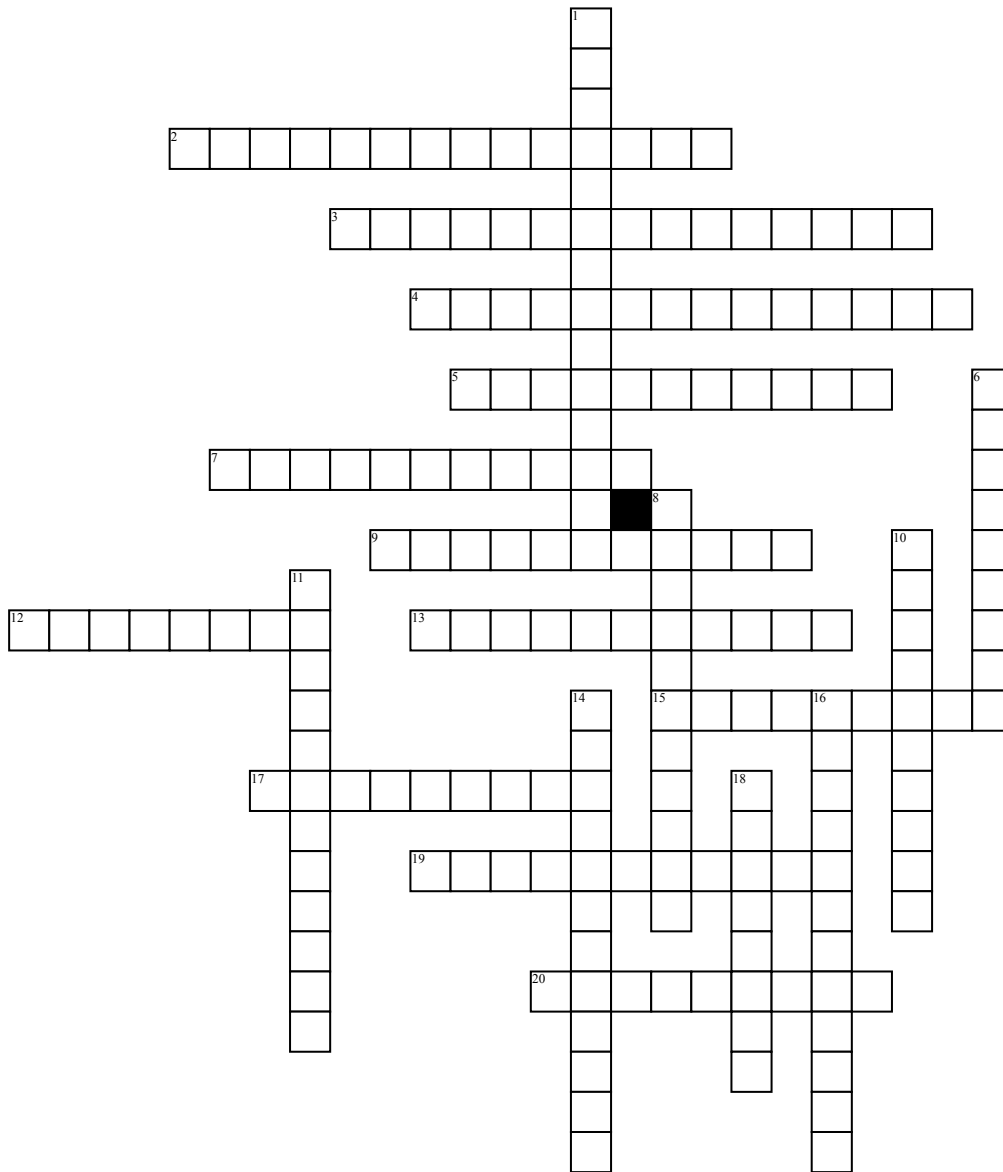


Digestive System



Across

- 2. When the mucosa protrudes through the colon walls
- 3. Results in an excessive metabolic rate
- 4. Condition where the diverticula become inflamed
- 5. When the peritoneum is infected
- 7. Inflammation of the esophagus
- 9. Impacted teeth that exert pressure and cause pain and must be removed surgically
- 12. Any condition that rushes food residue through the large intestine before that organ has had enough time to absorb the water
- 13. These are present if bile or pancreatic juice is absent, no fat digestion goes on

- 15. Chronic inflammatory condition where the liver is severely damaged and becomes hard and fibrous
 - 17. When gastric juice backs up into the esophagus
 - 19. Extremely low body temperature resulting from prolonged exposure to cold
 - 20. As the bile pigments circulate through the body, the tissues become yellow or
- Down**
- 1. Results in slowed metabolism, obesity, and diminished thought processes
 - 6. Inflammation of the liver
 - 8. Cater-like erosion in the mucosa of any part of the GI tract exposed to the HCL and pepsin secretions of the stomach

- 10. If bile is stored in the gallbladder for too long or too much water is removed, the cholesterol it contains may crystallize, forming these
- 11. Rare yet serious inflammation of the pancreas resulting from activating of pancreatic enzymes in the pancreatic duct
- 14. Results from lack of fiber in the diet, poor bowel habits, and laxative abuse
- 16. Structural abnormality where the superior part of the stomach protrudes slightly above the diaphragm
- 18. Occurs when the stomach is irritated with things such as bacterial food poisoning, activating the emetic center in the brain