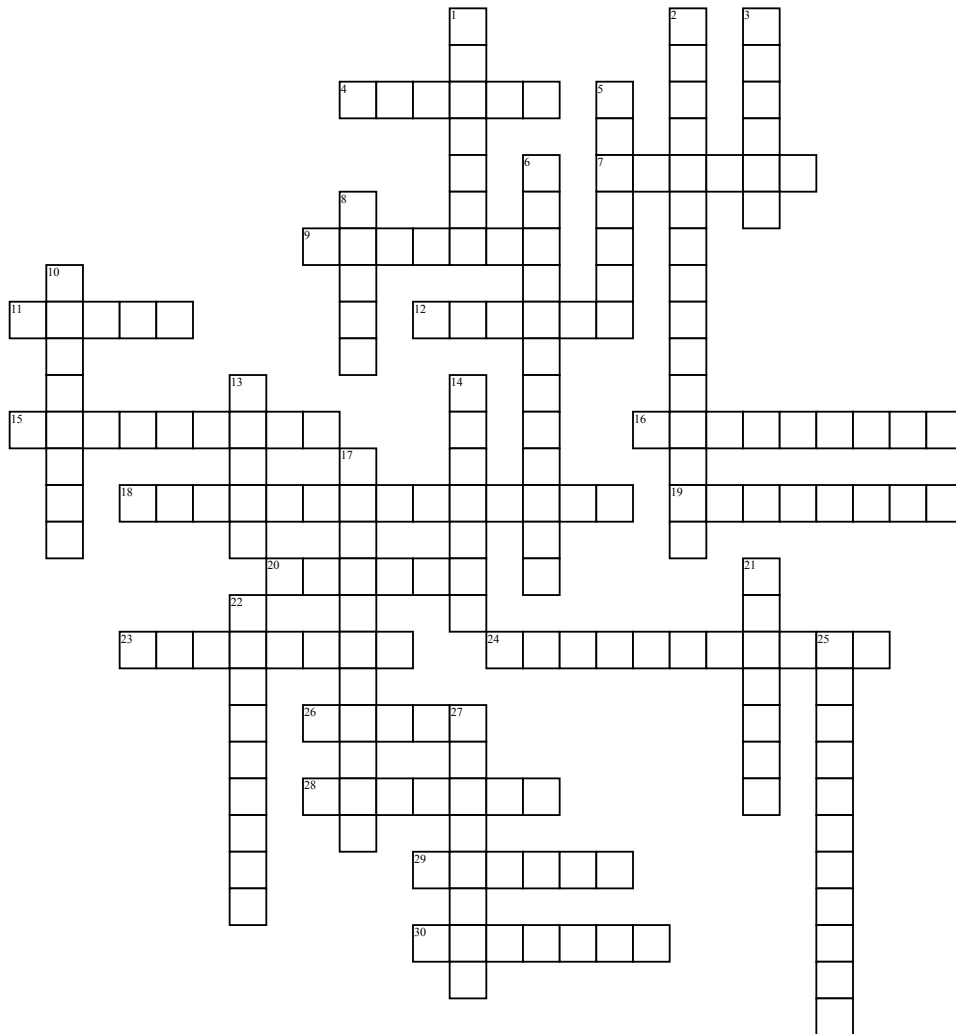


Economics



Across

- 4. The quantity of goods.
- 7. Business people decide what to produce based on what they believe consumers will buy.
- 9. Income > Spending.
- 11. The income of the government.
- 12. The quantity of a good consumers are willing to buy at various prices.
- 15. The rise of prices of products over a period of time.
- 16. Study of why people make one choice rather than another when buying, selling, spending, and saving.
- 18. Policy that involves changing the rate of growth of the supply of money in circulation to affect the amount of credit.
- 19. Activities done for others for a fee.

- 20. Government uses a budget to plan how it wants to spend its money.
- 23. State in which people do not and cannot have enough income, time, or other resources to satisfy their every desire.
- 24. Economic rule that as the price rises for a good, the quantity supplied rises.
- 26. Things people buy.
- 28. Provided by nature.
- 29. Borrowing causes _____ interest rates.
- 30. Income < Spending.

Down

- 1. Machines, tools, buildings.
- 2. Value of the next best alternative given up for the alternative that was chosen.
- 3. Government uses a _____ to plan how it wants to spend its money.

- 5. Government controls what goods are produced.
- 6. Federal government use of taxation and spending policies to affect overall business activity.
- 8. People that produce.
- 10. Income = Spending.
- 13. Individuals make some economic decisions and the government makes others.
- 14. Goods sold to another country.
- 17. Producing most of what people need to survive by hunting, gathering, farming, and herding.
- 21. Goods sold from another country to the U.S.
- 22. Are willing to sell at various prices.
- 25. Economic rule which states that the quantity demanded and price move in opposite directions.
- 27. Taxes pay for _____, redistribute income, aid certain regions, and improve nation's economy.

Word Bank

Inflation	Goods	Surplus	Balanced	Budget	Fiscal Policy
Monetary Policy	Traditional	Market	Imports	Economics	Services
Higher	Budget	Capital	Law of Demand	Supply	Mixed
Scarcity	Demand	Command	Law of Supply	Taxes	Human
Deficit	Natural	Services	Producers	Opportunity Cost	Exports