of the U.S. Constitution that declares the Constitution "the supreme law of the land"
11. President negotiates agreements with foreign governments that create or change U.S. relationships with those governments
13. The power of the judicial branch to check the power of the legislative and executive branches by declaring their acts unconstitutional
14. The form of political organization in which power is divided among a central government and territorial subdivisions
16. Principle that every member of a society, including the ruler or government, must follow the law
20. This amendment protects the right to bear arms
23. The Senate must advise and consent when the president makes treaties and appoints ambassadors, other public ministers, judges of the Supreme Court, and many other public officials.
24. This amendment prevents soldiers from being quartered in civilian houses without the consent of the owner
26. This amendment reserves the right to a trial by jury in suits at common law
27. Congress, like the states, can propose constitutional amendments.