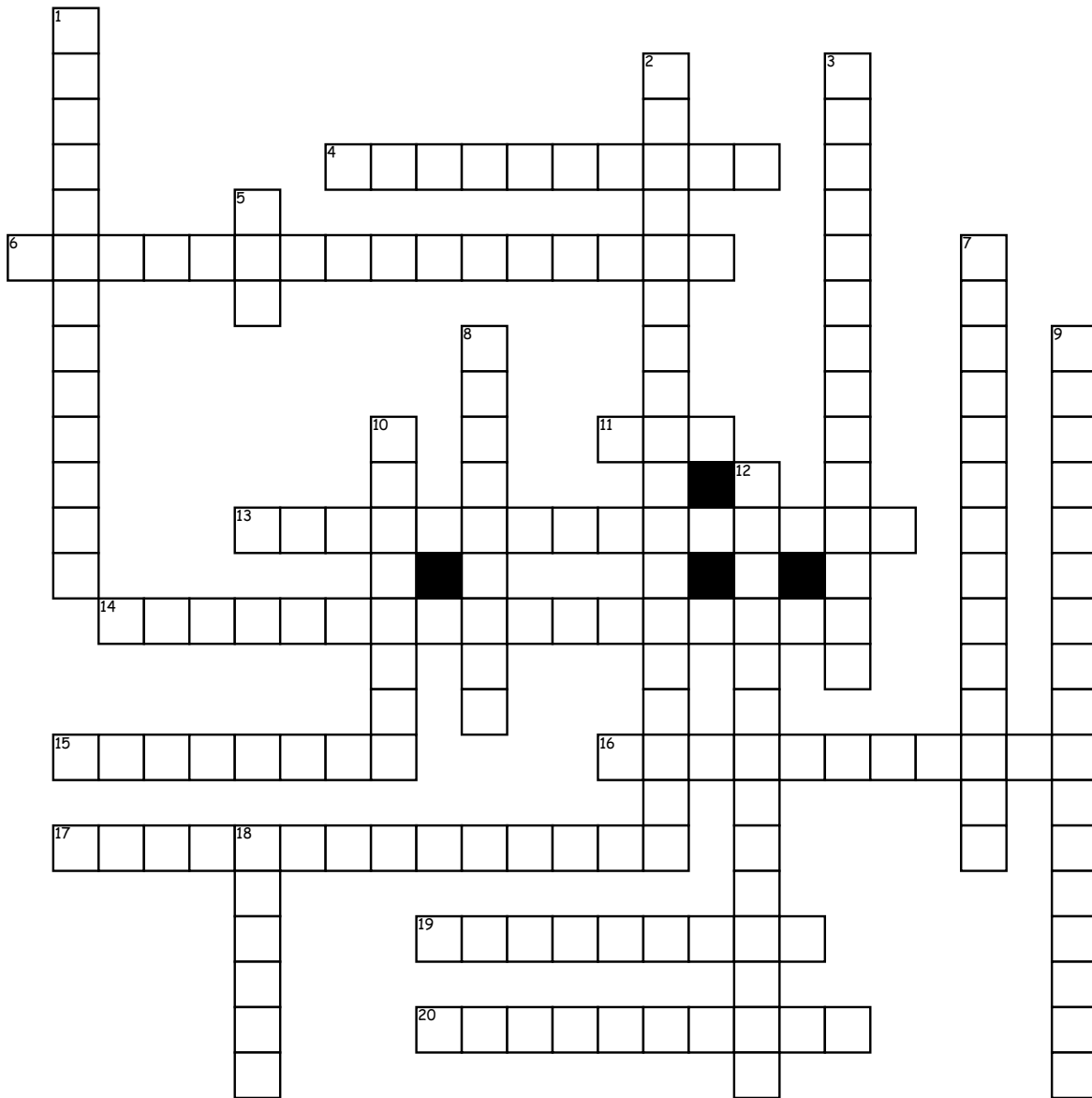


# GDP, Inflation and Unemployment



**Across**

- 4. People changing jobs or seeking first job
- 6. Inflation occurs when demand for goods/services exceeds existing supplies
- 11. Consumption by consumers
- 13. Number of goods/services that can be purchased with a unit of currency
- 14. Analysis of economic performance/prediction of future performance
- 15. Unemployed because job depends on the season

- 16. Spending by consumers
- 17. Generates jobs, incomes and goods/services
- 19. Example of transfer payment
- 20. Jobs lost due to technological advances

**Down**

- 1. Proportion of a loan that is charged as interest to borrower
- 2. Amount of goods/services produced shrinks
- 3. Changes in prices correspond to changes in the monetary supply

- 5. Measures total value of final goods/services produced in a country
- 7. Monetary inflation occurring at a high rate
- 8. Reduction of general level of prices in economy
- 9. Inflation of a nation increases gradually over time
- 10. Jobs lost during period of economic decline
- 12. Inflation caused by an increase in prices of inputs
- 18. Money received, through investments or work