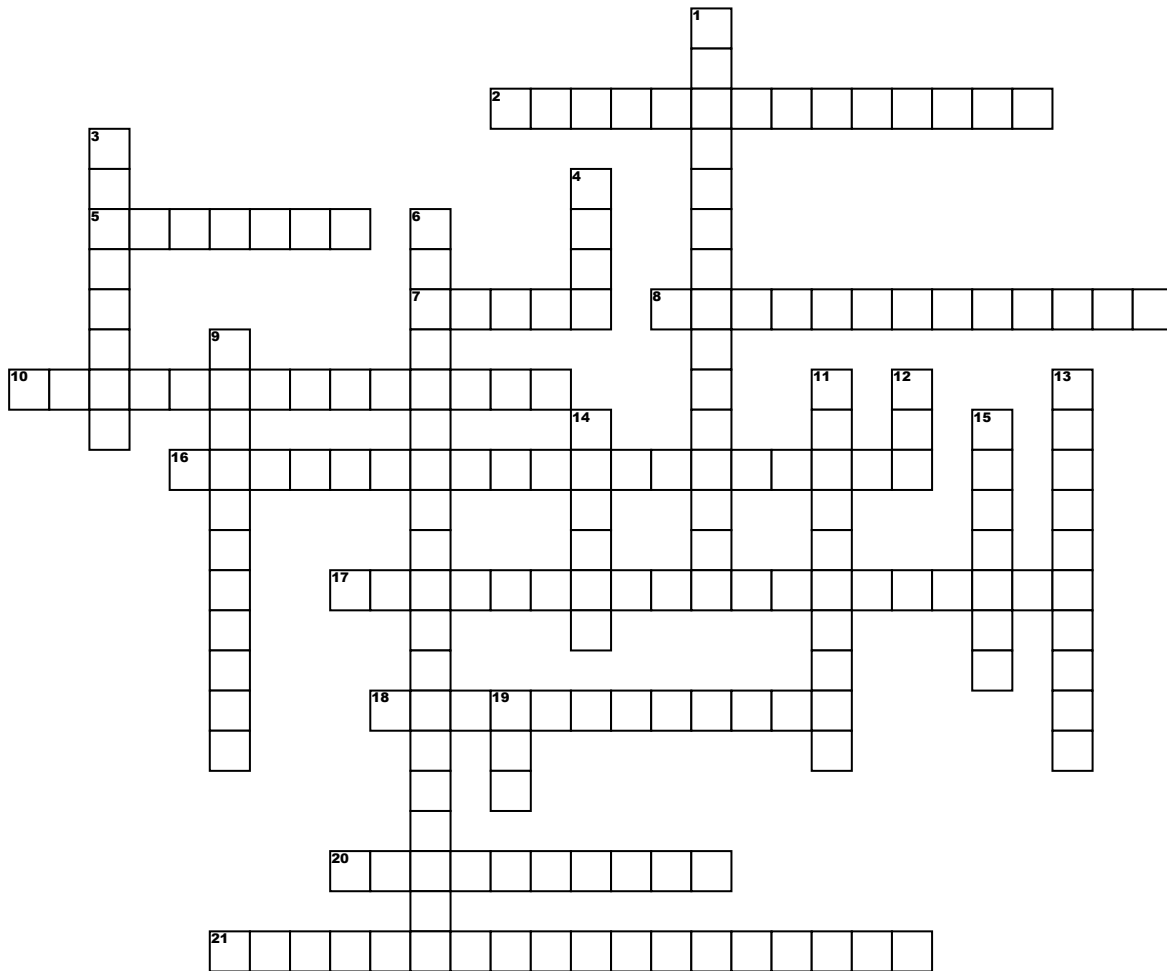


# Equations of lines



## **Across**

- 2.** slope = 0  
**5.** standard form of a linear equation  
**7.** ratio of rise to run  
**8.** Two lines that do not intersect. The slope of parallel lines are the same.  
**10.** an equation whose solution falls on a line on the coordinate plane  
**16.** the y-coordinates tend to decrease as the x-coordinates increase  
**17.**  $y = mx + b$   
**18.** slope = undefined

**20.** where the line crosses the y-axis

**21.** Two lines that intersect at a right angle. The slopes of perpendicular lines are opposite reciprocals of each other.

## **Down**

- 1.** a plane formed by the intersection of the x-axis and y-axis  
**3.** one of four regions created by the x-axis and y-axis in a coordinate plane  
**4.** amount of vertical change (difference in the y-values)  
**6.** the y-coordinates tend to increase as the x-coordinates decrease

- 9.** Two coordinates used to graph a point on a coordinate plane. Written as (x,y)  
**11.** where the line crosses the x-axis  
**12.** amount of horizontal change (difference in x-values)  
**13.** point slope form  
**14.** the point (0,0) where the x-axis and y-axis intersect on the coordinate plane  
**15.** A line which is flat--having no vertical change from left to right.  
**19.** How many points do you need to graph a line?