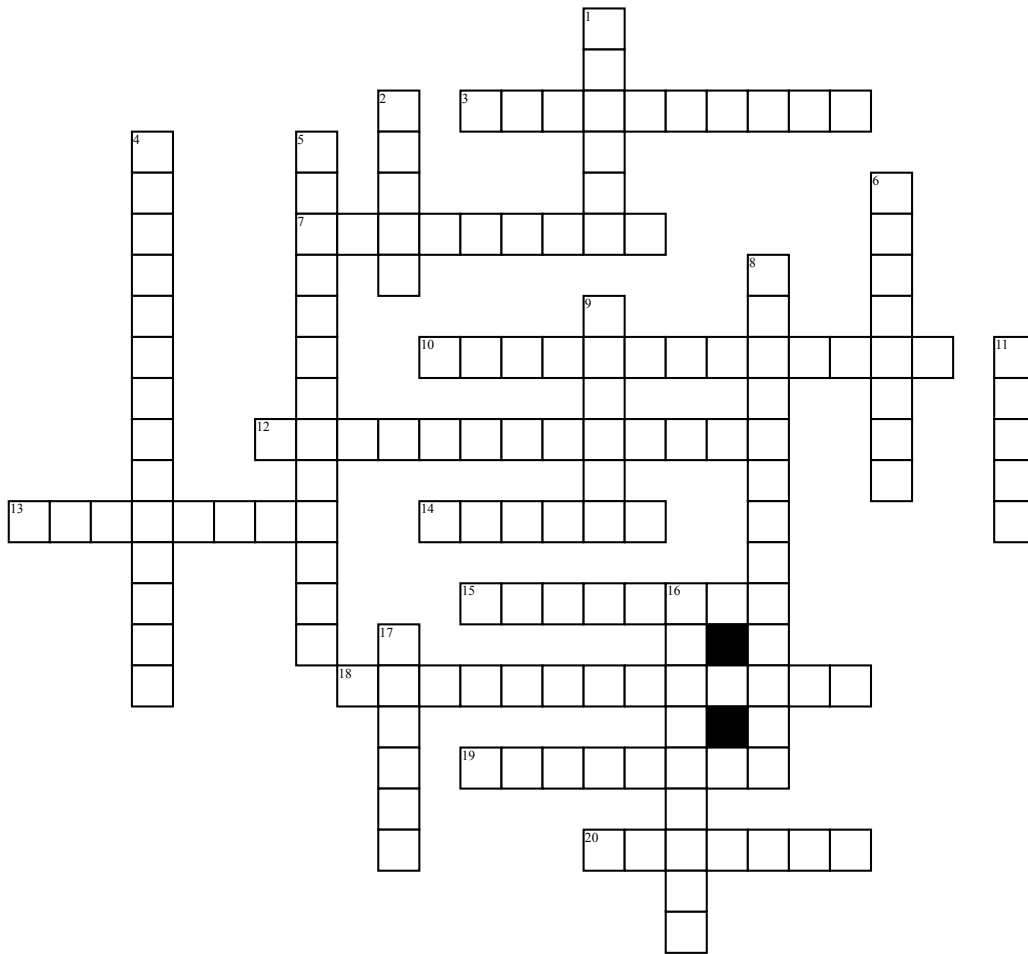


Geometry



Across

- 3. A _____ is a math tool that is used for measuring and/ or drawing angles.
- 7. The _____ is the sum of the length is the sides of a polygon.
- 10. _____ is an angle that measures 180 degrees. (a line is what kind of angle?)
- 12. _____ lines are lines that intersect at a 90 degree angle.
- 13. _____ angles are two angles that share a vertex and a common side. (next to)
- 14. The _____ is the point inside that is equidistant from every point on the circle.
- 15. The _____ is the point of a segment that is the same distance from both endpoints.

- 18. A _____ is a quadrilateral with two pairs of parallel lines.
 - 19. _____ angles are two non- adjacent angles that are formed by two intersecting lines.
 - 20. A _____ is a closed figure in a plane, formed by connecting segments.
- Down**
- 1. An _____ angles is an angle that measures more that 90 degrees, but less than 180 degrees.
 - 2. A _____ is a segment whose endpoints lie on the circle.
 - 4. The _____ is the measure of the angle with the center of the circle as it's vertex.

- 5. _____ angles are two angles that sum up to be 180 degrees.
- 6. _____ lines are lines within the same plane that do not, and never will intersect.
- 8. A _____ is a polygon with four sides.
- 9. A _____ has a set of all points on a plane equidistant from a given point.
- 11. A _____ triangle is a triangle that contains exactly one angle that measures 90 degrees.
- 16. An _____ triangle is a triangle that has at least two congruent sides.
- 17. The _____ is the distance from a point on the circle to the center.

Word Bank

- | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|----------|
| Radius | Parallel | Perimeter | Supplementary | Adjacent |
| Vertical | Isosceles | straight angle | Protractor | Midpoint |
| Perpendicular | Parallelogram | Obtuse | Polygon | Circle |
| Quadrilateral | Central measure | center | Right | Chord |