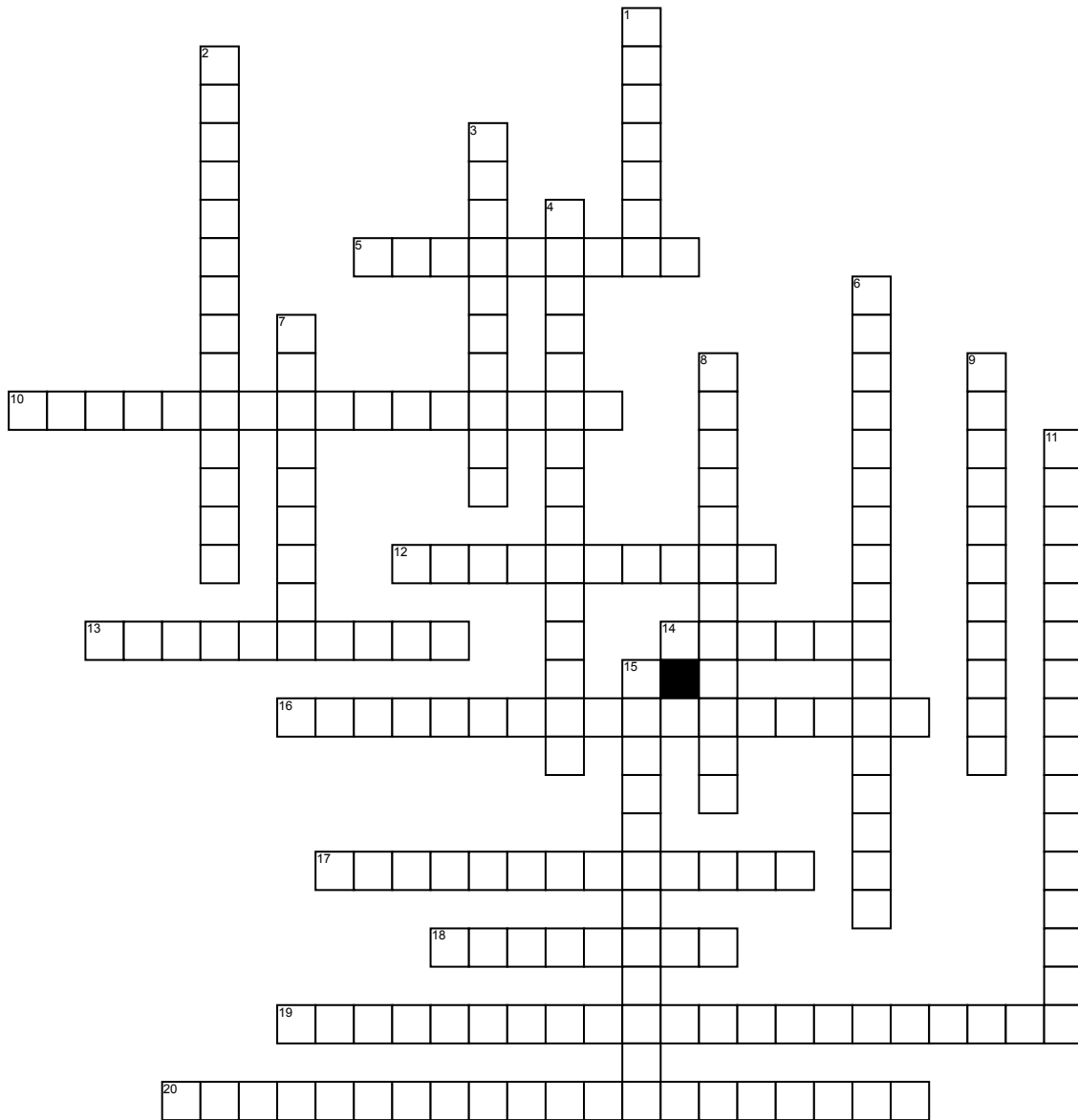


Child Development



Across

- 5.** Any substance or condition that might disrupt prenatal development and cause birth defects.
- 10.** Inability to remember things and events occurring before ages 3 or 4.
- 12.** The infant or child's behavioral style or primary pattern of reacting to the environment.
- 13.** Process of coordinating movements with the large muscles in the body.
- 14.** The biological forces that govern development.
- 16.** Play that involves acting out different social roles or characters.
- 17.** The understanding or knowledge that people have about their own thought process.

- 18.** An arbitrary system of symbols (words) that is rule-governed and allows communication about things that are distant in time and space.
- 19.** Thought characterized by the use of mental representations and intuitive thought.
- 20.** Level of moral reasoning where children do not yet understand that rules are social conventions; children accept the rules of powerful others.

Down

- 1.** The environmental supporters and conditions that impact development. Also refers to learning and experience.
- 2.** Different spheres of influence based on differences that exist between male and female playgroups and affiliations.
- 3.** An emotional tie to a specific other person or people that endures across time and space.

- 4.** Interaction in which toddler playmates take turns imitating each other and are aware that they are being imitated.
- 6.** Parents who are warm but have little control over their children.
- 7.** A thick, yellowish substance in breast milk containing important antibodies.
- 8.** Process in which the zygote embeds itself into the inner lining of the mother's uterus.
- 9.** An American Movement to develop a psychology that was objective and scientific, focusing on the principles of classical conditioning and operant conditioning.
- 11.** Field of study in which researchers from many disciplines work to describe and understand the important changes that take place as children grow through childhood.
- 15.** Genetic limits on the effects of the environment.