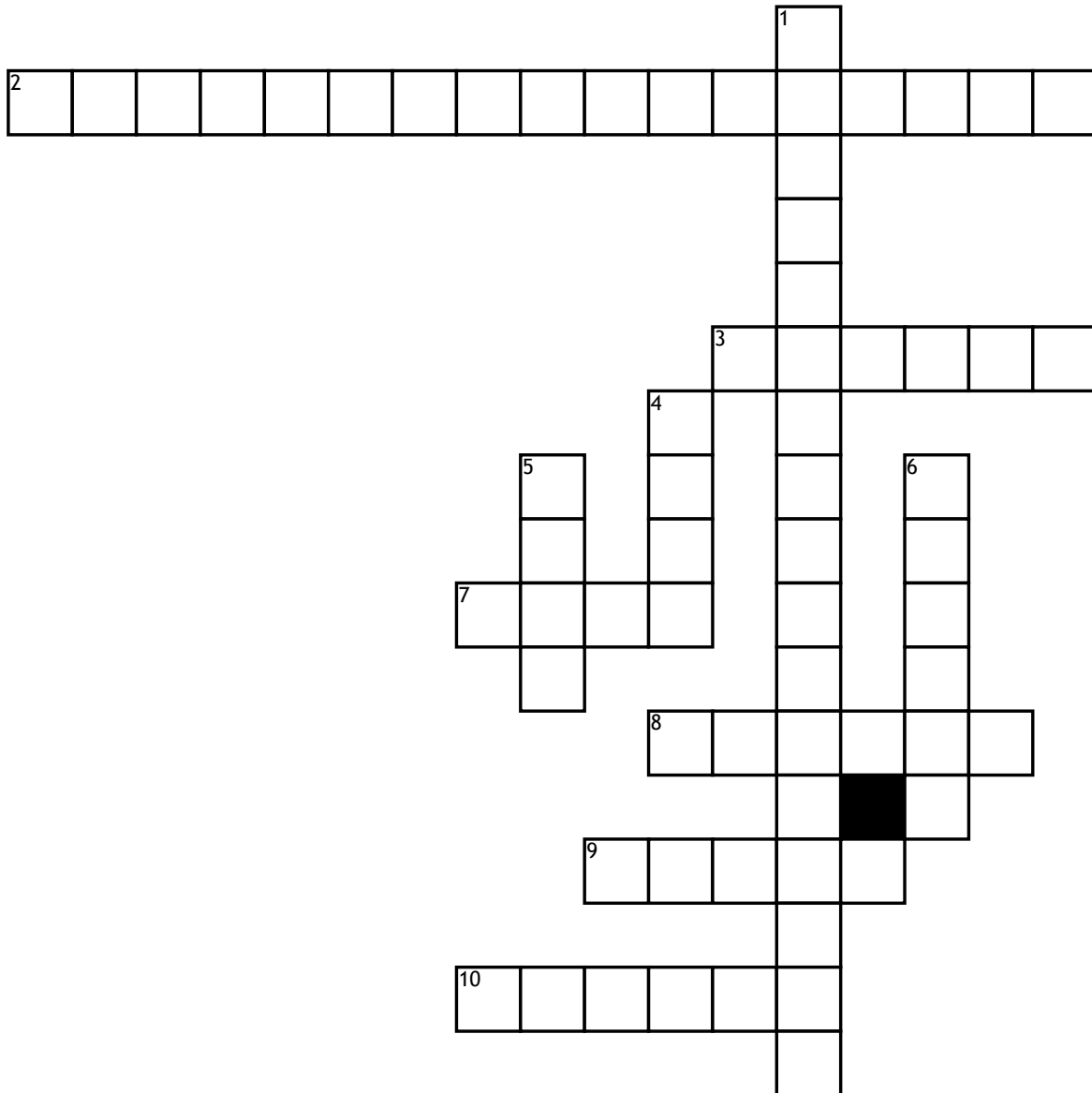


# Cognitive Debate Crossword



**Across**

- 2. In 1998 they found that children 5 years and younger are likely to make wrong identifications as they feel they can't say no.
- 3. In 1995, and McGaugh found that crimes cause adrenaline which can make peoples accounts of what happened more accurate.
- 7. In this year Loftus found that 98% of participants correctly recalled the colour of the stolen item.
- 8. In 1993, they found that when adults were asked to pick a bad guy they picked the person who looked more like a criminal rather than the person who committed the crime.
- 9. In 1997 and Valentine found that children gave fewer correct answers to recall questions than young adults

- 10. They did a study with Cutshall and found that adults who thought they were witnessing a real-life crime gave more accurate results.

**Down**

- 1. In 2006, they found that all age groups are more accurate when identifying someone from that age group.
- 4. The year Davies et al found that children aged 6-7 and 10-11 are less likely to deliberately lie and make stuff up
- 5. The year Cassel and Bjorklund found that some American children gave more correct answers to unbiased questions than some German adults.
- 6. In 1974, Loftus and found that using misleading questions effected that participants answers negatively.