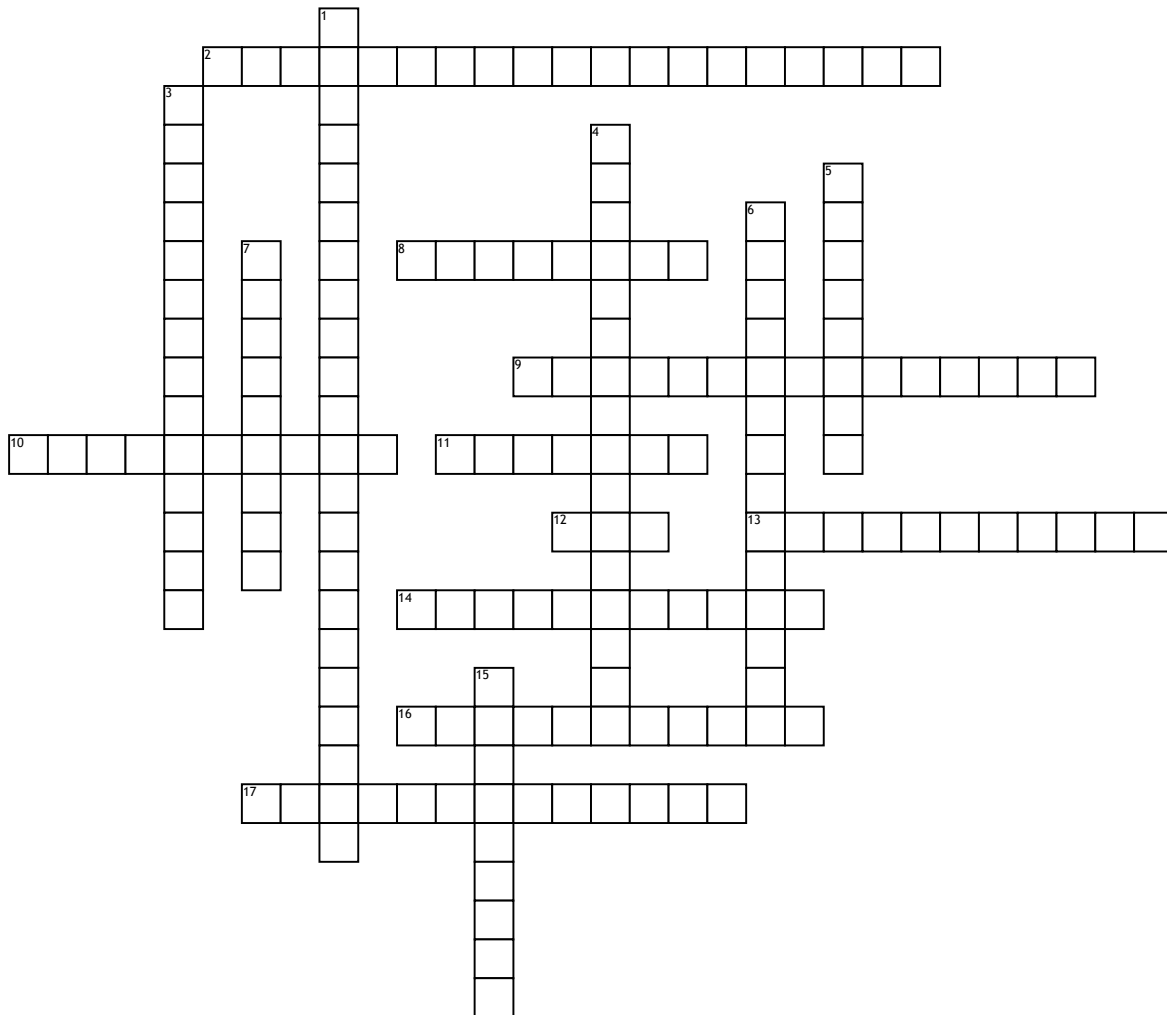


Ethics



Across

2. transplantation of an organ, tissue, or cells between two different species

8. a moral principle honors patients right to make their own decisions.

9. the name given to a stuttering experiment performed on orphan children in Davenport, Iowa in 1939.

10. the process of determining how organs are distributed. It includes the system of policies and guidelines which ensure that organs are distributed in an equitable, ethical and medically sound manner.

11. a moral principle ensures that patients are treated equally, fairly and impartially.

12. instruction telling medical staff not to attempt to resuscitate the patient if the patient has a heart attack.

13. a moral principle that helps patients advance their own good.

14. also known as host or full surrogacy, it takes place when an embryo created by in vitro fertilization (IVF) technology is implanted in a surrogate.

16. the list of candidates registered to receive a human cell, tissue and organ transplant.

17. a person who has been declared dead and whose organs and/or tissues have been donated for transplantation.

Down

1. ethical theory that allows the use of drugs that will shorten life, if the primary aim is only to reduce pain.

3. a moral principle that one should refrain from harming others ("first, do no harm")

4. A documentation of an individual's decision to donate organs, eyes, or tissues after death

5. a type of euthanasia that provides treatment (usually to reduce pain) that has the foreseeable side effect of causing the patient to die sooner.

6. specialized professional committees providing recommendations of any aspect of the donation and transplantation process of cells, tissues and organs.

7. a type of euthanasia that is carried out at the request of the person who dies.

15. the ethics of medical and biological research