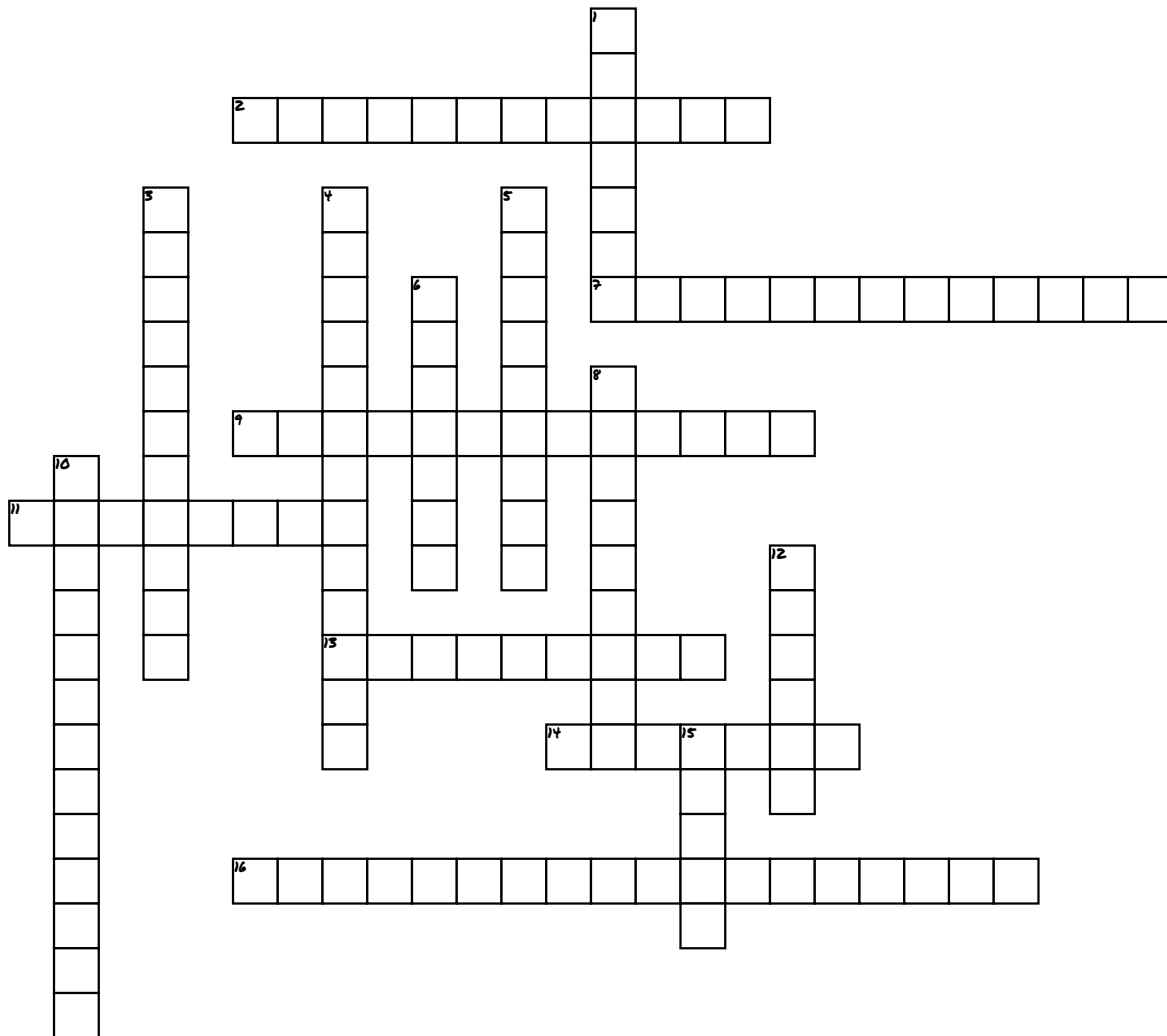


EPISTEMOLOGY



ACROSS

2. WHAT TYPE OF KNOWLEDGE IS KNOWING 'OF'

7. WHAT TYPE OF KNOWLEDGE IS KNOWING 'THAT'

9. ADDS THE CONDITION THAT THE JUSTIFICATION IS NOT WRONG AND THERE IS NO INFERENCE

11. TRUE BY DEFINITION

13. AN ARGUMENT WHERE THE PROPOSITIONS MAKE THE CONCLUSIONS LIKELY

14. THIS PHILOSOPHER MADE ARGUMENTS AGAINST JTB

16. INVOLVES ACCURACY, ADROITNESS AND APTNESS

DOWN

1. WHAT IS K

3. ADDS THE CONDITION TO JTB THAT JUSTIFICATION COMES FROM A RELIABLE SOURCE

4. PART OF THE TRIPARTITE THEORY OF KNOWLEDGE. WHEN P IS JUSTIFIED

5. CANNOT BE DETERMINED BY ANALYSING THE MEANING OF THE TERMS USED

6. WHAT TYPE OF KNOWLEDGE IS KNOWING 'HOW'

8. AN ARGUMENT WHEN THE PROPOSITIONS ENTAIL THE CONCLUSION

10. CHANGES JTB SO THE SOURCE OF BELIEF IS INFALLIBLE

12. PART OF THE TRIPARTITE THEORY OF KNOWLEDGE. WHEN S BELIEVES P

15. PART OF THE TRIPARTITE THEORY OF KNOWLEDGE. WHEN P IS TRUE